



The Chester Lantern 1898

The Chester Lantern

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The Lantern, Chester S.C.- July 22, 1898

J T. Bigham

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WASHINGTON LETTER.

Good and Bad News—About Hawaii and the Philippines—Signs of the End—Teachers and the President.

From Our Regular Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 15.—The war news of the week has been both good and bad. We have Santiago and its Spanish garrison at our disposal, which is good, but we have the yellow fever in our army over there, which is very, very bad. As yet the fever cases are not numerous enough to cause any serious alarm, but the possibility of its spread among our men is appalling. A dozen Santiagos, Spanish armies, and fleets would not compensate us for an epidemic of yellow fever among our brave boys in Cuba. The authorities are, of course, thoroughly alive to the danger, and nothing is being left undone to keep the disease from spreading in our army. It has been known for some time that there was yellow fever in Santiago, and it was feared when the refugees from the town began to pour into our lines that some of them would bring the dreaded scourge with them. The president desires that everything possible shall be done to keep our men from being exposed to the danger of taking the fever, and has issued very positive orders to that effect.

Good news came from Admiral Dewey. Floods have prevented our army from taking the aggressive against Manila, but the cruisers Raleigh and Concord have destroyed a Spanish fort in the bay of Subig and captured its garrison of 1,300 men with all their guns and ammunition, without the loss of an American. This capture was precipitated by the action of the commander of the German gunboat Irene, who had taken upon himself the authority to forbid the Philippine insurgents attacking the fort. He took his gunboat out of range of the American shells as soon as he saw the Raleigh and Concord coming, and he will probably think twice before he attempts to assume any authority in the Philippines. Dewey has shown him who is boss of the whole outfit.

What sort of a government shall we give Hawaii? Not even the interest in the war news can keep that question entirely in the background. The commission composed of three Americans and two Hawaiians appointed by the president to report a form of government for the islands have no easy task. The American members—Senators Cullom and Morgan, and Representative Hitt—who expect to start for Hawaii about the tenth of August, have had several conferences, and Mr. Cullom has had a long talk with President McKinley. So far, serious objections have been raised against every form of government proposed. A territorial form of government is objected to because it has been heretofore used only as a preparatory step to statehood, and few are willing to commit themselves in favor of making Hawaii a state at any time. The commission form of government that the District of Columbia has is objected to because under it the governed have no vote or say in any public matter. What the commission will endeavor to accomplish is to draw up a form of government that will give the Hawaiians absolute home rule and leave the question of future statehood in abeyance. Then its recommendation will require the approval of congress before it can be put into effect.

When asked why, he replied: "What's the use? The boy would not see any service, owing to the war being almost over." Another sign—strictly official—is a report made by the board on construction to the secretary of the navy, made against the purchase of four ships now in course of construction by the Cramps, for conversion into auxiliary cruisers, which have been placed at the government's disposal by those having them built.

The criticism of President McKinley because he did not drop everything and devote about five hours—it might have taken longer—to have his hand shaken by twenty-odd thousand persons who came to Washington in connection with the National Educational Convention, which closed a week's session early in the week, served as a reminder of the proverb about the impossibility of pleasing everybody. Inasmuch as the president's working hours have lately been running from twelve to eighteen out of each twenty-four, it would appear that he should have received credit, instead of censure, when he devoted a half hour to receiving the officers of the educational association and the members of the important committees of the convention. Had he attempted to receive them all at one time, in his present tired and worn out condition, he would probably have had to go from the reception to his bed and to send for his physician. Those who objected because they did not get an opportunity to shake the president's hand doubtless did so without thinking that the president has other and more important duties, especially when the country is conducting war, than shaking hands with all those who visit Washington.

SAD SCENE AT FT. MONROE

Hundreds of Wounded Men Landed from the Jessamine, Nearly all of them on Litters.

Mr. J. E. Norment, of the News and Courier, accompanied the members of the State press association on their northern trip and was at Norfolk when the wounded soldiers of Gen. Shafter's army were brought there on-ships and carried on shore. Mr. Norment says: To see our wounded soldiers landed by hundreds and for hours was enough to stir the blood and the heart of anyone, but the news that they brought even added to the feeling which their torn and maimed bodies inspired.

I had interviews with many of the privates and with several of the officers, and what they had to say concerning their experience at the front was not all that a patriotic citizen would like to hear. What could be learned of the valor of our troops and of their fierce fighting was all that could be desired. The modest words of many, coming from bowed, weakened, and trembling forms, could not conceal the testimony of gaping wounds, emaciated figures, empty sleeves, feet shot off and others so swollen that shoes could not be worn.

The first man brought out of the Jessamine to be sent to the hospital was a negro soldier, pierced with nine Mauser bullets, and he was carefully borne in the arms of four white men. Lieut. Doar landed next, with black beard, white face, a bandaged head, arm in a sling and with a smiling countenance. He was clasped by the hand and told that he had been reported killed and we helped him to a litter where he was carried to a telegraph office to send a dispatch to his mother in California.

Another negro soldier came next, the hot blood foaming from his lips, caused by an internal hemorrhage, and he was cared for and nursed by white soldiers.

lowed, all borne on litters, all looking brave and trying to conceal their sufferings. Several had cigars and tried to smoke; many, with closed eyes, paid no attention whatever to their surroundings.

And so for hours and hours, the live soldiers tenderly brought their sorely wounded comrades to the homes of their countrymen. And at a respectable distance, kept back by armed soldiers, was a great, loving, silent crowd.

Sobs were frequent, strained faces were everywhere, and not a cheer was heard as the wounded men were carried where they would be most carefully attended. The ambulances made a great noise amid this all pervading silence, as they moved on the thronged streets, and sidewalks, where every inch of ground, every piazza, and window were filled.

They were not all impressed with the general average fight made by the Rough Riders, and claimed that some of them were not anxious for the fray.

