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The Chester News June 26, 1917

W. W. Pegram

Stewart L. Cassels

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The Semi-Weekly News

VOL. 4 — CHESTER, S. C. TUESDAY JUNE 26, 1917. — NO. 51

SUPERVISOR'S REPORT

Supervisor's Quarterly Report, Chester County, S. C., Ending June 30th, 1917.

948 . C. F. Schulter—Act. O. S. pauper, Miss Vego . 1.50
949 . R. E. Steele—Magistrate Sal. self & Constable Q. ending Mar 31 43.75
950 . C. C. Weir, O. S. P.—aid for March . 2.00
951 . Standard oil Co.—Oil for Co. Farm . 1.35
952 . Chester Drug Co.—Drugs for Chain Gang . 3.55
953 . James R. Reid—Salary self & Constable prisoners expense . 88.15
954 . John G. Colvin, Agt.—O. S. P. aid Samuel Dye . 6.00
955 . W. M. Love, M. D.—post mortem and Lunacy cases . 20.00
956 . S. G. Love, M. D.—One lunacy case . 5.00
957 . M. R. Clark—office chairs for H. H. Shannon's office . 6.00
958 . C. C. Clack—Deputy, 4 arrest . 4.00
959 . Chester Drug Co.—Drugs Jail and Farm . 14.60
960 . S. E. Wylie, Co. Treas.—Salary, postage & phone call for M. 45.31
961 . S. E. Wylie, Co. Treas.—Juror and witness tickets . 372.60
962 . D. G. Anderson, Supervisor—Salary & postage for March . 76.00
963 . Miss Lizzie McNinch, O. S. P.—aid for March . 2.50
964 . Cann Disinfecting Co.—Kill quick for Jail 1916 . 50.00
965 . Samuel Dunn, O. S. P.—aid for March . 2.00
966 . John C. Stewart—Lumber & shingles for Gang and Co. Home . 22.15
967 . Miss Jo Yarborough—traveling expenses and H. D. work . 22.27
968 . Abe Gibson, Agt. O. S. P.—aid Samuel Kligo . 2.50
969 . Abe Gibson—Repairing bridge . 4.00
970 . D. H. Shannon—Blacksmith work for Gang . 6.20
971 . J. W. Falwell—Repairs Court House . 10.77
972 . M. C. Fudge, Auditor—Total compensation equalization . 28.00
973 . L. R. Wise—service on Equalization Board . 9.10
974 . L. Howze—4 days and mileage one day Equal. Board . 9.50
975 . F. A. Nunnery—3 days and mileage one day Equal. Board . 6.00
976 . E. G. Crosby—3 days and mileage one day on Equal. Board . 6.00
977 . W. A. Gladden—3 days and mileage one day on Equal. Board . 6.00
978 . W. H. Gladden—4 days and mileage one day on Equal. Board . 9.40
979 . Cato Sims & wife—O. S. P. aid for March . 2.00
980 . Murphy Hardware Co.—Hardware supplies, Gang Co. Home . 7.20
981 . M. C. Fudge, Auditor—office desk, chair and stool . 35.00
982 . C. B. Ferguson—Auto hire for Grand jury . 2.00
983 . S. E. Wylie, Co. Treas.—witness and juror tickets . 32.30
984 . J. Henry Gladden—Balance on salary for March . 10.42
985 . Howard McCollum, Agt.—O. S. P. aid H. Wilks and wife 3 mo. 9.00
986 . C. O. Hill, Agt.—Freight on chain Gang outfit to Rehburg . 12.00
987 . Lofickhart Mill—1-2 expense for raising flat & repairing same . 64.81
988 . Joseph Wylie & Co.—oil & Broom for Court House . 1.12
989 . S. E. Wylie, Co. Treas.—witness & Juror tickets . 26.60
990 . D. Gober Anderson, sheriff—Jail fee & expenses special law . 152.65
