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# The Chester News November 20, 1917

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# THE CHESTER NEWS

VOL. 4 CHESTER, S. C., TUESDAY NOVEMBER 20, 1917. NO. 93


## OUR COAST MIGHT FEEL THE SHELL

**Predicted That Submarine Itself Will Be Found to Be Best Defense Against That Craft.**

New York, Nov. 16—Predictions that enemy submarines will soon make their appearance off American ports, that the submarine will be found to be the best antidote for the submarine, and that the great world powers in the near future will have flotillas of "contra-submarines," especially built for operating against undersea craft, were made by speakers who addressed the annual convention of the Society of Naval Architects and Marine Engineers here today.

Simon Lake, the inventor, pointed to the possible danger to American shores from the submarine menace. He cited the trans-Atlantic trips of the merchant submarine Deutschland and the activities of the U-53 off the North Atlantic seaboard as examples of what is possible with the submarine.

Commander E. S. Land of the United States navy, took issue with Mr. Lake when the latter said he did not believe the submarine could be effectively used against the submarine.

"A submarine can fight a submarine as well as a battleship can fight a battleship," said the commander. Though he said foreign tendencies in submarine construction were toward displacements of 2,000, 3,000 and even 5,000 tons, Commander Land declared his belief that craft of the 800-ton type are now being most generally built because of their adaptibility for all-year use.

Merely F. Hay predicted the development of a "contra-submarine," or a submarine-fighting undersea boat which would do most of its work while submerged.

Estimates that Germany had in commission over 700 submarines last May and that she would have in service a total of 1,200 undersea craft by the end of the year, were discredited by Mr. Hay.

"It does not seem possible that Germany had more than 200 submarines in commission last May," he said. "Information at hand would indicate that the actual recent output has been approximately ten submarines a month."

Mr. Hay, in discussing the development of the submarine, declared Germany was the last of the great world powers to admit the desirability or necessity for submarines.

### HENRY FORD JOINS SHIPPING BOARD STAFF

**Becomes Assistant to Vice President of Emergency Fleet Corporation.**

Washington, Nov. 16—Henry Ford joined the staff of the shipping board today to lend his talent for standardization of production in speeding up the building of a merchant fleet. He was made a special assistant to Charles Piez, vice president of the board's emergency fleet corporation.

Mr. Ford will begin work next week. His particular task will be to introduce into shipbuilding the multiple production of methods he has used with such success in producing automobiles. He will give special attention to organization of the manufacture of ship parts.

Already Mr. Ford has begun to turn over to the government the facilities of his plant at Detroit for the manufacture of war materials. His factory is now making 2,500 airplane cylinders, a large number of parts for Liberty motor trucks and soon will be put to making equipment for merchant ships.

The fleet corporation is undergoing a complete reorganization, with widely known business men in charge of its chief departments. They are gradually taking over the work heretofore done by naval officers under Rear Admiral Capps, who, though still serving as general manager of the corporation, is limiting his activities to technical matters.

### BOMB USED AT CONCERT MEANT TO START PANIC

Chicago, Nov. 17—Bomb experts have established that the contrivance set off at the Auditorium theater last night during a performance of grand opera was not of itself expected to do damage, but was evidently intended to start a panic in which many lives would be trampled out.

The so-called bomb, made of a gas pipe with a little loose powder inside "would not have killed a fly," according to Chief of Police Schoettler. The instrument was turned over to the chief by federal authorities today and was examined by them.

### SEEK AN INCREASE IN PAY

**Letter Carriers Direct Attention to Their Status.**

The following article is published on behalf of the National Association of Letter Carriers:

"Every class of workers in the United States has been granted an increase of wages except the postal employes. The letter carriers are a high grade class of employes recruited to the service by a rigid method of selective choice, who perform an important and indispensable service for the people, and that, too, in the only governmental business that shows a profit in operation.

"The scale of wages now paid postoffice clerks and letter carriers was fixed in 1907, more than ten years ago. In the meantime the cost of living has advanced fully 50 per cent. The purchasing price of the dollar has been cut in two. This means that the letter carrier has suffered a 50 per cent reduction in wages. It means just this and nothing else.

"To meet this increased cost of living, there has been a wholesale increase of wages to every other class of workers. In many instances, these increases usually voluntary, aggregate 100 per cent.

"An army of girls are now being hired by the government at Washington as stenographers at an initial salary of $1,000, $1,100 and $1,200 per annum. Carpenters assigned to government work are now receiving a minimum wage of $5.50 for eight hours work, with other trades in comparison. The Navy Department recently set the following scale per day: Blacksmiths $4.90; craneman $3.74; drop forger $5.30 and $5.60. Such wages are universally the rule, not the exception.

"The government has urged private employers to patriotically grant salary increases to avoid labor troubles. In many such instances agents have acted as intermediaries Employes in civil life may enforce their demands for a wage increase by a strike. Postal employes must wait until Congress takes note of their condition and grants relief. It is impossible to believe that Congress will continue to permit the long suffering letter carrier to be an object of special discrimination. It is up to us to see that these facts are laid before the President of the United States, the Postmaster General and every Senator and Representative in Congress as well as the public."

### THE TENANT FARMERS GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY

The present high prices afford the tenant farmer an opportunity that may never come again—an opportunity to buy and own a farm and a home. Cotton, tobacco and peanuts, the South's principal money crops, are bringing record prices and tenant farmers all over the South have more money ahead than they have ever had before. The use to which this surplus is put is going to determine many a man's future—whether he is to remain a tenant farmer or become a home-owner, working his own land and living in the shadow of his own vine and fig tree.

Right now is the time of all times to make the successful effort. Money is more plentiful than we have ever seen it and certainly we will never see Southern farm lands any cheaper than they now are. In fact, out of our very plentitude must come high-priced farm-lands, because of the increased demand for them. Already in the North and West lands at $100 $200 and $300 an acre are practically out of the reach of the poor man. He has not the cash to buy them, and if he buys on credit it is almost impossible for him to keep up the interest payments, let alone paying the principal.

Just so surely as day follows night similar conditions are coming here in the South. Already Southern farm lands in some sections have gone up to $75 and $100 an acre, and it is our firm belief that the present generation will see most of our lands at these figures and even higher. This being the case, now is the tenant's golden opportunity to become a home owner. And the privilege of feeling one's own soil under foot is worth the effort—worth all the saving and privation that may be necessary for, as old Dr. Knapp used to say "the home-owning American farmer is a king in his own right."—The Progressive Farmer.

### THREE THOUSAND MEN ARE ON TARGET RANGES

Spartanburg, S. C., Nov. 16—The twenty-seventh division in training at Camp Wadsworth is now represented by approximately 3,000 men on the Hogback artillery and small arms ranges, twenty-six miles north of the city. The first battalion of the 108th infantry left this morning to join battalions from the 105th infantry and artillery units, who followed detachments of the 107nd engineers and quartermaster corps a few days ago. As yet there is no fixed date for the departure of the remaining units of the division, but it is believed practically all will be under orders to move within a few days.

### MEASLES AMOUNG SOLDIERS

**Men Not Allowed to Go Off Military Reservation and All Amusement Houses Closed.**

Camp Sevier, Greenville, Nov. 16—Maj. L. D. Gasser, acting chief of staff, Thirtieth Division, authorized the following statement tonight:

"Due to an epidemic of measles and meningitis, the soldiers will be quarantined and not permitted to leave the reservation nor visit Greenville, Camp Sevier or Paris.

"All amusement houses in the reservation will be suspended and not permitted to open, including the Y. M. C. A., buildings the Knights of Columbus hall, the "Hostess House" and any other such buildings. The post exchanges will be closed so far as allowing men to enter. They will be required to make openings so that the men can be served on the outside. The usual program of instruction and ammunition and supply will be carried on.

"This quarantine does not prohibit visitors from entering the camp, the object being to prevent men from gathering in closed buildings. The quarantine goes into effect Saturday morning."

Major Gasser stated over the telephone that the situation was not considered serious, but that the quarantine had been decided upon as a precautionary measure. It is believed that the disease will be entirely eradicated in this way in the shortest possible time. The length of the quarantine, Major Gasser thinks, will depend entirely upon the cooperation the men accord the authorities. The quarantine, sweeping in its nature, will be rigidly enforced and apples to officers as well as men.

**It Would Awaken Resentment.**

Is it "hoarding, and is it really harmful, for a householder to have succeeded in getting into his cellar as much coal as it has been his custom to lay in to carry him through the Winter? Not many people in this city or its vicinity have been able to do that, but a considerable number have managed, by using much exertion and paying big prices, to obtain enough fuel to enable them to view at least the first months of Winter without the apprehension of freezing in their homes, and these fortunate ones are now threatened by the local administrator of the coal supply with deprivation of all except a minute fraction of their scanty store.