One of the United States regulars told us that the 71st New York, the 9th Massachusetts, the 23rd and 24th Michigan regiments had much to do and that no men in the world could have surpassed them in coolness and courage.

All with whom I conversed—officers and privates—agreed that the Cubans, so far, had proven to be no fighters. They generally managed to get to the rear whenever an engagement started and it was added that if their fighting qualities only matched their thieving propensities they would have few equals as soldiers.

I shall give no names, because this is entirely unnecessary, but some distressing details were mentioned by many of the wounded and I was personally told that, were some of the facts made public, a "howl of indignation would go up from every section of the United States."

Three hundred and sixty wounded men in Cuba were carried to 4 women to be nursed and cared for. Every preparation has been made for the reception of the wounded at Fortress Monroe. The Oliveette is daily expected with 500 more and this will crowd things.

It was glorious to see the spirit of these wounded soldiers. They were made of the right stuff; they hated to come home—they are even anxious to go back. They told with much satisfaction of the terrible fight at El Caney and Santiago and of how thick dead Spaniards were near the "Block House" and in the trenches.

Catching a Shark.

A thrilling hunt for a man-eating shark took place in the harbor of Key West last week and came very near resulting fatally for those engaged.

The shark was first seen swimming in shallow waters, and three boys started out in a rowboat to capture it. They were armed only with a small harpoon. They managed to get close to the shark without attracting attention, and planting the harpoon securely in its back.

The big fish plunged for ward when it felt the iron, and in a moment the boat was spinning through the water like an express train. Several attempts were made to loosen the rope, but in vain. Meanwhile they hesitated to cut the rope, for fear they might lose the shark. The boat was towed in this fashion for more than an hour. At times the shark would turn so suddenly as to greatly endanger the boat, though keeping all the time in comparatively shallow water. The boys began to shout for help, and the yacht was sent to them. Just as the yacht came alongside the shark made a dive for the boat and tore a big hole in the side. As the boat tilted the yacht came up and took off the boys, and the shark was killed with a rifle. Measured, it fell in length. New York World.

BANKS LETTER.

The Weather and the Crops—Reward for Cows—Making and Saving Irish Potatoes.

Mr. Editor: I think every section of the county should be heard from occasionally. Some of your correspondents do not write often, and very short letters.

I see the correspondent from Blackstock to the Reporter says that the farmers and merchants are smiling since the rain, set in and we have good seasons. I will say just here if the Blackstock and Chester merchants know how the grass is growing in the crops they are just grinning, for a while at least, as the grass has about taken possession of some crops in this section. I heard one man say the other day if it rained much more now he would have to turn out 20 acres. He had just working some before that. I know some in this section that cannot be cleaned if it does not rain any more soon, but I have heard that if it rains the 4th of July it will rain 30 days, and if it rains the first dog day it will rain nearly every day as long as the dog days last. I drained the 4th of July, also the first dog day. So you see if the above proofs correct we will have rain for some time yet. I think the dog days end the 20th of August and if it rains that long some one had better look out of general green will overtake them in a hurry.

I see a great deal of complaint about old corn being no good, especially on upland, and I think that the fault is in the farmer more than the season, as there are a good many people in this country who pretend to be farmers that have a certain rule to work a crop and work it the same way, every year, wet or dry. This is a great mistake. I have seen this year corn in dry weather waist high side close and stand that way for 10 days or two weeks. Now this is all wrong, as not forming the roots in dry weather to large plants is suicide, equally with corn and cotton. The corn roots penetrate the entire surface of the land about the time it is waist high and should never be cut from the stalk.

How people farm without taking and reading some good agricultural journal I cannot see, as a good paper of that kind well read, if one practice what it teaches, will help any one to farm intelligently. The Epitomist, published at Indianapolis, Ind., costs only 35c per year, and one copy is worth the money. Also the Southern Planter, published at Richmond, Va., is a number one agricultural paper, price \$1.00 per year. Every wide awake farmer should take it. There is reliable information in every copy of either paper.

I reckon there will be, as Bill Arp says, plenty of nubbins for the cows next winter, if they can get them to eat. Bill Arp says he likes to have nubbins for the cows.

There is a good deal of complaint about the crows damaging the corn that is in the easting ear. The crows are by corn like a darkey is about a melon, they want the biggest ones. I believe the legislature would do a good thing if they would pass a law to pay 10 cents each for every crow killed in this State, as they are getting very numerous and destructive to crops, especially corn, melons, pinders and wheat. If the legislature would appropriate \$100 for each county that would pay for 1000 crows every year, it would not cost the tax payers anything like what they destroy. The clerk of the court could pay out the money on presentation of the scalps. Some states have this law and it is working well, as the forests in this section are growing up so fast and thick since the stock law has been in effect that there is trouble to get through the woods in some places and land is getting rich and it gives

crows and the like so much more chance to increase and harder to destroy.

This has been a fine season on peas that were planted and sowed, as they come up to perfect stand. I have sowed and planted about 100 bushels. Am sowing some now in my cotton, as I lay it by, also sowed some in corn. Have more to sow yet. There is nothing that will improve the land faster than peas.

The correspondent at Morgantown wanted some dots on raising and keeping Irish potatoes. There cannot be too much said about planting Irish potatoes, corn, and wheat. I think it should be encouraged. The Wellridge correspondent gives his experience and some of it was good, but I differ with him as to planting the second crop, as I have had a great deal of trouble to get the last planting to come up when planted direct in the drill. I find the best way is to bed them like sweet potatoes and cover them with pine straw instead of earth, four or five inches deep, and keep moist by watering if it does not rain enough to keep damp. Some say the best plan is to cut a small piece out of the potato before you bed them. I suppose this is to get the potato to shivel. When the potatoes sprout plant them, and plant only those that sprout, as the others will not come up if planted. Bed up your ground good and deep, rows about three feet apart and put good manure or fertilizer in the water furrow and plant potatoes and cover about three inches and gradually work the dirt down to them, as they grow, until you get the surface level, this is the way for fall crop. They can be planted any time from first of August to 10th of September and make good potatoes. Never let the sun shine on them. When you dig them put them in a dark place where the temperature is about the same day and night. I have had no trouble in keeping them in a house ceiled throughout, rafters and side, and filled with saw dust, and dirt or cement floor. They will keep all winter in such a place in sacks or barrels. We have had a fine crop of early potatoes, as many as we have any year and large potatoes. I may tell you next winter how to plant early crop if you will remind me of it. L. E. S.