991 . A. W. Wise, Judge Probate—One lunacy . 10.00
992 . Chester Telephone Co.—phone rent for Co. office . 28.80
993 . R. R. Hafner—Board Equalization one day . 2.00
994 . S. G. Miller, M. D.—post mortem case and D. . 10.00
995 . S. E. Wylie, Co. Treas.—witness & Juror tickets . 13.70
996 . Charlie Withers—Janitor Court House . 2.00
997 . Adam Varnadore & wife—O. S. P. aid . 9.00
998 . E. H. Gregory—service and Co. Commissioner . 62.50
999 . R. A. Smith, Agt.—O. S. P. aid Miss Mattie Robinson . 6.00
1000 . H. H. Shannon—Salary for March . 51.25
1001 . Ned Young, Agt.—O. S. P. aid S. J. Broom 2 month . 4.00
1002 . J. E. Love, Agt.—Love Family O. S. P. for March . 7.10
1003 . C. B. Ferguson—Supplies for Gang . 9.85
1004 . W. B. Stevenson, Agt.—O. S. Pauper Esta Ragsdale 3 mo. . 4.50
1005 . J. R. P. Gbison, Salary, self & Constable for March . 87.50
1006 . J. B. P. Gibson—arresting & feeding prisoners . 5.20
1007 . W. F. Burdell—Blacksmithing work Gang & Co. Farm . 32.10
1008 . B. F. Wilks—Salary as Constable for March . 18.75
1009 . J. D. Simpson—Seed corn county Farm . 9.00
1010 . Carl Hatchel—Auto Hire for County Commissioner . 2.00
1011 . W. C. Gladden—Repairing Culvert . 2.00
1012 . W. H. Davis—Summons jury coroner's inquest . 2.00
1013 . D. E. Colvin—wood, Chain Gang . 6.00
1014 . S. E. Wylie, Co. Treas.—Juror Ticket . 6.60
1015 . R. J. Huey—Fee, mule colt Co. Farm . 12.00
1016 . H. E. McConnell, M. D. Two Lunacy cases . 10.00
1017 . Dr. H. M. Ross—One lunacy case . 5.00
1018 . Dr. W. R. Wallace—One lunacy case . 5.00
1019 . S. E. Wylie, Co. Treas.—witness & Juror ticket . 171.80
1020 . Clarence Guy—Furnishing Lumber & Repairing bridge . 2.00
1021 . Southern Public Utilities Co.—Lights Court House & Jail . 6.63
1022 . J. C. O'Donnell, Agt.—O. S. pauper aid Oscar Jones . 3.00
1023 . R. A. Smith, Agt.—O. S. pauper aid Miss Ellen Barnes . 4.50
1024 . Greenwood H. Mfg. Co.—convict stripes . 144.00
1025 . S. E. Wylie, Co. Treas.—Juror Tickets . 215.30
1026 . Z. V. Davidson—Salary, of clerk Board . 16.66
1027 . Z. V. Davdison, Agt.—O. S. P. aid Lon Scott . 1.00
1028 . J. M. Boulware, Agt.—O. S. P. aid, Samuel Green . 4.50
1029 . Fort Lawn & Landaford—club service, managers Elec. B. I. 6.00
1030 . W. E. T. Wade—service manager Election Bond Issue . 3.00
1031 . S. E. Wylie, Co. Treas.—witness & Juror tickets . 80.20
1032 . City of Chester—Water, Court House & Jail . 8.99
1033 . S. E. Wylie, Co. Treas.—witness & Juror Tickets . 242.60
1034 . John L. Miller—Manager Election Bond Issue . 1.00
1035 . D. L. Rambo—Salary Board Education . 21.00
1036 . M. C. Fudge, Auditor—Part salary for April . 20.83
1037 . C. E. Darby & F. P. Kirkpatrick—Managers Election B. I. 2.00
1038 . J. W. Barnes—Repairing Peden Bridge . 3.50
1039 . W. J. Stone, Agt.—cash advanced Isaac Woodward O. S. P. 2.40
1040 . H. O. Tennant—Manager Election Bond Issue . 1.00