He will be justified, of course, in carrying out this plan if the situation is or should it become, really desperate—if, that is, suffering from cold will be the portion of many within a few days or weeks unless an immediate division of the available stock on hand is made. To make such a division, however, would be a difficult and expensive process, and it would constitute a penalizing of foresight highly incongruous with our established notions and therefore sure to be resented by those on whom the penalty fell.

It is safe to say that nobody has felt himself put out of the category of good citizens because he bought, if he could, enough coal to keep his family warm till Spring. This regard citizen has always done without a thought that he was "hoarding" and though that in itself is not a decisive reason why he should do it now, it somehow does keep his conscious quiet, unless it is a particularly sensitive one.—New York Times.

### TIGHTENING THE REIN ON ALIENS

**President to Issue Proclamation Outlining Regulations.**

Washington, Nov. 16—Plans for further guarding of the country's war activities against aliens were approved at today's Cabinet meeting and President Wilson will issue a proclamation embodying regulations formulated by the Department of Justice. Enemy aliens may be required to register and the barred zones will be much extended.

Attorney General Gregory, after the Cabinet meeting, refused to discuss the program further than to say that some announcement would be made within a short time, probably tomorrow.

Plans for tightening restrictions on enemy aliens have been under consideration for some time and final consideration has been hastened by frequent fires and explosions, which have occurred recently along the water fronts in New York and other Atlantic coast cities.

Newport News, Va., Nov. 16—United States shipping board officials announced here today that a nautical school is to be opened in this city on or about December 3, for training officers to man the huge merchant fleet now being constructed in this country.

This is the second school the shipping board has placed in this city, the first being a school for the training of men for service on the government fleet of tugs, barges and other craft.

### GERMAN PRISONERS TO GET ONLY WAR RATIONS

**Protests From Americans Against Fare in Internment Camps Will Be Considered.**

Washington, Nov. 17—Possibility of meatless and wheatless days in internment camps, where Germans are being held in this country, grew today as protests were received against the rations served enemies while Americans are denying themselves.

For breakfast today, Germans who are the "guests" of Uncle Sam for the duration of the war had something like this:

Oatmeal with milk, canned sliced peaches, bacon and potatoes, corn bread, coffee.

In camps where the men of the new national army and militia are in training the fare is about the same, varied a little, but no more substantial or appetising. For lunch and dinner the menu for the German prisoners and American soldiers is the same, with plenty of good western beef.

Some officials believe the German rations ought to be reduced, at least to the standard of American folk, who are voluntarily observing meatless and wheatless days. The situation has been called to the attention of the administration and a ruling is likely in the near future.

### FIRED UPON BY MEXICANS

**One American Party of Hunters Painfully Hurt.**

El Paso, Nov. 16—A party of Americans, including a number of El Paso city firemen, was fired upon today by armed Mexicans while hunting on an island in the Rio Grande near Fabens, Texas, thirty-five miles southeast of here, Jay Greaves, of El Paso, was shot through both legs.

There were ten Americans in the party, and according to their story, they were hunting on the island when the Mexicans appeared about 10 o'clock this morning, said forty shots were fired at him. He was not wounded. He said the Mexicans appeared to be soldiers.

Harris said the Americans did not return the fire. They rescued Graves from where he was lying wounded in the water. In the fighting Jesse Manigold, one of the party, was over-powered and robbed of money and part of his clothing, he was said.

The party managed to make its way to a cavalry patrol camp and the soldiers made a rush for the island and the Mexicans dispersed into Mexico, firing as they went. The island is in American territory.

### Why Germany Went Into the War.

Many people, especially those who hold the belief that the causes of every war are economic—in the last analysis a conscious or unconscious desire for more to eat—have been mystified by the fact that Germany deliberately started the present conflict. Both her condition and her prospects were in contradiction with the economic theory of war, for obviously the condition of Germany in 1914 was enviable and her prospects brilliant.

She had demonstrated beyond the possibility of doubt her ability as manufacturer and trader to hold her own, and more, in peaceful competition with the other manufacturing and trading nations of the world. Her mercantile marine not only had increased, more rapidly than that of any other nation, and her ships entered the ports of every sea on equal terms with those of her rivals. More than that, they were steadily taking away business from the oldest of those rivals.

At home her rather barren land had become able, indirectly if not directly, to support an enormous population, considering the area of her territory, and any German who found or fancied himself cramped for room was free to go where he would, sure of a welcome anywhere and in confident expectation of receiving the respect and even the affection of his new neighbors. Of "race prejudice" he encountered none, however far he might wander, and he was allowed either to assimilate or to remain the member of a distinct group, as pleased him best.

In short, Germany had earned and won that "place in the sun" of which so much has been heard of late, and she had not one of the grievances which so many other nations can allege with more or less justice—not even the grievance of incompetence, which is perhaps the bitterest of all. And it was to improve this state of affairs that she risked everything she had by declaring what she knew, or should have known, was war against the rest of the world!

The explanation of this mystery was given in a single sentence of President Wilson's Buffalo speech: "They were not content with success by superior achievement; they wanted success by authority." That sentence, expanded, would be a complete exposition of German psychology.

### MEASLES AND PNEUMONIA

**Chief Ailments of Soldiers at Various Cantonments.**

Washington, Nov. 16—Detail reports of health condition in National Guard and national army camps for the week ending November 9, made public today, show measles and pneumonia predominating among the ailments which have laid men in the hospitals. The sick and injured rate in the National Guard camps, was 33.9 per thousand and in the national army camps, 22.4.

In National Guard camps Northern troops showed much less sickness from diseases of communicable nature.

In the national army camps the same comparison prevailed except at Camp Funston, Fort Riley, Kan., which had twenty-four new cases of pneumonia and nine new cases of meningitis during the week.

There is considerable increase in measles at Camps Doniphan, and Beauregard. Thirty-four new cases of pneumonia were reported at Camp Wheeler and thirty-three at Camp Bowie. Camp Pike had 683 cases of measles, and seventy-six of pneumonia. Camp Jackson had 370 cases of measles. The measles cases are reported mild and the mortality rate from pneumonia low.

### SCOTLAND COUNTY NEGRO "INVENTS" A NEW DRINK

**Selling Fermented Skimmings From Cane Mill Gets Buyers Drunk and McCullough in Trouble.**

Laurinburg, N. C., Nov. 18—George McCullough, of the Hasty section of Scotland county, a negro owning and operating a cane mill, making syrup from cane raised in the neighborhood, recently evolved a scheme for making money faster out of the product of his mill than was legitimate, according to the officers of the law, and as a result is a fugitive from justice while two mules and a wagon of his, found at the mill by the officers, are held awaiting his return. Also seven barrels of the new product of the mill are held by the officers, who made a raid on the plant Saturday, following reports of excessive drunkenness in the Hasty section. According to the officers, McCullough had for some time been selling at $1.50 per gallon the fermented skimmings from the boiling cane juice, containing a large per cent of alcohol, when fermented. Some time ago they had warned him against making the stuff, it is said, and he stopped it for a while, but recently began it again, with the result that he is now wanted by the officers on charge of violation of the prohibition law, if nothing worse.

### LABOR MAY DISCUSS NONPARTISAN ISSUES

**Gompers Says There Is Nothing in Constitution to Prevent Debate.**

Buffalo, N. Y., Nov. 17—The American Federation of Labor today adopted a resolution to call future national conventions in the second week of June. In the debate a suggestion of political significance after the change was brought out. President Gompers said after the vote had been taken that there was nothing in the constitution of the federation to prevent discussion of nonpartisan subjects. Any subject of nation-wide importance relating especially to the welfare of the workers of the country he considered a proper matter for consideration.

In response to a resolution unanimously adopted President Gompers named a committee to report on the alleged shortage of labor existing in some parts of the country.

Resolutions for the appointment of organizers to form locals of office workers and stenographers were adopted by the convention. The unionizing of city firemen was approved.

A resolution recommending the abolition of all private employment bureaus and the enactment of laws providing that all labor be employed through the national free employment bureau of the United States department of labor, was approved without debate.

**That Telephone Smile**

"Do you always keep your temper when you telephone?"

"Sure! Other day a man called me and said, 'You don't know who this is talking, do you?'

"Didn't that bust you up?"

"Yep. But I simply said, 'No, and I don't care,' and hung up the receiver."