CHURCH SOUNDS.

We are having plenty of rain, grass, and hot weather in this section. Sacramental services were held at Chapel Sabbath, we also had a fine prohibition sermon. Mr. J. N. Hardin, Jr., visited near Rock Hill last week. Two of our charming ladies attended the Wellridge picnic. Misses Crosby and Jordan, who have been visiting here, returned to their home at Landsford Saturday. Mrs. Moore, from near Rock Hill, has been visiting relatives here. Misses Carie and Mary Lee Hardin commenced to teach this week; the former to teach in Rossville township and the later in Baton Rouge township. Capt. Joe S. Hardin is visiting us now. We are glad to have him with us again. The children's day exercises at Chapel will be on Saturday, August 6th. Everybody is invited to come and bring their basket. Now, Mr. Editor, you must come. Miss Lizzie Lowry, of Yorkville, has been visiting relatives here. Mr. Clawson Hardin made a flying trip to Rossville Saturday. VIOLET.

CRAYONS FROM CHALKVILLE.

We are now having splendid rains. The crops and everything seem to be flourishing. The picnics are all about over and the protracted meetings are near at hand, so we will still have fried chicken. Mrs. W. T. Gregory, of Leeds, who has been very ill, we are glad to say is now convalescent. Miss Sallie Triplett, of Chester, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. S. C. Carter, of Chalkville. Mrs. H. F. McCarley, of Whitmire, and her daughter will visit in Chalkville soon. Mr. Lee Pendergrass, of Arkansas, and his brother from Texas, Mr. W. Pendergrass, will visit friends and relatives in Chalkville soon. Mr. Jim Carter spent last Sabbath with Mr. J. C. Woods. Miss Maggie Woods spent a very pleasant day last week with her aunt, Mrs. E. O. Carter. Mr. Raze Woods visited friends and relatives at Leeds last week. JULY 18, 1898. SOUTH CAROLINA. The Country is Vastly Improved Under Progressive Conditions. J. Altheus Johnson, who has just returned from a three weeks' trip to South Carolina, expresses surprise and gratification at the evidences of prosperity he noted. "I had heard," he said, "for two years or more of how South Carolina, in many lines of industrial progress, was taking the lead among the States of the South, but I was not prepared for the new life I saw awakening in the old State. The people are building better houses and they live better. In communities where, ten or a dozen years ago, white houses were scarce, and where a person in building would generally use undressed boards and put them together into frames of four, six, or eight rooms, according to the size of house he wanted, you now see neat, handsomely constructed residences, designed by professional architects. Every such house erected in a community is an educator in itself. The paint brush is everywhere in evidence, and tasty cottages dot the land. "The good road movement has invaded all the upper part of the State and every county has its road machines, costing from \$3,000 to \$4,000, and has learned the difference in economy between a good road and a bad one in the matter of wear and tear on both man and beast, vehicle and everything else. "Telephone wires penetrate the country in every direction, connecting the towns, villages, and country residences, the cost of the instruments being from \$18 to \$24 a year. More attention is given to blooded stock of all kinds, and the farm horses and mules are in excellent condition. The gaunt, bony, half-starved mule is now seldom seen. "In nearly every neighborhood, one can see colored persons who are thrifty, owning land of their own, or else buying and living in comfortable houses and having credit at the stores for anything they want, without needing a white man to stand for them. They are neatly and well behaved, they have the esteem of their white neighbors, and they are conferred with about things in the community as a white man would be under similar circumstances. "In the number and capacity of cotton mills, I already know that South Carolina was first among the Southern States, North Carolina second, and Georgia third, but my observation for several years past having been confined mostly to what I saw from the car windows on the Atlantic coast, I already know that the phenomenal progress which South Carolina is making."—Washington Times.

Correspondents.
THE LANTERN has some correspondents who send news regularly and well. There are others who do tolerably well. The regularity of others can be politely described as indifferent. A few send us some items once or twice with the understanding that we are to reciprocate. They get us to sending them news twice a week, then they are silent evermore.

Now we regard this exchange as a business arrangement, and don't expect it to be all on one side. A correspondent should correspond. If he finds that he cannot comply with the arrangement, he should let it be known. Perhaps there is another person in his neighborhood who wants to take his place.

By the way, we will say to any who may wish to become correspondents, that there is no objection to having more than one at a place, indeed, at the more important points we would like to have more than one, especially if the one is irregular.

Now these remarks are entirely candid and we trust they will be taken in as kindly a spirit as that in which they are written.

We are glad to be able to say that THE LANTERN has the best set of correspondents we know of. They write news, as a rule, and leave the writing of editorials to the editor. Of course a news correspondent has the same right as any one else to write his views on any matter of interest, but this should be separate from his news letters. We know papers that have column after column of county correspondence made up of a few—generally very few—items of news, mixed with a great mass of views, reflections, observations, stale jokes, unsuccessful attempts to ape Bill Arp—mostly rubbish. The news would occupy but a few inches; the rest would not bear publication alone.

At the late meeting of the press association an interesting paper was read by Mr. DeCamp, of the Gaffney Ledger, on "How to manage delinquent subscribers." A subject we should like to hear discussed—and it would be improving to the press of the state—is, "How to manage correspondents."

But we have got a long, long way from where we started; we shall go no further.

