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The Lantern, Chester S.C.- July 8, 1898

J T. Bigham

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TEMPERANCE COLUMN

UNDER DIRECTION OF REV. J. S. HOFFART.

Is it right for South Carolina to sell liquor to her sons that they may drink and become drunkards?

Preachers and Prohibition.

Some people find fault with the preachers who are taking an active part in the fight against the dispensary as it is at present, and in favor of prohibiting the sale of whiskey as beverage. And they say that our political leaders are the proper ones to lead all reforms that require legislation. They claim that these men are better informed on all such matters, therefore their opinions should be accepted in preference to the opinions of any one else.

On arriving at the Cerro de las Campanas, where a month before he had made his last stand, the fallen emperor looked about him for a friendly face, and finding only his servant, the Hungarian Tudos, he asked, "Is no one else here?" It is said, however, that Baron Magnus, the Prussian minister, and Consul Bahnsen were present, although out of sight.

The good priest weakened under the ordeal. He felt faint, and the rince held his own smelling bottle to his nose. Followed by Generals Miramon and Mejia, Maximilian walked toward the open square, where an adobe wall had been erected, against which they were expected to stand.

He then laid his hands on his breast and looked straight before him. Five shots fired at short range pierced his body. Each of them was mortal. He fell, and as he still moved the officer in charge pointed to his heart with his sword, and a soldier stepped forward and fired a last shot.—Mrs. Cornelius Stevenson in Century.

RAINY SEASON IN CUBA.

The Pleasantest Time of Year and Epidemics are Due to Negligence. William T. Hornaday, chief naturalist of the Smithsonian Institute, has spent nearly ten years in East India, Borneo, and Sumatra jungles, collecting rare animals, birds, insects, and serpents for the Smithsonian. He is the only white man who ever lived among the head hunters of Borneo.

"All this talk of the danger in Cuba of the rainy season, yellow fever, etc., is greatly exaggerated. Because the Spanish army has lost so heavily, many uninformed persons fear that the country would be as fatal to newly arrived Americans as it was to green Spaniards. The Spanish troops, I saw were wretchedly fed and clothed, and absolutely no heed is taken to enforce the most obvious sanitary regulations. Then the food, clothing, medicines, everything the men should have to live upon, is furnished by contractors who stand in with the officers and simply starve the poor soldiers into disease and death. The Spanish women have a saying 'When our

gush of death, be spared' and that he might be the only victim. The request was denied.

After making this supreme effort on behalf of his generals he employed his remaining hours in dictating letters, and when night came he slept soundly.

On the morning of his execution (June 19) he arose at 3 o'clock and dressed carefully. At 4 o'clock Padre Soria came and once more gave him the fast sacrament. An altar had been erected for this purpose in a niche formed by a passage way to his cell. This religious duty having been performed, he gave instructions to Dr. Basch, sending greetings and last tokens to friends. At a quarter before six he breakfasted, and when, on the stroke of 6, the officer appeared who was to lead him to execution he was ready, and himself called his companions in death. Three hacks had been provided for the condemned. The prince entered the first with the priest, and, escorted by the soldiery, the mournful procession moved through a dense crowd to the place of execution.

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HONG KONG, July 4.—The United States dispatch boat Zafiro, which left Cavite, Manila harbor, on July 1st, has arrived here. She reports that the American troops in the transports City of Sidney, City of Peking, and Australia, conveyed by the Charleston, arrived at Cavite on June 30, having taken the Ladron Islands on the way and having left men there.

The Spanish governor and other officials captured were brought to Cavite. The United States troops commenced to disembark at Cavite on July 1.

Campaign Fleetings.

Orangeburg, Thursday, July 16. St. George's, Friday, July 17. Charleston, Saturday, June 18. Walterboro, Monday, June 20. Beaufort, Tuesday (night), June 21. Hampton, Wednesday, July 22. Barnwell, Friday, July 24. Bamberg, Saturday, June 25. Sumter, Tuesday, June 28. Manning, Wednesday, June 29. Monck's Corner, Thursday, June 30. Georgetown, Saturday, July 2. Kingsree, Tuesday, July 5. Florence, Wednesday, July 6. Marion, Thursday, July 7. Conway, Saturday, July 9. Darlington, Tuesday, July 12. Chesterfield, Thursday, July 14. Bennettsville, Saturday, July 16. Bishopville, Tuesday, July 19. Camden, Thursday, July 21.

sons go to Cuba or the Philippines they never return.' Many a Spanish mother whose son is coming near the time when he must do service in the army is praying that Cuba and Porto Rico may be lost to Spain before her son goes away. "After five years of living in the most malarial jungles on earth, in the midst of miasmatic swamps, drinking swamp water, and often having to eat unaccustomed and poorly cooked food, I never had but one touch of the jungle fever, and that only laid me up six or seven days. I owe my excellent health to two or three precautions. I never slept on the bare ground, nor in the rain, and always under shelter. I always wore light flannels next to the skin and never slept in damp clothes. Whatever else I might have to do without, two changes of flannel underwear besides what I had on were always at hand. Take from five to six grains of quinine every morning in a cup of hot coffee, if you have it; if not, then in hot water. Have your shoes to fit you, even if you must buy them yourself, though the United States is furnishing its troops with an excellent marching shoe. With these precautions, and a dose of some light laxative twice a week, there need be no more fear of fever in Cuba than there is in Missouri."