**The Weekly Club Calendar.**

**Tuesday.**

4 P. M.—Church Day.

**Thursday.**

4 P. M.—Civic League will meet at the Chamber of Commerce room.

**Friday.**

4 P. M.—The Palmetto Literary Club will meet with Mrs. A. G. Brice.

### INDUSTRIES WILL HAVE SQUARE DEAL

**No Elimination of Business Without Full Hearing, Lovett and Garfield Declare—Garfield Hopes Voluntary Economy Will Be Sufficient for Fuel Conservation.**

Washington, Nov. 17—Arbitrary elimination of industries regarded as non-essential to save coal and rail transportation will be undertaken by the government only after every business threatened has been given full hearing.

This was made clear today by Robert S. Lovett, director of priority of transportation, and Fuel Administrator Garfield in statements replying to the recommendation of the railroad war board that coal and transportation be denied immediately to more than 500 commodities.

Mr. Lovett declared he contemplated no early action designed to cut off transportation to any industry. He added, however, that conditions might change, and that if the shortage requires that coal be denied some industries, he will issue at the request of Dr. Garfield, orders shutting down on shipments to any named industries.

Mr. Lovett issued this statement:

"While the situation may change, yet I am not at this time contemplating any further action with respect to transportation of non-essential priority order No. 2 with regard to open-top cars went as far as it seemed wise to go in dealing with that problem by restricting the transportation of non-essentials.

"Conditions, however, will be constantly observed. Whether the coal shortage requires restriction of the coal supply of non-essential industries is a question for the fuel administrator.

"I feel safe in saying that the board will take no action designed to eliminate any non-essential industries without reasonable notice and an opportunity to be heard."

Dr. Garfield's statement said:

"If voluntary economy on the part of industrial and domestic consumers added to the increased coal production of 1917, which will reach a total of over 50,000,000 tons, does not provide fuel enough for the war and to keep our people warm there will come a time when some limitation will have to be imposed upon manufacturers of non-essential war products. In such an event the business world may feel sure that all the bearings of such limitations will be given through consideration and that the necessary coal will be obtained with the least possible interference with industry.

"Arbitrary limitation is a last resort and to be avoided if possible. In many cases industrial concerns have already begun a voluntary curtailment of their use of coal. Such efforts will receive the fullest support and encouragement of the fuel administration, including technical advice on the use of fuel. As I have stated before the fuel administration is determined that sufficient coal for the war, for public utilities and for domestic consumers shall be provided for.

"The way to prevent those losses incident upon limitation of industries is for every consumer of coal to cut of waste and unnecessary consumption with an iron hand."

### LOANS MADE TO FARMERS,

**Over Three Million Let Out During October.**

Washington, Nov. 17—Loans of $3,374,000 were made to farmers in October under the federal farm loan system, raising the total paid out since the system's inauguration fifteen months ago to $21,000,000. The Federal Farm Loan Board's report today showed that the demand for loans was four times the amount actually paid.

Loans applied for by States include: Virginia, $9,208,743; North Carolina, $6,132,419; South Carolina, $5,320,787; Georgia, $2,525,287, and Florida $5,790,307.

Applications to the Columbia federal farm bank total $19,968,806, while the loans closed amount to $620,280.

### NAVAL BATTLE REPORTED.

**British Engage German Light Cruisers Off Helgoland.**

London, Nov. 17—British light forces today engaged German light cruisers off Helgoland the British admiralty announced today. The German warships retired and the British forces are now chasing them.

The announcement follows:

"British light forces operating in Helgoland Bight have been engaged with German light forces this morning. The only information we have received thus far is that our vessels have engaged enemy light cruisers, that the latter have retired at high speed and that our vessels are in pursuit."

## PEACE IN 1918 NOT POSSIBLE

**Russia's Collapse and Unreadiness of United States—Make Hopeless Thoughts of Peace Before 1919, in the Opinion of McCormick.**

Chicago, Nov. 18—Russia's collapse and the unreadiness of the United States make hopeless any thoughts of peace before 1919, in the opinion of Medill McCormick, Congressman-at-large of Illinois, who has just returned from a visit to most of the important fronts of the European battle line. Mr. McCormick in a statement tonight, said:

"The Germans are not winning the war.

"Neither are we.

"The war presents a stalemate from which we are unable to extricate ourselves, because of the collapse of Russia and the unreadiness of the United States.

"Nowhere in Europe did I find an informed soldier or public man who believed that a military decision could be achieved before 1919, when the United States might add effectively to pressure on the central empires. There is practically no hope that Russia can be useful during 1918. Russia is so disordered that she cannot make war. Happily, in all probability, neither can she make peace.

"The resources of the central powers have been energetically spent. They are bleeding terribly. But they act with greater energy, unity and skill than their enemies. Thus they made a seemingly successful drive into Italy. The real object of their political foray into Venetia was partly to make camouflage to conceal their steady losses from Verdun to Paschendale, and partly to provoke revolution in Italy.

"The Italians were under-gunned, neither had they enough ammunition. But even so they would not have been driven back as they were if two or three divisions, debauched by the spy system of Germany, had not thrown down their arms.

"The French and British have a moderate preponderance in guns, and man for man, they outfight the Germans.

"While there are still excellent German divisions in Flanders, there was an appreciable diminution in the morale and the physical quality of the German troops by the French and British fronts. At the battle of the Chemin-des-Dames, the German batteries were so drenched with fire that they were unable to reply. With mathematical exactness, the French took the terrain. Hundreds and hundreds of heavy guns were employed to wreck the enemy defenses before the advance was made, so, at last, when the infantry went forward, they did so with unbelievably small losses. This is an artillery and industrial war. That must never be forgotten. Above all heavy guns are necessary—heavy guns, with their obvious complements of aircraft and rail transportation, but heavy guns and still more heavy guns; 25,000 cannon to be made in American factories and shipped to France before March 1, 1919. This is the essence of victory, and great guns offer the only means by which it can be won.

"The issue of this war will be decided in Washington and by the foreafes of America.

"The splendid little American army which already has crossed the seas rendered a great service when the echo of the first American feet on the soil of France carried to every home the promise that that strength and still more the industrial genius of America would bring succor to France.

"I say very earnestly that we must have greater co-ordination of effort. We must have a true war council such as does not exist in Washington—a council of men, who represent in the greatest degree the energy and the genius of America. It will be fruitless if we are ready late."

### AN ANNUAL TREAT.

This attraction has become so well known to lovers of clean, enjoyable minstrelsy that the usual press advertisement would seem unnecessary. They always bring an entirely new performance each season in which goldene and up to the minute features are cleverly intermingled in a real minstrel melange which never disappoints or becomes tiresome. This season's scenic first part, representing the "Bonesse Club" at Honolulu, in which the soloists, endmen, dancers and that clever kingpin, Charlie Gano, as the "Chief," present the latest and best in minstrelsy, is said to be the best of any their carried by this company. Lucas, Clegord, Post and Lynch are also with the show and a big vaudeville olio of special acts, closing with Gano's latest travesty, "Darktown Submarine Destroyers," which is said to be a scream. At the Opera House on Friday, November 23.

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W. W. PEGRAM
STEWART L. CASSELS

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TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 20.

We now have meatless days and wheatless days and before long we will doubtless be experiencing sockless days.

Since the postoffice department has decided to put on women carriers in some cities one can look for delayed mails—Takes sometime to read all the post cards, you know.

Abe Martin says, "About the only funny thing about the war is to see a girl on the street looking hungry, wearin' a fourteen dollar pair of shoes."

We have about come to the conclusion that shoe manufacturers are partly responsible for the high price of paper. We notice a lot of paper heels appearing on ten dollar shoes.

### THE PEOPLE'S HEALTH.

The people of Chester and Chester county will be given the opportunity of having the health of every citizen in the county looked after by one who is competent to do so if they so desire. It is useless for one to say that the health of any community is one of supreme importance. Good health is man's greatest asset, we all know.

Men are in Chester county today demonstrating the population the importance of sanitation and we are glad to know these men are receiving the cooperation of the people.

If the Chester county delegation will appropriate $2,000 the State will appropriate a like amount and so will the Rockefeller Institute, making a total of $6,000 per annum to be used in looking after the health of the entire county. This is the smallest amount for which we can receive the entire time of a county health officer, with assistants. However, if we should desire to appropriate a larger amount we could do so, and a like amount would be appropriated by the State and also the Rockefeller Institute.

It is to be hoped the citizens of the county will give the health matter serious consideration and recommend that the county delegation make the appropriation.

### HELL ON EARTH.

Below we are publishing a paragraph from an article which appeared in the New York Times of Wednesday, over the signature of Wm. St. Clair Stobart. Mr. Stobart has been active as a suffragist in England and was in 1913 a candidate for membership in the London County Council. She commanded a hospital detachment with the Bulgarian army in Thrace in the Balkan war, with the rank of Major commanded the First Serbian-English Field Hospital in the present war, and while engaged in hospital work in Belgium in August 1914, was captured by Germans and condemned to death as a spy.