What Is the Question?
In regard to the liquor traffic in this state, all persons fall into one of two classes, viz: those who advocate furnishing intoxicants to the people for beverage purposes, and those who believe in restricting it to necessary purposes. The advocates of the sale for beverage differ as to the method of dealing out the liquor. Some may be found who would say let any one who pleases sell liquor as they do flour and bacon, without restriction or license. Some believe that the privilege should be let out to individuals at a high license, the state at large or some of its subdivisions to receive the revenue therefrom. It seems that a majority of them favor the present plan of the state's taking the traffic into its own hands and selling through agents, at a profit, and making what it can out of the business. There are some also who approve this last plan, excepting the profit feature.

All not included in any of these subdivisions belong to the other grand division, that is those who believe that the state should not sanction the sale of liquor at all for beverage purposes. The beverage feature being eliminated there could be no profit, so it is not necessary to consider the latter. In this division a few think it safer not to sell for any purpose whatever, but they are willing, so far as we know, to accept the plan of the other division, to wit, those who believe in selling only for legitimate purposes, under state control, that is according to the present system.

Of course our readers know that this system was devised, so far as this state is concerned, by the prohibitionists, who drew up a bill, a few years ago, such as they now advocate, but their opponents, having a majority in the legislature, took their bill and engraved on it the beverage and profit features and adopted it.

We have thus sketched the situation as it is. The question is "Are you in favor of selling liquor for beverage, or are you opposed to it?" There is practically no dispute about the dispensary. The question is beverage or no beverage. Keeping this in mind will save a great deal of talking and writing, as most of it has no bearing on the real issue.

The Southern Christian Advocate, for some time published in Greenville, will go back to Columbia and will be printed by the State Company.

A Rock Hill policeman punched a colored boy with the muzzle of his gun to wake him. The gun went off and killed the boy. The policeman was distressed at what he had done, and yet his carelessness was inexcusable. A penalty should be attached to the act of placing firearms, cocked or uncocked, loaded or unloaded, in such position that they would injure any one if discharged.

It has been said that the next greatest calamity that can befall a country after a great defeat is a great victory. A note of warning should be sounded to the United States just at this time. In the intoxication of victory a country is in danger of overestimating its strength and foolishly imperiling her fortunes, or, where the foe is destroyed, the influence may be more beguiling. The victorious may allow themselves to be nursed in the lap of luxury till her insipid charms have shorn them of their wonted strength. The victories achieved by the American soldiers have been the greatest won by any people and let their example be correspondingly noble.

Farmers' Institute.
There will be a Farmers' Institute held at the Court House at Chester, S. C., on Thursday, July 28th. All interests connected with the farm, such as the care and management of all kinds of stock, and the treatment of the diseases to which they are subjected; butter-making and cheese production, upon the most approved methods; cultivation of the different crops and the kind of fertilizers to use to attain the best results. These different subjects will be ably and exhaustively discussed by professors of Clemson College. All farmers and others are cordially invited to attend this meeting, and this invitation is especially extended to the lady contingent, who will be entertained with a dissertation upon horticulture and other subjects of interest to them. There are none who have attained such perfection of knowledge that they have left nothing unlearned, and with this fact in view, this meeting has been requested, to enable the farmers of Chester to profit by the most recent discoveries, based upon scientific principles. It should be remembered that we pay for the maintenance of Clemson College, and have a right to profit by the experiments made by that institution, and if we fail to do so, we do ourselves great injustice.

The meeting will be at 10 o'clock a. m., and you are requested to be in attendance promptly.
JESSE H. HARDIN, President.
JOHN C. MCAFEE, Secretary.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.
The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Woods & Brice.

WAR NEWS.

The terms of surrender made at Santiago are being complied with. Yesterday Shafter reported that 10,000 rifles and about 10,000,000 rounds of ammunition had been sent in. The roster of prisoners sent in by Gen. Toral places the total sum of surrendered men at 22,789.

PORTO RICAN EXPEDITION.

Preparations are being actively pushed to get Gen. Miles and his army off to Porto Rico as soon as possible. The plan of this campaign is to invade Porto Rico with an overwhelming army, and thus make quick work of its reduction. The troops which fought around Santiago will not be taken on this expedition, but will be sent further back into the mountains to recuperate.

The first South Carolina regiment will not be among the number that make up this army.

Mrs. Wallace at Ninety-five.

Editor of THE LANTERN: Last Monday, the 18th inst., quite a large company, composed of relatives and friends, and neighbors of Mrs. Sallie Wallace, gathered at her home near Pleasant Grove to celebrate her 95th birthday.

That this was an unusual occasion, passed without saying, for it is rare indeed that any neighborhood has the privilege of celebrating the 95th anniversary of one of its inhabitants. Few of us have ever seen another who had reached this advanced age.

Another rare thing, in this case, is the activity of this aged lady. The picnic dinner was spread in a grove at the foot of the steep hill upon which the house sits, and, with amazement, we saw her go down and up again without other assistance than that of her staff, and she seemed to make the ascent with more ease than various of the middle-aged ladies who were present. She is still able to spin on her little, old-fashioned wheel. Indeed she says she feels better when she has something to do. Her mental faculties, too, seem to be unimpaired, and she both talks intelligently of the past and seems also to take a lively interest in all going on around her. She has always enjoyed good health and still knows very little of bodily pain, and when the writer told her good-bye, and expressed the hope that she might have the privilege of celebrating a few more birth-days yet, she referred to her life of almost uninterrupted good health as a reason for abundant thankfulness to the Giver of all good.

Before the company broke up there was a short religious service, conducted by her pastor, in which some of the old Psalms that she loves so well were sung. After this, Dr. G. B. White, of Chester, made a few very appropriate remarks, in the course of which he stated some interesting facts connected with her history. She is one of the very few left who connect us directly with the Revolutionary struggle of our country. Her father was a brave revolutionary soldier and helped to win for freedom this same section of country in which his descendants still live.