Mr. Morillas, a Cuban born, and for some years an assistant surgeon in the United States navy, now in the Marine Hospital service in the tropics, says: "The rainy season, as it is called out of Cuba, is to the Cubans the most charming season of the year. It begins generally about the middle of May and lasts to the middle of September. It usually rains in the afternoon, and sometimes the fall is very heavy, and accompanied by such thunder and lightning as one never knows outside tropics. It generally stops at sunset, which is simply unspeakably grand in its cloud effects. I rarely ever have known it to rain at night. It is this so-called rainy season that gives life and vigor to the growing vegetation, and makes our sugar and tobacco crops what they are. By eating well-cooked food, and eschewing over-indulgence in the fruits of the country, usually so tempting to strangers, always sleeping under some sort of shelter, and not on the bare ground, the green Yankee from New Hampshire hills may laugh at the bog of the 'rainy season,' and the yellow fever. It is well for the unaccustomed man, the first three months of the stay, to take from three to six grains of quinine every morning and a mild purgative, say twice a week. You may be as wet as possible if you are on the move, but when you stop, change your clothes for dry ones, socks and all. You will never have this fever if you will follow these easily remembered rules."

Dewey is Reinforced.

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Lancaster, Saturday, July 23. Chester, Monday, July 25. Winoport, Tuesday, July 26. Yorkville, Wednesday, July 27. Gaffney, Thursday, July 29. Spartansburg, Friday, July 29. Union, Saturday, July 30. Newberry, Monday, August 8. Laurens, Tuesday, August 9. Greenville, Thursday August 11. Pickens, Friday, August 12. Walhalla, Monday, August 15. Anderson, Tuesday, August 16. Abbeville, Thursday, August 18. Greenwood, Friday, August 19. Aiken, Monday, August 23. Edgefield, Tuesday, August 23. Saluda, Thursday, August 25. Lexington, Friday, August 26. Columbia, Saturday, August 27.

Visiting Cards

Printed neatly, on good white-card board. Satisfaction guaranteed.

THE LANTERN JOB OFFICE.

Ohio River & Charleston Ry. Co.

—CONJUNCTLY WITH THE— South Carolina & Georgia R. R.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT MAY 1, 1898.

Table with columns for NORTHBOUND, SOUTHBOUND, and GAFFNEY DIV. Lists stations and times for various routes.

Trains North of Camden run daily except Sundays. Trains between Charleston and Kingsville. For information as to rates, Clyde Line sailing, etc., call local contracting and traveling agents of both roads.

Carolina and North-Western R'y.

CENTRAL TIME STANDARD.

Schedule in Effect M'ch 6, '98.

Table with columns for GOING NORTH and GOING SOUTH. Lists stations and times for various routes.

Trains Nos. 9 and 10 are first class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains Nos. 20 and 21 are second class, and run daily except Sunday. There is good connection at Chester with the C. & G. R. and the C. & S. R. R. at Gaston with the A. & C. R. R., at Gaston with the C. & S. R. R., and at Hickory and Newton with W. N. U.

HINDIPO RESTORES VITALITY Made a Well Man of Me. GREAT SUCCESS. MRS. H. H. HARRIS, President.

W. H. HARRIS, President. J. J. STRINGFELLOW, Chester, S. C.

GRAND SPRING OPENING! S. M. Jones & Co.

RELIABLE WHOLESALERS AND RETAILERS.

One of the most Complete Stocks of Goods ever exhibited in the City of Chester. We offer the following Bargains:

2 cases Barker's 5-4 Bleaching 16 yds. for \$1.00 Value 10c. 3 cases best Dress Calicoes, 4 cts. per yard. Value 6 1/4 cts. 2 cases best quality standard Shirting Prints, 3c. yard. Value 5 cts. 2 cases figured Dimity, 5 cts a yard. Value 10c. 100 pieces D. Gingham's, 5 cts. a yard. Value 8 cts. 200 pieces white India Linen, 5 cts a yd. Former price 7 1/2 c.

Special Bargains. 25 pieces black figured India Silks, 75c per yd. Value \$1.00.

ORGANDIES. 100 Patterns, beautiful styles, all new, 75c to 1.00.

TAFFETA SILKS. 50 pieces Taffeta and Colored Silks, in all the newest shades, 50c to \$1. per yard.

Great Sale Ladies Shirt Waists at half price. 500 Laundered Waists with Collars and Cuffs. Value 25c. Cheap at 50c.

300 Laundered Waists. Value 75 cts. 200 white collars and cuffs. Value \$1.00.

HATS, SHOES, GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS. We are now opening a beautiful line of Fur and Straw Goods, all the correct things for Spring.

See our line of Neglige Shirts from 25c. to \$1.00. Can't be surpassed anywhere.

Remember we do not keep old goods. Come and buy where you can get goods at wholesale prices. Goods warranted as represented or money refunded.

S. M. JONES & COMPANY.

Lancaster and Chester Railway.

(EASTERN TIME STANDARD) Time Table in Effect May 1, 1898.

Table with columns for SOUTHBOUND and NORTHBOUND. Lists stations and times for various routes.

Connects at Chester with Southern Railway, Carolina and North-Western, and Seaboard Air Line. Connects at Lancaster with O. R. & C. R. R. LEROY SPRINGS, Pa.

Advertisement for Ripan's. Includes text: 'They banish pain and prolong life. ONE GIVES RELIEF.' and an illustration of a man wrestling a large snake.

Advertisement for Ripan's. Includes text: 'No matter what the matter is, one will do you good, and you can get ten for five cents.' and the Ripan's logo.