The following, written by one who has been on the scene, will give our readers an idea of just how barbarious the Germans are.

"In Belgium, in France, and in Serbia I have seen the result of German rule in conquered lands, and I know that it means literally hell on earth. In Serbia, with rank of Major in the Serbian Army, I commanded a flying field hospital column throughout the three months of the Serbian retreat, and in the final flight over the mountains of Montenegro and Albania saw the dead and dying bodies of thousands whose lives will have been sacrificed in vain if the freedom of their country is not won. Out of a population of four millions, less than two million are now living, and they account those happiest who are dead. All the children under two years old have perished. Out of one little band of 30,000 Serbian boys who tried to reach the coast during the retreat 24,000 left their bones upon the mountains. The committee appointed during the first invasion of Serbia beat the German records in Belgium. Civilians were massacred, villages destroyed, women and children were driven into buildings, wounded that they should not escape, and the buildings set ablaze. In another case 100 people were pinioned, surrounded by wire coil, and placed at the edge of a deep pit; they were then fired upon, and fell, pele mele, into the pit, which was immediately filled up with earth, burying 50 per cent of them alive. Meanwhile, another party, composed chiefly of women and children, were dragged up to witness the execution, and at the finish were made to throw up their arms and shout "Long live the Emperor Francis Joseph!"

### GERMANY'S DEFEAT.

**Responsibility on France, England and America.**

It is not impossible to defeat Germany, declares The New Republic. Her defeat will come through no miracle, but through perseverance under suffering and loss of the three Allied nations that combine industrial power with military fitness and have no particular interests to misdirect their efforts. France, England and the United States. The responsibility of the three nations is a heavy one. Upon themselves rests all hope of an international order based upon free cooperation, instead of upon subservience and autocratic hegemony. England and France are alive to the responsibility. They are putting forth their maximum efficiencies. We are doing much, but we must do more, and quickly. With Italy, we have suffered defeat, but it is the character of a great nation to meet defeat with few evidence of exolution, new exhibitions of energy. German fighting morale has been heightened, but when is the course of months it becomes clear to Germany that the morale of her enemies (all) been heightened she will again ask herself. Of what profit are victories in subsidiary fields, the crushing of weaker nations when we cannot shake off the tightening grip of the armies at our own gates?

### ONE CENT A WORD COLUMN

**For Sale**—My 7 room house on Columbia Street. Modern conveniences, Mrs. S. P. Wright.

**Farm Loans**—Long term loans negotiated on farm lands at exceptionally low rate interest. No expense to be paid in advance by borrower, and no inspector's fee. M. C. Fudge—Loan Correspondent, Chester, S. C. 11-tf.

**Wanted**—At once, a stenographer. Call at the office of Southern Mfg. Co. 16-20.

**Wanted**—Twenty girls over six teen years old, to sew making overalls. Also two boys over sixteen. Call or write the Southern Mfg. Co. 16-20.

**For Rent**—One horse farm. See Mrs. M. E. Bigham, Chester, S. C. 21-tf.

**Going Some**—Johnson's Carbon Remover, sold by A. H. Wherry, is now being bought by many Chester automobile owners. It cleans the carbon from your engine without any trouble and the cost is less than one-fourth the price charged by a mechanic. It is guaranteed to do the work. The Packard Automobile people recommend it for their cars. You know it must be good.

**All Leather** shoes at Klutts Department Store at last year's small prices. Buy your shoes at Klutts and save money. 20

**Want You to Know** Klutts sell Octagon soap at 5 cents, Arbuckle coffee 20 cents, kerosene 13 cents a gallon, White House coffee 3 pound cans, 90 cents. 20

**Men's Good Grade Socks** 10 cents a pair at Klutts Department Store and 35 cents wool socks at 25 cents. 20.

**The Well Known** corn mill of W. Holmes Hardin Sr., is now installed in the Pryor Mill, rear of the Pryor Building. Bring us your corn to grind. One large and one small mill. We give quick and good service. In operation every day. Edward Grant Miller. T-tf.

**Lost**—Hand bag between home of Mr. W. F. Burdell and Mr. W. L. Triplett, on Saluda road. Finder please return to The News office.

### NEW SOUTHERN SCHEDULE.

As stated in The News Tuesday the Southern Railway will put trains 26 and 35 back on the schedule next Sunday, November 11th. Effective Sunday the schedule at Chester will be as follows:

| Southbound. | |
|---|---|
| No. 27 | 6:43 P. M |
| No. 31 | 8:17 A. M |
| No. 36 | 6:38 A. M |

| Northbound. | |
|---|---|
| No. 28 | 3:40 P. M |
| No. 32 | 6:14 P. M |
| No. 36 | 7:43 A. M |

### The Warring Sun.

Bursting the rim of night and from the dark emerging red with race at the conspiracy directed toward extinction of its light, the autumn sun arises in the East. A fiery monster casting out the flames that burn the clouds to ashes leaving them as litter in its wake to gray the skies, the sun of autumn rises. And its pride is amply filled as throne whose crystal glow is circled with the rainbow tints of matchless lawn. From such aspiting start one might suppose the sun in autumn to fall glory risen. Instead the sun is conscious of its waning power and from the spurt with which it gives the firmament the colors brilliant as the foliaged trees, it passes into a dull and flaccid light, an orb already half extinguished by the cold.

The winter comes and with it comes the cold. The winter comes and challenges the sun. The winter comes and with diminished glow the sun sinks back behind the fine meshed veil of atmosphere that breaks its horrid rays and sifts them to the earth but scarcely warm. The sun is losing power and on the wane. The sun with summer labors all per fumed is yet no beaten foe, defeated power. For were the sun indeed to conquest brought the winter would impose its icy cap upon the zone whose temperature saves the world from ice and chill and death as at the poles. The sun diminished and with waning power is still the sun with ever regnant rays. The distance of retreat the winter brings does not imply defeat for its warm zeal and service to the earth, its settled charge.

So let the sun its wadening circles swing its orbit yet includes the earth and warmth, and winter that no mercy shows is still in shackles to the sun its deadly foe. They are but friends inconstant of the sun who see its wane and then with thick lament affirms all power the sistent winter wields. The glory of the sun at break of dawn is glory that the autumn may not miss, promise steadfast from the faithful orb that earth shall yet survive the winter's cold and garnished be with flowers the summer sun gives birth.

**Be sure and deposit your coupons by November 24th as this is the last day that we receive coupons in player piano contest.**

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| No. 1—165 | | No. 2—53 | |
| No. 3— 1 | | No. 4— 22 | |
| No. 5— 4 | | No. 6—167 | |
| No. 7—157 | | No. 8— 19 | |
| No. 9— 68 | | No. 10—166 | |
| No. 11—129 | | No. 12— 48 | |
| No. 13— 11 | | No. 14— 15 | |
| No. 15—168 | | No. 16—153 | |
| No. 17— 64 | | No. 18— 2 | |
| No. 19— 52 | | No. 20— 61 | |
| No. 21— 79 | | No. 22— 80 | |
| No. 23— 3 | | No. 24—164 | |
| | | No. 25—160 | |

Mr. F. A. Feuchtenberger was awarded the prize November 17th.


LOWRANCE BROS
153 Gadsden St.


### BUY WAR SAVINGS STAMPS

**On Sale December 3rd in Million Establishments.**

Washington, Nov. 17—Plans for placing war savings stamps on sale in at least a million establishments for the campaign opening December 3, were made today by the treasury officials and the war savings committee. Schools and groceries, cigar stands and other retail stores will not be required to buy the stamps, but may obtain them on consignment for sale. This scheme is expected to result in the participation in the savings movement of many thousands of small dealers who otherwise could not afford adequate investment to keep a supply of the stamps on hand.

The stamps and certificates will be distributed through two principal channel, the postoffice system and the banks. Plans will be worked out within two weeks to permit virtually any retail dealers to go to a bank or postoffice, give bond as security and take a quantity of the stamps to sell. Contracts may be made by some State campaign managers to give exclusive sale of the stamps to certain establishments with the understanding that they give special attention to advertising.

### NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that on December 15th, 1917 at 11 A. M. I will make my final return as Administrator of the Estate of John B. Tennant, Sr., deceased and apply to the Probate Court of Chester County to be finally discharged as such Administrator.

J. M. TENNANT,
Administrator.
November 15th, 1917.

### ADMINISTRATION NOTICE.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA
COUNTY OF CHESTER.

By A. W. Wise, Esquire, Probate Judge.