Mrs. Wallace went to the place where she now lives when she was married, about 73 years ago, and has lived there ever since. May the Good Shepherd continue to lead her through green pastures and by the still waters and may his rod and staff ever sustain her and comfort her.

Mr. Sam'l Banks, of Sandy River, reports heavy rain last night north of his place.

How to Look Good.

Good looks are really more than skin deep, depending entirely on a healthy condition of all the vital organs. If the liver is inactive, you have a bilious look; if your stomach is disordered, you have a dyspeptic look; if your kidneys are affected, you have a pinched look. Secure good health and you will surely have good looks. Electric Bitters is a good alterative and tonic. Acts directly on the stomach, liver and kidneys, purifies the blood, cures pimples, blotches, and boils, and gives a good complexion. Every bottle is guaranteed. Sold at Woods & Brice's Drug Store, 50 cents per bottle.

Enterprising Druggists.

There are few men more wide awake and enterprising than Woods & Brice, who spare no pains to secure the best of everything in their line for their many customers. They now have the valuable agency for Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs, and Colds. This is the wonderful remedy that is producing such a furor all over the country by its many startling cures. It absolutely cures Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness and all affections of the Throat, Chest, and Lungs. Call at above drug store and get a bottle free or a regular size for 50 cents and \$1.00. Guaranteed to cure or price refunded.

War Atlas.

The Seaboard Air Line has gotten out and placed in the hands of all its Ticket Agents at principal points, a War Atlas, showing the United States, European Countries, Cape Verde and Philippine Islands, Cuba and its larger cities in detail, and with maps of the World, North America, Europe and South America.

These Atlases are full of information and will prove of great assistance in understanding the movements of fleets and armies as given in the newspapers. On account of the great expense of getting out this Atlas, the Seaboard Air Line is compelled to fix a price of twenty-five cents each, which is merely nominal.

They can be obtained upon application to Agents, Representatives, or to T. J. Anderson, General Passenger Agent, Portsmouth, Va.

Notice of Dissolution of Partnership.

To all whom it may concern: Take notice that the co-partnership heretofore existing between Jos. A. Walker, Sr., and Jos. A. Walker, Jr., under the firm name of Jos. A. Walker & Son, plumbers, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. Joseph A. Walker, Sr., assumes all debts contracted on account of said plumbing business and no others. All persons indebted to said firm will make settlement with Jos. A. Walker, Sr. This listing of July, A. D. 1898. CHESTER, S. C. JOS. A. WALKER, JR.

GRAND TIME IN CHARLOTTE.

The excursion over the Southern R. R. to Charlotte, July 20th, will carry special coaches for white people. Those having business there will please bear this in mind and avail themselves of this opportunity. ROUND TRIP, 90 CTS. Train leaves here at 8 o'clock. T. H. WARD, Mgr.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

SUPERVISOR.

CHESTER, S. C., March 15, '98. I hereby announce myself a candidate for nomination to the office of County Supervisor at the ensuing democratic primary election, and pledge myself to abide by the result of said election. The cordial support of my fellow citizens is respectfully solicited. J. R. CULP, Sr.

AUDITOR.

We are authorized to announce W. M. Corbett as a candidate for re-appointment to the office of County Auditor, subject to the action of the Democratic primary election.

TREASURER.

Being well pleased with Mr. W. O. Guy's services as Treasurer of Chester county, we hereby nominate him for reappointment to the same office, subject to the recommendation of the democratic primary. TAXPAYERS.

AUDITOR.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of auditor, subject to the result of the democratic primary. JNO. A. BLAKE.

PROFESSIONAL.

DR. SAM'L LINDSAY, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, CHESTER, S. C.

Office, over Brandt's Store. Residence at Wm. Lindsay's.

M. B. CALDWELL, A. E. GASTON, CALDWELL & GASTON, Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, CHESTER, S. C.

DRYOR & MCKEE,

DRUGGISTS. Prescriptions a Specialty.

Teachers and Others

Having official business with me will please take notice that my office days are MONDAYS and SATURDAYS. W. D. KNOX, County Superintendent of Education.

Great Values!

We are still selling 36 inch full standard Percales at 5 cts. per yard.

Ladies' Shirt Waists at Cost to Close.

See them at once as they are very desirable—well made from the best material, in stylish patterns.

Ladies' and Children's Low Cut Shoes.

In this department we are constantly closing out lower at this season. Must have odds and ends cleaned out. You can buy a nice pair of Ladies' Oxford's at Wylie & Co's now for 75 cents.

After stock-taking July 1st, you may look out for big bargains in extra trousers, light weight suits and coats and vests, straw hats, negligee shirts and lots of summer goods that must go during these hot war times.

Mr. Leiter's boom has gone and high prices for wheat and flour with it.

FINEST FIRST PATENT UNADULTERATED FLOUR

\$2.75 cash per sack, the best that is made. WYLIE & CO.

Finest Second Patent Unadulterated Flour \$2.50 cash per sack, at— WYLIE & CO'S.

Good Extra Family Flour \$2.00 cash, per sack, at— WYLIE & CO'S.

TOBACCO! TOBACCO!!

The war revenue tax of six cents per pound is now on Tobacco. Having secured a big stock that antedates the act and is partially exempt. We are in position to still shade prices and do you good. Our sales on TOBACCO this spring have been immense. Our quality is better, our prices are lower than any competitor's. Tobacco at retail at wholesale prices talks and tells. We are in it.

WYLIE & CO.

OUR LAWN SWINGS

Are "the thing" for a hot evening. They make a breeze equal to an electric fan. We have some bargains in Cleveland Wheels that are knocking competition "cold."

Respectfully, ROSBOROUGH & McLURE.

FRUIT JARS.

For Sale or Rent. One two-story six-room cottage One one-story four-room cottage, with three acres of land, at the junction and between the three railroads. Good well of water. Terms easy. JOSEPH WYLIE & CO., In liquidation.

"ANDY WILKS."