1041 . Lee Carter—Repairing bridge Sandy River station . 2.60
1042 . J. W. Lyles—Shovels & poles Lando bridge . 3.00
1043 . S. E. Wylie, Co. Treas.—witness & Juror tickets . 54.60
1044 . A. M. Gregory,—manager Election Bond Issue . 1.00
1045 . C. A. McLurkin, M. D.—Lunacy & post mortem . 10.00
1046 . J. H. Gladden, Coroner—part salary for April . 10.40
1047 . C. W. Ratterree—Lumber for bridge . 28.40
1048 . Chester Reporter—printing & advertising for Co. office . 83.85
1049 . S. E. Wylie, Co. Treas.—witness & juror tickets . 14.50
1050 . C. B. McCollum—service Equalization Board . 7.50
1051 . J. E. Orr—Day Labor Co. Farm . 19.90
1052 . Harry W. Lewis—Court House decorating . 20.00
1053 . S. E. Wylie, Co. Treas.—witness & Juror tickets . 7.00
1054 . Semi-Weekly News—advertising Election Bond Issue . 35.00
1055 . W. T. McDaniel & Two others—Managers Election B. I. 3.00
1056 . William Moffat—cleaning Court & Jail . 1.50
1057 . Bishop Dil Co.—Oil & Gas County Farm . 6.35
1058 . S. E. Wylie, Co. Treas.—Juror Ticket . 1.00
1059 . W. C. Garrison, Agt.—O. S. pauper Elisha Buchanan . 6.00
1060 . W. L. Roberson and Two other—Managers Election Bond I. 3.00
1061 . J. E. Orr—Salary self & wages hands, Co. Farm . 127.05
1062 . Underwood Typewriter Co.—rent on machine, Clerk's office . 9.00
1063 . J. H. Stewart—manager Election Bond Issue . 1.00
1064 . S. O. McKown—Salary self & Guards . 132.50
1065 . M. C. Fudge—Balance on Salary for April . 20.84
1066 . J. S. Darby & Two others—Managers Election Bond Issue . 3.00
1067 . M. D. Stones—Bridge Lumber for Lando bridge . 19.77
1068 . J. C. Hicklin—bridge lumber for Lando bridge . 51.39
1069 . H. L. Walker—bridge lumber for Lando bridge . 35.20
1070 . J. F. Beam—Lumber & Repairing bridge . 7.15
1071 . H. C. Wilks—Constable—Sglary for April . 27.08
1072 . J. W. Jordan—6 days on Equalization Board . 12.00
1073 . A. L. Roberts—cleaning adding machine . 3.50
1074 . S. E. Wylie, Co. Treas.—Juror Tickets . 4.60
1075 . C. C. Weir—O. S. P. aid for April . 2.00
1076 . D. Gober Anderson, sheriff—Salary for April . 100.00
1077 . Chester Drug Co.—Drugs for Gang . 13.25
1078 . Klutts Dept. Store—Blankets for Co. Home . 9.45
1079 . Miss Jo Yarborough—Salary & mileage & H. D. work for April . 102.27
1080 . W. D. Knox—Salary & postage for April . 63.61
1081 . R. L. Douglas, Co. Atty.—Salary for April . 8.33
1082 . Jno. E. Trussell, Agt.—O. S. pauper aid Wade Beasley . 3.00
1083 . Miss Lizzie McNinch—O. S. P. aid . 2.50
1084 . Valley Hardware Co.—Nuts and Bolts for bridge . 19.20
1085 . S. E. Wylie, Co. Treas.—witness tickets . 3.60
1086 . S. E. Wylie, Co. Treas. Salary, postage, telegrams . 45.16
1087 . Cato Sims & wife—O. S. P. aid . 2.00
1088 . J. Henry Gladden—Balance on Salary for April . 10.42
1089 . D. G. Anderson—Supervisor . 75.00
1090 . Hilliard McWaters—O. S. P. aid 4 months . 6.00
1091 . A. W. Wise, Judge probate—commitment paper & postage . 10.30