Whereas, Mrs. May H. Ehrlich made suit to me to grant her Letters of Administration of the Estate of and effects of A. Ehrlich, deceased.

These are, therefore, to cite and admonish all and singular the kindred and creditors of the said A. Ehrlich, deceased, that they be and appear before me, in the Court of Probate, to be held at my office, in Chester, S. C., on 5th day of December 1917 next after publication hereof, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any they have, why the said Administration should not be granted.

Given under my hand, this 20th day of November, A. D. 1917.

A. W. WISE,
Judge of Probate.

Published on the 20th day of November, 1917 in The Chester News.
31-20-27-4.

Plenty of Light Where You Want It

Buy a lamp that is built to give mellow flickerless light—a lamp that can be lighted as easily as a gas jet.

RAYO LAMPS

are not expensive but you can't buy better lamps at any price. Simple and artistic in design, easy to keep clean and re-wick, they give plenty of light where you want it.

It will pay to ask for Rayo Lamps by name. If your local dealer does not carry them write to our nearest station.

Aladdin Security Oil guarantees best results from lamps, stores and heaters.

STANDARD OIL COMPANY
(New Jersey)
BALTIMORE, MD.
Washington, D. C. Norfolk, Va. Richmond, Va. Charlotte, N. C. Charleston, W. Va. Charleston, S. C.

FOLLOW THE CROWD

To W. R. NAIL'S 5-10-25 and about $1.00 Limit Store.

New Goods arriving almost daily. While out shopping take a peep into our four large show windows. You are cordially invited to make our store your headquarters while in the city. Don't Fail to see our Furniture Department.

W. R. NAIL
Near City Hall.

RODMAN-BROWN COMPANY

A REMARKABLE SALE OF FALL DRESSES

BEGINNING TOMORROW MORNING WEDNESDAY, NOV. 21ST.

We will place on sale all fall and winter dresses worth up to $17.50. These dresses are in Satins and Serges. Most all the wanted shades.

YOUR CHOICE $10.00 EACH.

None sent on Approval.

A Big Reduction on Ladies' Coat Suits and Coats.

Just received another fine lot of beautiful Brown Shoes. Military heels and Louis heels. Reasonably priced.

Rodman-Brown Co.

The Hot Hustler Racket

Look for the Red Front in the Valley!

INDICATIONS POINT TO HIGHER PRICES FOR THE REMAINDER OF THIS YEAR, BUT DUE TO THE FACT THAT WE BOUGHT EXTREMELY HEAVY BEFORE THE MARKET REACHED ITS PRESENT HIGH STAGE, WE ARE GOING TO SPILL A BUNCH OF BARGAINS IN DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, IN FACT, EVERY THING WE HAVE IN THE NEXT FEW WEEKS. SO BE ON HAND AND GET YOUR PART OF THE BARGAINS. BELOW WE MENTION JUST A FEW OF THE MANY BARGAINS WE HAVE:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Good Heavy Outing, all colors | 15c yard | Men's Good Heavy Fleeced Lined Drawers to match | 69c |
| Good Amoskeag Ginghams | 15c yard | Children's Union Suits | 48c |
| Men's Good Hats, all colors | 98c | Children's Better Union Suits | 98c |
| Men's Better Hats, all colors | $1.48 | Ladies' Long Coats | $4.98 |
| Men's Still Better Hats | $1.98 and $2.48 | Ladies' Better Long Coats | $7.48, $8.48, $9.98, $10.48, 12.48, 12.98 and $14.98. |
| Men's Good Shoes in Lace or Button | $2.48 | Ladies' Sport Coats | $5.98 |
| Men's Better Shoes $2.98, $3.48, $3.98, and | $5.00 | Men's Pants | $1.48 |
| Ladies' Good Shoes Lace or Button | $2.25 | Men's Better Pants | $2.48 and $2.98 |
| Ladies' Better Shoes $2.98, $3.48 and up. | | Good Wool Serge, all colors | 48c a yard |
| Men's Good Sweaters | 98c | Good Cotton Serge | 30c and 35c a yard. |
| Men's Better Sweaters $1.48 and $1.98 | | Children's Caps, all colors and styles 25c and 48c | |
| Ladies' Good Sweaters | 93c | | |
| Ladies' Better Sweaters $1.48, $1.98 and $2.48 | | | |
| Men's Good Heavy Fleeced Lined Undershirts, 69c | | | |

LOOK FOR THE RED FRONT IN THE VALLEY.

THE HOT HUSTLER RACKET

D. E. ESTES, President Chester, S. C.

AFTER THE COLD WALK HOME

The glowing comfort dispensed by the Perfection Oil Heater is mighty welcome. It lights instantly, warms any ordinary room in no time, and is easily carried wherever it is needed. Invaluable for the between seasons of fall and spring and for providing extra comfort in very cold weather.

Now used in over 3,000,000 homes.

For best results use Aladdin Security Oil.

STANDARD OIL COMPANY
(New Jersey)
Washington, D. C. Norfolk, Va. Richmond, Va. BALTIMORE MD. Charlotte, N. C. Charleston, W. Va. Charleston, S. C.

THE BIG STORE

# SPECIAL PRICES

ON

## Ladies' Coat Suits and Serge and Silk Dresses

Now is the time to get your Coat Suit or Dress.
We have just what you want.
Call and see them.

## The S. M. Jones Company

## LOCAL and PERSONAL

Cotton 29c.

**Expert Mechanic**—We now have an expert automobile mechanic and solicit your patronage. Has had four years experience in the Ford factory. Vestal Motor Co.

The 164th Infantry, formerly the First North Dakota, which has been stationed at Camp Greene, near Charlotte for the past three months, has departed. The destination of the troops has not been made public.

"Polly Of The Circus" at the Dreamland today only.

The Chester Vulcanizing Works have opened a vulcanizing plant in the Gadsden building, on Valley street. Mr. C. C. Young is proprietor of the new business and will be pleased to receive the patronage of Chester automobile owners.

Mr. Paul Hardin returned to the city Sunday from a business trip to Cleveland, Ohio. Mr. Hardin states that several of the large automobile manufacturers of the country are taking on large contracts for war orders and the result will probably be a curtailment in the production of automobiles.

**Today**—"Polly Of The Circus" Phone us for exact starting hours. The Dreamland.

Every man or woman whose net income is over $1,000 a year, regardless of the fact that they may be exempted from paying the personal income tax, will be required to file a return with the internal revenue collector, it was stated Saturday. For instance, a married man with a net income of $2,000 will not have to pay any tax as that amount is exempt, but he will be required to file a return. If he were single his tax, 2 per cent on the amount above $1,000, would be $20. The law is effective as of January 1, 1917, and returns must be filed for all income received during the calendar year of 1917, the returns being required to be filed on or before March 1, 1918, for the year 1917.

**Don't Forget**, "Polly Of The Circus," the big show, at the Dreamland today only.

Rev. J. C. McNeil of Camp Jackson will preach in Purity Presbyterian Church Sunday morning and night, November 25th. Services in the Sunday School Auditorium. A warm welcome awaits all, who will come to hear this interesting and inspiring preacher.

**Don't Forget** we are selling tablets 3 for 10c. Chester Hardware Co.

Mr. Paul Ferguson, of the Wylie's Mill section, spent yesterday in Rock Hill.

**Roast Your Turkey** in one of our Self Basting Roasters, it will be better. Chester Hardware Co.

The Central Hotel, of Charlotte, will re-open next Monday, after a complete renovation and the installation of new furniture and fixtures.

**The Model Roaster** is just the thing for your Thanksgiving Turkey. Chester Hardware Co.

**New Ladies'** shirt waists just arrived at Clouds.

Mr. M. B. Massey, a well-known citizen of Rock Hill, died at his home in that city Sunday afternoon after several weeks of illness. He was about sixty-five years of age. He is survived by his wife, one daughter, Miss Margaret, of Rock Hill, and three sons, Messrs. Neely and Grady Massey, of Waxhaw, and Mr. Hoke Massey, of Rock Hill.

**For Fresh Meat** go to John T. Poag's Market, Gadsden street, 16-2p.

Misses Sallie and Evelyn Sanders and Mamie Kirkpatrick spent Sunday at Bascomville with Mrs. Ella Stone.

**New Shipment** Ladies' coats just arrived. Call and see them. E. E. Cloud.

Mr. John Lewis Orr who has been with the Ritter Lumber Co., at Mortimer, N. C., is spending a few days in the city with relatives. Mr. Orr has been transferred to Proctor, N. C., where he will go in a few days.