The above named stallion will stand at Richburg, Collins' Stables, Mondays and Tuesdays. Lowryville on Fridays. Balance of the time at Wylie & Co's stable, Josh Mayfield, groomman. JOHN C. WOODS.

CHILDREN and EDWARDS.

Importers and Manufacturers of Monumental Works. UNDERTAKERS AND EMBALMERS.

REMOVAL.

DR. JAMES B. BIGHAM, SURGEON DENTIST, Has removed from Blackstock to Chester. Office in Walker & Henry's new building, up stairs.

INSURANCE.

Fire, Life and Accident.

THE LANTERN.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:
TWO DOLLARS A YEAR, CASH.

TELEPHONE No. 54.

FRIDAY, JULY 22, 1898.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Advertisements inserted under this head at ten cents a line.
No advertisements inserted as reading matter.

Some oats or other good feed taken on subscription to THE LANTERN.

Blank Receipts—Printed on good white paper, and bound in book of 100 each, for sale at this office.

The Lantern Job Office is prepared to print letter heads, note heads, bill heads, envelopes, posters, statements, etc., at low prices. When you want neat printing call on us.

LOCAL NEWS.

Miss Jane Triplett is visiting Mrs. Jno. Daniels.

Mr. Henry Refo, of Winnsboro, has been visiting his brothers here.

Mr. John Lindsay and wife, of Camden, are visiting relatives in the city.

Miss Elzie Brandt left last evening for Fort Mill, where she will spend a fortnight with friends.

Mrs. C. H. Brennecke goes to Columbia this morning to spend a few days with her son Frank.

The whole LANTERN crew have an invitation to a watermelon festival at Mr. W. Y. White's.

Mrs. B. D. Jones and children, of Columbia, are visiting Mrs. C. A. Youngblood.

Mr. John Withers, clerk in Nicholson's hotel, is spending a few days at his old home in Kentucky.

Mr. W. E. Finley was in the city Tuesday night on his way to the meeting at Edgmoor.

Mr. J. E. Norment, the genial and handsome *News and Courier* man, has been in the city this week.

Misses Annie Hardin and Bessie and Alma King are visiting Mr. J. T. Marion, at Richburg.

A large force is at work grading and preparing the oil mill site. This will be a good thing for this county.

Captain Joe S. Hardin left last evening, with recruits, for Chickamauga.

Mr. Jno. W. Carson ran up to Gastonia Saturday and returned to Chester Tuesday evening.

Miss Ella Love, of McConnelville, is visiting Mrs. F. D. Williams.

Mrs. R. M. Bell and little son returned yesterday to their home at Alliance, from a short visit to their parents near Gastonia.

Miss Ada Corlick, one of Chester's most estimable young ladies, is visiting friends in the city.—*Rock Hill Herald*.

Mrs. Barbara Corder returned to her home at Cornwell Wednesday, after a visit of several days to her daughter, Mrs. J. W. R. Peay.

Dr. and Mrs. G. W. Jordan and Miss Mattie Graham are visiting Mr. J. B. McFadden's family in Atlanta.

Messrs. Grier and Pressly Brice, of Winnsboro, are visiting their brother, Mr. R. E. Brice, and other friends in the city.

Mrs. T. G. Patrick and children, of White Oak, returned home yesterday after visiting her sister, Mrs. O. B. White.

Mr. Matthew Henry White, who has been with his aunt, Mrs. Patrick, at White Oak, is at home again.

Miss Lillian Austin, of Greenwood, was at the Mellon House on her way to McConnelville yesterday.

Quartermaster Sergeant Jno. A. Graham came home Wednesday evening on a furlough. He has been sick, and he shows it.

Those flag envelopes are very neat. They print very pretty; and they are the prettiest envelopes without printing you can find.

Mrs. Ellen Tobin and Mrs. D. N. Provence, of Barnwell, are visiting the family of Mr. T. T. Cassels, near Wilksburg.

Misses Edna and Strauss Mills, of Blackstock, spent Tuesday with Miss Helen Walker, on their way to Atlanta to visit a few days.

The colored Masons of this city left this morning on a special to Lancaster to attend the laying of the corner stone of the Methodist church.

Mrs. S. L. Morris and children, of Macon, Ga., spent Tuesday night at Judge Gage's on their way to Woodward to visit her father, Mr. C. S. Brice, Sr.

Mrs. M. E. Miller, of Charleston, and Mrs. W. H. Richardson, of Summerville, mother and sister of Mrs. B. D. Refo, have been visiting the latter.

The picnic at Edgmoor is reported a grand success. Edgmoor can't be beaten on a picnic. We were very much impressed with one we attended there two years ago.

Mr. T. C. Howze has secured a discharge from Company D, 1st regiment, with a view to accepting a lieutenancy in the new company being organized here.

Mrs. Harby, of Columbia, has been here with a view to leasing the Cotton Hotel. A trade has not been closed so far as we are informed.

Mr. A. Helms, of Monroe, N. C., spent the day in Chester Tuesday. He brought his son to DaVega Hospital for an operation for appendicitis.

Mr. J. A. Sanders and daughter, Miss Fannie, and Miss Lula Carter, of Olive, paid this office a call Tuesday. Mr. Sanders was on his way to Chickamauga.

Mr. W. Y. White is very generous with his customers, and he has no trouble in selling a load of melons. There is rarely a melon in his wagon a half hour after he gets to town.

Quite a number of Confederate veterans came down on the C. & N.-W. train Tuesday night from Hickory, Newton, and other points, en route to the reunion in Atlanta.

That is a busy scene on Main street. The house builders are making much progress. The workmen are now on the second story of nearly all the buildings.—*Rock Hill Herald*.

Mr. W. F. Egan was taken to the state hospital for the insane Wednesday. He was there last fall, and having improved, was released, and has been attending to his business. His mind seems to be in a very bad condition now.

Mr. S. A. Hood goes to Henrietta, N. C., August 1st to enter upon his duties as manager of a large dry goods, clothing, and millinery establishment. A very important consideration is that he gets a fine salary. We congratulate Sam.