**Special Prices** on coat suits and dresses at The S. M. Jones Co.

Mr. Jas. H. Glenn, chairman for Chester County, reports that approximately $3,600.00 has been reported for the Y. M. C. A. war fund in Chester county up to this morning and that about sixteen precincts throughout the county are yet to be heard from. The various soliciting committees report that the people of Chester county have been very liberal in their contributions to this worthy cause. Mr. Glenn is preparing a complete list of those who subscribed which will be published in The News of Friday.

Mr. A. H. Wherry has again taken on the agency for the Overland automobile in addition to the agency for the Buick.

**Special Prices** on ladies' serge and silk dresses. The S. M. Jones Co.

While cranking a Ford Sunday morning Max Barton had the misfortune to be "kicked" breaking both bones in his right arm.

**Big Load Sale**—C. D. Crosby place. Don't forget the day, tomorrow at 11 o'clock.

Mr. R. M. Burris, salesman for the Bradman-Brown Co., was severely burned about the face last Sunday due to an explosion of gasoline. Mr. Burris along with others was having trouble with an automobile and a match was struck which ignited the gasoline leaking from the carburetor. The fact that Mr. Burris wears glasses doubtless saved his eye sight.

**Want A Farm**—If so attend C. D. Crosby land sale tomorrow at 11 o'clock.

**C. D. Crosby Land Sale** tomorrow at 11 o'clock on the ground. Be there rain or shine.

**Special Prices** on Ladies' coat suits at Clouds.

**Will Sell** to highest bidder C. D. Crosby's land tomorrow at 11 o'clock on the ground. This is your chance to buy a farm cheap.

**Special Prices** on ladies' coat suits at The S. M. Jones Co.

The case of Curtis vs the Lancaster & Chester Railway, which went to the jury last Friday evening resulted in a verdict in favor of the railway company. The suit was in connection with the erection of the bridge over Catawba river near Fort Lawn.

**Now Is The Time** to get your coat suit or dress at The S. M. Jones Co.

Mr. Alex B. Craig, who has been bookkeeper for Sims & Carter for some time, has accepted a position with the Fennell Motor Co.

**When In Need** of fresh meat call at Elliott's Market. ei-tf.

The hearing with reference to the Seaboard passenger station, in this city, is scheduled for tomorrow. The hearing is to be held in Columbia in the offices of the South Carolina Railroad Commission.

We are requested to state that there will be an oyster supper at the home of Mr. J. G. Knox, at Knox's Station, Thursday night, for the benefit of the school. The public is invited to attend.

**For Sale**—Lots, dwellings, warehouses, factory sites, waterpowers, orchard and farm lands. L. T. Nichols, Chester, S. C. T-tf.

There are a number of people who subscribed to The Red Cross war fund who have not as yet paid their subscriptions, all of which are now due. Those who have not paid are requested to do so as early as possible in order that all subscriptions may be cleared. Check can be mailed to Mr. R. B. Caldwell, chairman.

Corporal Clyde O'Donnell, who is now located at Camp Sevier, near Greenville, is spending a few days in the county with relatives.

The Cornwell School Improvement Association will give an oyster supper Thursday night, November 22 at the home of Mr. W. O. McKeown, Sr. The public is cordially invited.

**$25.00 Stylepius Suits** at $17 at Klutts'. See those wool suits at $8.50.

Mr. J. B. Frazier, Jr., of Blairs, was a Chester visitor yesterday.

**Remember** we have fresh meat of all kinds at all times. Elliott's Market. ei-tf.

Mr. F. A. Dunlap, of Rock Hill, spent yesterday in Chester.

**You Can Get** the best meat in town at Elliott's Market. ei-tf.

Mr. W. A. Stewart, of Rock Hill, is a Chester visitor today.

**Expert Mechanic**—We now have an expert automobile mechanic and solicit your patronage. Has had four years experience in the Ford factory. Vestal Motor Co.

A number of parties throughout the county have lost stock within the past few weeks from pneumonia, which appears to be somewhat of an epidemic. Parties who have stock and who wish to evade the epidemic should take the matter up with Dr. J. E. Cornwell and have their stock vaccinated against the disease.

**Do You Expect** 312 citizens of Chester to do all the Red Cross work. The organization needs all your help. Join today.

The members of the Chester County Teacher's Association held their monthly meeting at the Witherow School on College street Saturday, with a large number present. A number of excellent addresses were delivered. Lunch was served by the girls of the senior class of the domestic class of the High School.

**Expert Mechanic**—We now have an expert automobile mechanic and solicit your patronage. Has had four years experience in the Ford factory. Vestal Motor Co.

**Greatest Stock Of Rugs** in Chester at Klutts'.

Miss Sarah Craig, who is teaching in Bennettsville, spent the week-end in the city with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Craig.

Mr. L. T. Nichols will go to Columbia tomorrow to attend the hearing before the railroad commission with reference to the wreck in Chester on the night of November 2nd.

## COAL MINE OPERATORS PREDICT FUEL SHORTAGE

**Demands Being Made Upon Kentucky Fields Greater Than Output.**

Hopkinsville, Ky., Nov. 17.—Western Kentucky coal mine operators still predict serious shortages of coal throughout the entire winter and are advising strictest economy in every family, as well as places of business, shops and factories. Although labor conditions have improved materially of late and the car shortage is not so acute, the operators declare that demands upon them are such that a serious shortage is bound to continue.

One mine operator stated here today that "even if not a pound of fuel coal is burned in Kentucky this winter, the demand for steam coal would more than consume the output of the mines." This same man referred to the recent ruling of the Tennessee fuel commissioner limiting each family to two tons, or fifty bushels, of coal at a time, and letting them have it even then after the head of the family had made a sworn affidavit that his supply was about exhausted and he was in actual need of it, and he predicted that some such measure would be made effective in Kentucky right soon.

This man, who is in close touch with the situation, urged that the public be warned not to hoard coal, and its any event not lay in larger supplies than they would actually need for themselves. He also urged that each family practice the strictest economy in the use of the fuel and cut down the number of fires just as much as possible, and to run no fire longer than it absolutely necessary. Only thus, he declared, can the people hope to get through the winter without some of them suffering terribly.

Just to show what demands are being made on the mines, this man produced a letter from a big Chicago dealer which read in part, "If you have anything at all we would be glad to have you furnish us at the regular government price."

This is a carte blanche order for the entire output of the mine if it is to be had, or for any amount that can be shipped him down to a single carload. This is only one of great numbers of such open orders received from dealers all over the country since the government established fixed prices on coal, and shows the nation-wide anxiety to get the fuel of any grade and from any mine that can furnish it.

Private Sam Alexander, of Camp Sevier, is spending a few days in the city with relatives.

**Any Kind** of shoes you may want always a little cheaper than others sell them at Klutts' Department Store.

Mrs. E. C. Latimer, of McCormick, is spending a few days in the city with relatives.

The marriage of Mrs. Jessie Huey Cannon and Mr. Burton Massey on Sunday came as a surprise to their many friends. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Lee Oates of the A. R. P. Church of York. Mrs. Massey is the daughter of Mrs. M. E. Hope of this city, and is a young woman of attractive manners and charming womanliness. She was a popular member of the High School faculty. Mr. Massey is a young man of many qualities and numbers his friends by scores. Mr. and Mrs. Massey have gone on a short bridal trip, after which they will be at home in Rock Hill.—Rock Hill Record.

The amount to be collected in Chester county for the Y. M. C. A. war fund is $5050 whereas the amount allotted to York county is only $4,200 and Lancaster county only $2,100. It is a well known fact that York county is a much larger county than Chester and has considerably more taxable property and, of course, should be assessed more than Chester. Just why this is we do not know, but it is evidently an error on the part of the party or parties whose duty it is to make the allotments. This was also the case in the allotment of the amount to be collected in Chester county for the American Red Cross fund. However, Chester county people have rallied to the cause and we believe Chester county has given as much if not more per capita than any other county in the State.

## MEN NOT IN SERVICE TO BE CLASSED

Many of the Chester registrants, who were required to register on June 5th, and who have been examined by the local board but have not been called for service, have been wondering whether or not they would be put in the list of those to be classified by the government, according to the recent ruling by the department.

It will be recalled that many Chester county married men had their claims for exemption revoked recently by the District Board, at Greenville, and many of these men have been under the impression that they would probably be in the next call from Chester county. While the local board has not yet received any instructions regarding this matter the following which recently appeared in The Official Bulletin, which is published by the government, would lead one to think these men will be classified just as the others are.

The article is as follows:

"The new selective-service regulations have been made public by the Provost Marshal General. Supplies of them have been received by the governors of States, and they will be forwarded to local and district boards at once for study.