If you buy envelopes in small quantities, try a pack of our flag envelopes. They are of excellent quality, they cost no more than you pay for an inferior grade, and you have the beautiful United States flag, in red, white, and blue, for nothing.

Mrs. Glasscock, wife of Mr. W. T. Glasscock, who of home near Harmony, was stricken with paralysis last Friday. The stroke was not severe. The left side was affected. Mrs. Glasscock was attended by Dr. Murphy. She is an elderly lady, but is expected to recover.—*Rock Hill Herald*.

There will be a basket picnic at Wilksburg on Tuesday, August 2. All are cordially invited to come and bring well filled baskets.

Bitten by a Mad Dog.
On last Friday a little son of Mr. A. W. Crocker, of Lockhart, was bitten by a dog which was supposed to be mad. Mr. Crocker passed through the city Saturday morning taking him to Charlotte, where he had a madstone applied to the wound.

Picnic at Fort Law.

There will be a general picnic at Fort Law on the 29th. All are cordially invited to attend and bring well-filled baskets.

Dr. Bigham Absent.

Dr. J. B. Bigham is spending a few days among the dentists of Atlanta, and his office is closed during his absence.

Furman University.

This institution is doing a very important work in the Christian Education of the state. It seems to have taken on renewed life and energy. Attention is called to a notice in another column.

Bibles for the Camp.

Some time ago the Chester Bible Society sent a supply of convenient copies of the New Testament and Psalms to Chickamauga for the boys of Company D. There is no telling what blessings this act may be the means of securing.

The New Company.

Officers were in the city Wednesday examining and mustering in Capt. Crawford's company. Thirty passed. Twenty-six went to camp at Columbia yesterday. No doubt is entertained about completing the company. Recruits can now be examined and mustered in as they are secured.

Recruits for Company D.

The following men left last evening for Chickamauga to join the company of Capt. J. S. Hardin, who is here recruiting:

Will T. Perry, of Flint Ridge, Lancaster county; Berry H. Mobley, White Oak; Ross Triplett, N. C.; Jno. Chalk, N. C.; Alonzo Setzer, N. C.; T. W. (Dump) McCollum, Chester.

From Mississippi.

Mrs. Wm. Kirkpatrick, Mrs. Robt. Kirkpatrick and her three children, and Mrs. Sallie Dixon McNeil and her little boy, James Porter, all from Tupelo, Miss., arrived yesterday morning to visit relatives in the county.

Mrs. Wm. Kirkpatrick is a sister of Mr. W. Banks Robinson and Mrs. Robt. Kirkpatrick is his daughter.

Mrs. McNeil was a Dixon, her mother being a sister of Messrs. Joseph and Wm. Martin, of this county. Mrs. McNeil spent last night at Mr. J. Martin McDaniel's, in the city. She goes out to Richburg today to visit other relatives.

Rock Hill's Superintendent.

The place made vacant by the resignation of Mr. J. W. Thomson as superintendent of the Rock Hill graded schools, was filled at a meeting of the board of trustees last Friday by the election of Prof. J. C. Cork, of Bennettsville, superintendent of the graded schools of that town. He is a graduate of Erskine College and has had twenty years' experience in teaching. He was highly recommended to our board and we understand, notwithstanding there were a number of well recommended applicants for the place, Prof. Cork was tendered the place without having made application for the position.—*Rock Hill Herald*.

It will be remembered that Judge Hudson, in his speech here May 31st, spoke of Prof. Cork in the most complimentary terms, and said if he is not a Chester man he is almost. Besides being a good teacher we know him as a most pleasant gentleman.

A Pleasant Evening.

On Monday night Miss Louise McFadden gave a social at her pleasant home, complimentary to the Y. P. U. Miss Louise and her charming mother entertained the guests most delightfully.

Miss Louise introduced a guessing game. Some very funny remarks and mistakes were made. When the game was considered closed the written guesses were collected and it was found that Miss Annie Corlick had guessed upon the first prize, which was graciously presented to her by Miss Louise.

The prize was a very fine black pocket Bible. The prize was very much admired and Miss Annie's sweet face expressed her sincere appreciation of the thoughtful and beautiful gift.

The booby prize, a small map of the great United States, was given to Martha Lovelace.

Mrs. McFadden served, home fashion, delicious ice cream and fine cake. Mrs. McFadden knows so well how to make and serve all things of that kind.

Miss Louise played for the company a patriotic musical selection, for which bright and cheerful conversation made the rest of the evening pass most pleasantly.

Mrs. McFadden and Miss Louise are sincerely thanked for the pleasure their kindness afforded us. "May your shadows never grow less." EDEN.

Personally Conducted Tour to Providence, Boston and White Mountains, via S. A. L. and M. & M. T. Co.

July 25th, 1898, is the date selected for the special excursion to Providence, Boston and White Mountains via Seaboard Air Line and Merchants' & Minors' Transportation Co. Steamer Tickets will only be sold on the 23rd, and will be limited to 20 days from date, allowing passengers to return on any regular steamer and train within that limit. The following rates and schedule will apply:

Atlanta	Ga.	21.50	1.00	2.00
Ridgely	..	22.45	1.15 <td>2.00</td>	2.00
Albany	..	23.40	1.30 <td>2.00</td>	2.00
Lawrenceville	..	24.35	1.45 <td>2.00</td>	2.00
Roanoke	..	25.30	1.60 <td>2.00</td>	2.00
Rates to Boston, \$100.00.				

The steamship "Fairfax" will be placed in service on this occasion and the service will be first class in every respect. Meals and stateroom, berths on steamer, going and return, will be furnished holders of special excursion tickets, without extra charge. The capacity of the steamer is of course limited, and application for reservation should be made as early as possible in order to secure the best accommodation. S. A. L. Ticket Agent at Atlanta, Ga., will make reservations and furnish number of rooms occupied. The passenger Department of the Seaboard Air Line at Portsmouth, Va., issues an attractive itinerary of this trip, copies of which will be furnished upon application to any S. A. L. Agent.