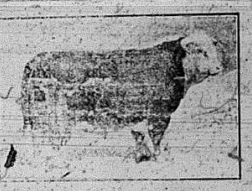
"Certain of the regulations go into effect on November 20, while others, notably those which govern the process of selection and classification, will not go into effect until December 15.

"The new regulations not only repeal all preceding regulations, but cancel all exemptions and discharges which have been granted by local boards under the present system. This will restore every man to his original status, and the local boards will send a questionnaire to every man who is not in the service.

"The completion by the registrant of this document is the first great stage of the new system, and the difficulties which will attend it are fully recognized by the Provost Marshal General, who has begun the mobilization of the legal talent of the country to enable everyone who seeks it to receive aid in the preparation of his questionnaire."

## CANDIDATE FOR GOVERNOR MARRIES WINTHROP GRADUATE

Laurens, Nov. 17—The Hon. Robert A. Cooper and Miss Dorcas Ray Calmes, whose engagement was announced several weeks ago, were married Thursday morning at 11 o'clock, the wedding taking place at Brooksville, Miss., at the home of Mr. Calmes, an uncle of the bride. Following the ceremony a reception was given, after which Mr. and Mrs. Cooper left for a visit to several points of interest before returning to Laurens. This marriage announcement is of cordial interest throughout the State, because Mr. Cooper is one of the most prominent public men in the State today and his bride enjoys social prominence, and for several years has been connected with the teaching corps in the city schools at Columbia and Laurens, her native town. She is a graduate of Winthrop College.



SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE IN AND NEAR THE CITY OF CHESTER. EASY TERMS.

The Home of the Hereford Cattle, a beautiful level farm of 230 acres cut in 4 tracks that has been broken in staple crops for 17 years; has 5 large barns, 2 residences, 4 tenant houses, Cement Silo, 2 wind mills and tanks with water cisterns, roof feeds and cribs, fenced for cattle and hogs. This is a modern farm in high state of cultivation, is five hundred yards from city with good schools. If not sold privately before, will be sold December 3rd, to the highest bidder, on good terms.

By virtue of a deed of trust given to public S. D. Cross, of the city of Chester, I will offer for sale at Chester court house on Monday, the 3rd day of December, 1917, immediately after the judicial sale, the following described real estate situated in and near the city of Chester, county of Chester, State of South Carolina, to wit:

1. Lots in the city of Chester on the corner of Valley street, containing one-fourth of an acre, more or less, upon which is situated a valuable cottage containing six rooms.

2. Lot on the corner of Lancaster and Lamar streets, upon which is situated a dwelling containing six rooms, has Chester water, lights and sewerage.

3. Ten lots, being Nos. 9, 10, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 29 on map of property of S. D. Cross, made by James McLarmon in June November, 1913. These lots are situated on Oak and Cross streets, and are a part of what was known as the Zoll property.

4. One lot of land containing 1 acre, more or less, fronting on the Lancaster road, about one-fourth of a mile east of the city limits. This lot has on it a dwelling house and a valuable pecan grove.

5. Tract of land about one mile east of the city of Chester on Lancaster road, containing 9 acres, upon which is situated most valuable improvements in the way of two barns, dairy, silo, windmill, and other valuable improvements.

6. Tract of land about [illegible] miles east of the city of Chester, on the north side of the public highway to Chester to Rodgers. Upon this tract of land is situated a large residence formerly known as the Biggers Mobley home, being part of Triplett place.

7. Four houses and lots on Lancaster & Chester Railroad, about one and one-half miles from the city of Chester.

8. Tract of land, containing 15 acres, more or less, on Lancaster road and Grassy Run branch, bounded on the north by Lancaster road, east by Dr. Pryor, south and west by other lands of S. D. Cross. This tract of land formerly belonged to Mary Ann Moffat and Thomas Moffat and is known as the Gill place.

9. Most in the city of Chester, situated on the north side of Saluda street, having a frontage of 112 feet on Saluda street, and a depth of about 200 feet, upon the lot is situated the residence now occupied by S. D. Cross.

Terms of Sale: One-third of the purchase price to be paid in cash, and the balance in three equal annual installments with interest from date of sale at the rate of 8 per cent per annum; the credit portion of the purchase price to be secured by bond or notes of the purchaser, and the purchaser shall further secure the payment of the mortgage debt by having the buildings on the premises purchased by him insured as I, as Trustee, may require, with the loss payable to me as Trustee. Any purchaser at said sale shall have the right to pay all in cash, if he so desires, or he may anticipate the payment of any of the credit portion of the said purchase price.

In case any purchaser at said sale shall fail to comply with the terms of sale within one week from the day of sale, then I will resell the said property so purchased and hold him on sale thereafter in January, 1918, at the risk of the purchaser. The sale will be made at public outcry and the property sold to the highest bidder.

The property advertised will be sold, and the highest bidder will get it. This is an unusual opportunity to purchase some valuable property. Plats of this property can be seen by consulting S. D. Cross or J. L. Glenn.

J. L. GLENN, Trustee.

Chester, S. C., November 20, 1917. 20-27.

YOUR
Thanksgiving
TURKEY
Will be Better if you
Roast it in one of our
Self Basting Roasters.

AUTO SUPPLIES HOUSE FURNISHINGS
CHESTER
PAINTS, OILS, FARM MACHINERY
PHONE NO. 125
HARDWARE COMPANY
QUALITY FIRST

OPERA HOUSE
FRIDAY NOVEMBER 23
J. A. COBURNS Greater Minstrels

SEAT SALE Begins Wednesday at 9 a. m. at Chester Drug Co. Prices Parquet $1.10; Dress Circle 83c; Gallery 55c; Children under 12, 39c.

# NEW DRUG STORE

## To Open Soon

Watch this space for announcement of the opening of

**WHITE'S PHARMACY**

Opposite Postoffice.



## Wanted To Buy

Any and all kinds of second-hand furniture and stoves.

Will be located in the Douglas Building on Gadsden street next to A. H. Wherry's garage.

O. K FURNITURE & STOVE CO.

PHONE 459



## VULCANIZING

We are now in position to vulcanize your automobile tires. All work guaranteed to be first class and at reasonable prices.

It is much cheaper to have us repair your automobile tires than it is to buy new ones.

We are located in the Gladden Building on Valley Street.

**CHESTER VULCANIZING WORKS**

VALLEY STREET


### Germans Then Like Germans Now.

So large has become, in the last three years, the public's knowledge of the utter barbarity as well as the ruthless greed with which German armies wage war that no very appreciable addition to it will be made by publication yesterday of a bit of history relating to what the Kaiser's representative and his soldiers did in China just after the Boxer rebellion. What the War Department accomplishes by permitting disclosure now of the facts as to the looting of the ancient Peking observatory is not the revelation that Germans go to war for the same reasons that have moved savages in all ages, but that at a time when even they could not allege the excuse of "military necessity" or imperiled national existence they conducted themselves exactly as they have in Belgium and northeastern France when they could, or at any rate did, make such allegations.

Of course the taking of a few old astronomical instruments—things of greater value than so much metal only to archaeologists—was small the least of the crimes committed by Waldersee and his men in China. They killed the helpless Chinamen as energetically as they robbed them, and, as the published correspondence between Waldersee and Chaffee shows, they were almost as much astonished as they were offended when the American commander—himself no carpet soldier and not noted for delicate sensibilities—protested against pillage and murder. For it was not only with the former that Chaffee found fault so sharply, and with the indignation to be expected from an honest and decent man. If the archives of the War Department are subjected to further search there will be discovered in them stories about the joint expedition into China that are far more interesting than the one dealing with the relics in the old observatory. Another, long known in our military circles, has to do with the slaying of an American sentry who had ventured to do his duty, to the offending of a German officer, and with the subsequent proceedings that considerably more than evened up the score. The tale is has been deemed wise, hitherto, to suppress, but there seems to be no reason now, to keep it and several others like it under the department lock and key.—New York Times.

### How and When to Make Suggestions.

Louis K. Liggett, the great drug store man, has told some interesting things in his article in the December American Magazine. He says:

"There is a funny thing about making a suggestion. Unless it is timed just right, it does not lead to any more sales. It should be made within a few seconds after the customer has made his first purchase. If we take the customer's money, get his change, hand it to him, and then suggest something else, it is likely to be too late. He doesn't want to go through the whole operation of buying and getting change again. Unconsciously he regards buying anything as a closed incident for the time being. Neither is it wise to talk about selling him something else before he has finished selecting the article he came in for. Let us suppose that a woman asks for a tooth brush. If we instantly say, 'And will you need tooth powder?' before we even show her the tooth brushes, she is justified in being annoyed. But having satisfactorily provided her with the tooth brush that she sought, we may, before ringing up the sale, tactfully call her attention to a special sale of facial soap. One of our best clerks insists that this kind of suggestion is most effective when made within eight seconds after the completion of the first sale."

## AN ORDINANCE

Be It Ordained by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen of the City of Chester, in Council Assembled and by the Authority of the Same,

That Section 120, of Code of Ordinances of the city of Chester, relating to fire limits, be and hereby is amended by inserting after the word "kind" on the fourth line of said section the words "within two hundred fifty feet of the site of any railway passenger station or."

Done and ratified in council this 13th day of November, 1917.

Z. V. DAVIDSON,
Mayor.

Attest:
JAMES HAMILTON,
Clerk and Treasurer.


**CASTORIA**

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher


### New Seaboard Schedule.

The following schedule became effective on the Seaboard Air Line Railway Sunday:

| Southbound. | |
|---|---|
| No. 5 | 10:38 A. M. |
| No. 29 | 12:52 P. M. |
| No. 11 | 12:13 A. M. |
| **Northbound** | |
| No. 6 | 8:32 P. M. |
| No. 30 | 3:52 P. M. |
| No. 12 | 4:29 A. M. |

### The World's Pain.

The world is suffering as it has never suffered before and we of this day and generation stand aghast at the spectacle. There have been wars and wars but never one of such tremendous compass as the present one. We who have been silent observers of the ruin and devastation, the martyrdom and butchery of the past few years are beginning to view conditions differently now that we have been swept into the whirlpool. We know that the world's pain is growing, that its sufferings are reaching more deeply into our own lives, that its bitter agony has entered within the last two weeks into quiet homes close at hand and that at any moment thousands of other loyal American homes whose gallant sons are answering their country's call may be forced to share the anguish of the world. What is it all for, we ask ourselves? Why is it that we have to endure the horrors of a war that is not of our making? Has God forgotten us, we say, that we must bear the sufferings of a world a twar. It is the time-honored, everlasting question that forms in every one's heart in time of trouble,—has God forgotten us and left us to ourselves? We know that when some bitter trial comes to us and we realize that we must endure it the inclination is to cry out against the punishment which we believe God is inflicting upon us. Indeed the majority of people fall entirely to see God's hand in adversity in any other way than as an instrument of punishment, and we cannot at least for the time being conceive of the real motives beneath the trial.

That there is something better, higher, purer in all of God's motives we must acknowledge, or else lose our faith in Him. The material side of life counts for very little with Him save as we use it for our higher development, and those things for which He most cares, those spiritual phases of existence which make us better men and women, are often lost sight of by us in our anxiety to succeed in life. It may be that He saw this and is sending the sorrows and hardships and afflictions of the war upon us, not as punishment for our past offenses, but as a wonderful test of our good faith and to lead us back into the narrow, humble way from which we had strayed. There is no doubt in any conscientious person's mind that God mourns for the world in pain, that He yearns to get it free from its anguish and release it from its martyrdom, but the end is not yet for we have not learned the truths He would teach us. It may be that He has chosen this method to deliver us from our false impressions, just as we feel that He has chosen war as the means of delivering the world from the oppression of the mighty power which seeks to stamp its blighting influence indelibly upon land and sea.

We know in our hearts that the Creator made this wonderful world for the use and enjoyment of all the nations of the earth in free and brotherly intercourse, and that the world domination dreams of any one power are impossible of realization. If such dreams run to madness; if they are strong enough to bring ruin and desolation and to cause the sacrifice of countless lives; if they are cruel enough to sanction uncontrolled barbarity and licentiousness; if they are powerful enough to prove a menace to the freedom of the world, we must prove ourselves equal to the test exacted of us and by aiding in the struggle to crush the power of an evil government prove our abiding faith in the survival of the better things in life, our unwavering belief in the justice of God and our firm determination that right, not might, shall prevail among the civilized nations of the earth.

The pain of the world and the sufferings of her children, are tests of the soul and of the spirit more than of the body. Unless a man is actuated by the highest motives, unless he cares for those things which, while counting for perhaps the least on earth, reach into high Heaven at the end, he is not in position to understand the need for such tests as are exacted at the present time. But having entered into the perils and hardships of the struggle with loyalty to God and country, he will soon realize the necessity for perpetuating the high ideals essential to our country's existence and accept the test unflinchingly.

### New Headquarters For The Red Cross.

The local Red Cross Chapter is indebted to Mr. A. M. Aiken for new quarters, and next Tuesday morning the Red Cross Work Room will open in Room No. 19, on the second floor of the Agurs Building.

Although no work is yet available for the Chester knitters, this is only one of the many departments of Red Cross work, and every interested person can find other useful ways of aiding in the work, either in the work room or in their homes.

Delegates from this chapter are in Columbia today attending the Red Cross Convention now in session in that city, and they doubtless will return with many additional ideas and plans of work.

The Chester Chapter feels that much fine work will be accomplished this fall and winter in these very comfortable quarters now at the disposal of the Red Cross.


# NOTICE

Our new garage is now open, and we are ready to take care of any work that may come. Have a complete line of genuine Ford parts, and an expert Mechanic. When your car needs to be given attention or any adjustment made bring it in and give our man a trial. Prompt, efficient service at all times. Satisfaction guaranteed.

## Vestal Motor Co.

Ford Automobiles, Supplies & Accessories

Columbia Street

Chester, South Carolina.



## The Big Chester County

# Colored Fair

CHESTER, S. C.

## FOUR DAYS

## Nov. 21, 22, 23, 24, 1917

## BIGGER and BETTER

## GREATER & GRANDER

Something doing all the time. Plenty of Music—Lots of fast Races—Live Stock Exhibits—Display of Field Products—Ladies' Department etc.

Watch for the Premium List. Everybody Come

**Chester County Colored Fair Ass'n.**

J. R. PARROTT, Pres. — B. W. WRIGHT, Chmn. Adv. Com.
M. B. WILKS, V-Pres. — W. H. PRATT, Gen. Supt.
F. M. BOULWARE, Sec. — W. M. JONES, Treas.


### What Detroit Will Do For You.

Detroit is the city written about in "The Flavor of the Cities," the series running in The American Magazine. In the December issue, the writer says:

"If you want to be President of the United States you will find it encouraging to open your campaign here, as Mr. Hughes did; or deliver one or two 'non partisan' addresses here as Mr. Wilson did; or let everybody here know early in the game what you think of them, as Mr. Roosevelt did. If you are a poor foreign brother, unlettered in the language of the land, unskilled in the art of making a living, and overtaken by unemployment, you will find a board of commerce here whose members will make it their business to see that you are comfortable if they cannot get you work, and will show you why and how to become a good American. If you are an advertising man, which seems to be customary nowadays, you will be greeted by many of your own kind who will put you up at their club whether you like it or not and instruct you how to go after the tough prospects. And if you really must have some of the stuff that cheers, they will take you to a place with a rail to rest one foot on while they explain to you that Billy Sunday is a great and good man, and why they voted for prohibition in Michigan."

### EDGMOOR NOTES.

Edgmoor, Nov. 13.—The Harmony Baptist congregation have called their pastor, Rev. R. L. Corbett, for his entire time, for which he has accepted. It is thought they will sell the present parsonage, including lot, in the near future, and if so they will build a new parsonage near the church. We are glad to have his family in our midst, for we feel sure it will add much to our neighborhood.

Harold Glass of Virginia is now spending a few days with homefolks at Edgmoor.

Misses Mary Lynn Collins, Mildred Nunnery and Wilmur Garrison were guests of Nannie and Julia Killian yesterday.

Our hearts were very much saddened by the death of Mrs. Katie Lyle. She was one of the most faithful in her church and society work. We feel sure that our loss is her gain. We extend our deepest sympathy to her loved ones.


**No-Six-Sixty-Six**

This is a prescription prepared especially for MALARIA or CHILLS & FEVER. Five or six doses will break any case, and if taken then as a tonic the Fever will not return. It acts on the liver better than Calomel and does not gripe or sicken. 25c.


### NEW SOUTHERN SCHEDULE.

As stated in The News Tuesday the Southern Railway will put trains Nos. 28 and 35 back on the schedule next Sunday, November 11th. Effective Sunday the schedule at Chester will be as follows:

| Southbound. | |
|---|---|
| No. 27 | 6:43 P. M. |
| No. 31 | 8:17 A. M. |
| No. 35 | 6:38 A. M. |
| **Northbound.** | |
| No. 28 | 5:40 P. M. |
| No. 32 | 8:14 P. M. |
| No. 36 | 7:42 A. M. |