Cash Saved is Cash Made.

Henry Ward Beecher
In a letter to his son coined these golden words—

"You must not go into debt. Avoid debt as you would the Devil. Make it a fundamental rule: no debt—Cash or nothing."

Now brother, sister, if you buy on credit and agree to pay two dollars first of the month or in the fall for what one cash dollar will today buy in your cheap friend Klutz's New York Racket, don't you see that it takes just double from your hot summer's work, takes two days' labor instead of one, or leaves your bank account only half as large?

Candidly now I ask—can you earn money twice as fast by being in debt, or can you make your clothes and shoes wear twice as long by paying double price for them on credit?

If you buy for cash from credit selling stores your cash must help pay the losses on bad debts, so be not deceived, for the losses must come sure as you live, and the rule and practice which surrounds and governs credit-selling stores is not only the law of high prices, but the law too which forces all people who buy from them and pay, to pay every cent for the people who never buy.

In this, the Biggest and Cheapest Store in the State, there is no taint of credit gangrene. I have no losses for you to pay your part of; you pay me only for what you carry home.

My cheap cash system of buying and selling makes this the only store through which it is possible for you to get a dollar's worth of goods for seventy-five cents; and often I am enabled to give you a dollar's worth of good goods for fifty cents.

There never has been a time when a little bit of cash would buy as many good goods as it will right now in your cheap friend Klutz's New York Racket; my cheap price is a plum sign and will surprise you.

Buying cheapest for Cash, selling cheapest for cash, treating every body fairly and squarely and doing things, Pocket Book the most good is the great secret of the growing and growing bigger, and bigger business of the Chester New York Racket.

WE ARE THE PEOPLE

For the very cheapest good goods in the market.

WE ARE CRANKS about giving you the very best goods to be found at the very lowest prices possible. People who buy elsewhere find that they have paid too much. There is no argument to be brought against us; our exceptional experience has GIVEN US THE LEAD.

To Make a Clean Sweep for our next opening we have GREATLY REDUCED everything until September 1st. NOW IS YOUR CHANCE AGAIN.

R. BRANDT, Jeweler and Optician, Chester, S. C.

TOBACCO! MOLASSES!

—EVERYTHING CHEAP AT—

Wm. LINDSAY & SON'S.

Just received car load of NEW ORLEANS MOLASSES, in new clean barrels, which we will let go as fast as possible, so come and see us.

We will sell you good TOBACCO so you can make money on it. Don't forget us.

Wm. LINDSAY & SON.

CALL AT WALKER'S

FOR SOMETHING APPETIZING

These hot, sweltering days. TEAS ESPECIALLY FOR ICES.

If you are looking for PURE VINEGARS, call and get Samples, nothing but pure Malt Cider and White Wine Vinegars.

PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, TURPENTINE, KALSOMINE.

EVERYTHING IN THE PAINTING DEPARTMENT AT—

PHONE 84. Jos. A. Walker's.

Greenville Female College.

LOCATION—HEALTHFUL. No death or serious illness since it was founded in 1851. ACCESSIBLE—On Southern, C. & G., and C. & W. C. R. R.'s. CULTURAL—The center of Baptist schools in South Carolina, the former home of the Southern Baptist Theological Seminary. EQUIPMENTS—LARGE BUILDING, separated from all other buildings, heated by gas and furnaces, lighted by gas and supplied with hot and cold water, closets and bath rooms on each floor. Can have 75 boarders. Libraries, Laboratory, Calisthenics Hall, Maps, Globes, Music Rooms, New Bed-Room Furniture, etc. Conservatories of Music and Art. A Large and Able Faculty—four male and ten female teachers. SERVICE—WORK—Thorough, in thirteen schools. FARE—Abundant, varied, well prepared, in charge of President and his wife, who do not own or lease the school, but manage it on a salary. GOVERNMENT—Parental, firm, kind, home-like. ATTENDANCE—Doubled in four years. From best families. RATES—Low. For the accommodations, the charges are very moderate in all departments. EXAY—Payments may be made quarterly in advance. REPUTATION—Where two come from one family, to the daughters of all ministers. OPENS—September 21, 1898. For Catalogue, address, M. M. RILEY, D. D., Pres., Greenville, S. C.

FURMAN UNIVERSITY.

GREENVILLE, S. C.
Thorough courses leading to the degrees of B. Litt., B. S., B. A., and M. A. The Faculty has been enlarged. Special attention to English, Education, and Pedagogics. New courses in Biology, History, Latin, Modern Languages, and Physics. A new Graduate Department. Early application for rooms in the Mess Halls should be made to Prof. B. E. GEER, Secretary of the Faculty, Caesar's Head, S. C. Address—A. P. MONTAGUE, Greenville, S. C. sept 22

Erskine College, Due West, S. C.

Opens last Wednesday in September. Attendance last year from ten States and Mexico. Two courses leading to the degrees of A. B. and B. S. Total expenses for the nine months in the "Home" \$115.00 in private families \$135.00. Spacious and comfortable "Home," complete and equipped with modern conveniences of bath rooms, etc. Entire building heated by hot water system. Write for Catalogue to—W. M. GRIER, President, Chester, S. C., July 19, 1898.

Notice of Final Discharge Estate of Caleb P. Shurley

Notice is hereby given that at 10 o'clock A. M. on Wednesday, the 24th day of August prox., at the office of the Probate Judge for Chester county, the undersigned will make a final settlement of the estate of Caleb P. Shurley, deceased, and apply for a final discharge. THOS. C. STEPHENSON, 88 Adm. with the will annexed.

County Institute

County Institute for Colored Teachers will be held at Bullfield Institute July 25-30, 1898. W. D. KNOWLTON, County Supt. Education, Chester, S. C., July 19, 1898.