1092 . J. W. Falwell—Repairing pipe Court House . 1.00
1093 . W. A. McNeil—Salary as Constable Q. ending March 31 . 18.75
1094 . W. A. McNeil,—manager Election Bond Issue . 1.00
1095 . Rescue Orphanage—Support 3 children two months . 50.00
1096 . Morow Machine Co.—7 coffins Co. Home . 4.50
1097 . W. G. Dye—Hauling & repairing bridge . 9.50
1098 . H. A. Holder—Furnishing coffin unknown man killed by R. R. 2.50
1099 . J. E. Cornwell, V. S.—treating cow Co. Home . 3.00
1100 . Robt. Talford & John Kirkpatrick—ditching Co. Home . 13.20
1101 . A. W. Wise, Judge Probate—One Lunacy . 10.00
1102 . H. H. Shannon, magistrate—Salary for April . 31.25
1103 . Dr. A. M. Wylie—post mortem . 10.00
1104 . Chester Ice & Fuel Co.—Coal, Court H. and Jail . 79.00
1105 . Z. V. Davidson—Salary, Clerk of Board . 16.66
1106 . Z. V. Davidson, Agt.—O. S. P. aid Lon Scott . 1.00
1107 . C. B. Ferguson—Supplies, chain gang . 15.60
1108 . Joseph Wylie & Co.—Supplies Chain Gang & Farm . 397.98
1109 . J. E. Orr—Day Labor, Co. Farm . 14.25
1110 . Dr. G. A. Hennies—Gang, Jail Co. Home, Two lunacies . 29.50
1111 . Dr. R. H. McFadden—Lunacy, post mortem . 15.00
1112 . Dr. H. E. McConnell—One lunacy . 5.00
1113 . A. E. Young—part on coffin, R. D. McNinch . 10.00
1114 . Wilks Gregory—post for wire fence, Jail . 1.25
1115 . T. E. Whitesides—meals for Juryman & Guards on Gang . 11.50
1116 . C. C. Clack—One arrest . 1.00
1117 . D. Gober Anderson, sheriff—Jail fee & expenses . 48.30
1118 . J. E. Love, Agt.—O. S. P. Love family . 7.50
1119 . W. T. Dallas—cleaning raft off bridge . 1.00
1120 . The Mutual Hail Ins. Co.—premium 32 acres cotton Co. Farm . 4.80
1121 . J. M. Love—cleaning rafts off bridge . 2.50
1122 . A. K. Glascock—Lumber & land for Tinker's creek bridge . 57.64
1123 . W. B. Crosby—Salary quarter ending May 6, 1917 . 50.00
1124 . W. P. McFadden—Salary as constable Q. ending May 6 . 21.25
1125 . Semi-Weekly News—printing for Court House . 39.75
1126 . Southern Public Utilities Co.—Lights C. H. & Jail . 6.46
1127 . Samuel Dunn—O. S. pauper aid April . 2.00
1128 . The S. M. Jones Co.—2 tons nitrate soda . 264.00
1129 . J. W. Wilkes magistrate—Salary, self & constable . 68.75
1130 . R. W. Wilkes—service as manager Election Bond Issue . 1.00
1131 . Seaboard Railway—Freight on tents for Gang . 5.23
1132 . W. W. Stokes—cabbage plants Co. Farm . 5.55
1133 . J. I. Smith—Manager Election . 1.00
1134 . W. F. Burdell—Blacksmith work Gang Co. Farm . 39.80
1135 . J. E. Orr—Day labor Co. Farm . 14.30
1136 . City of Chester—water, Court House & Jail . 9.90
1137 . J. Henry Gladden—part salary for May . 10.42
1138 . D. G. Anderson, Supervisor—part salary for May . 37.50
1139 . A. W. Wise, Judge Probate—One lunacy . 10.00
1140 . James H. Gladden—expenses of Election Commissioners . 13.38
1141 . T. S. Leitner—Drugs Co. Home . 28.75
1142 . S. E. Wylie, Co. Treas.—Propiasry notes . 15,607.68
1143 . M. C. Fudge—part salary for May and postage . 21.83
1144 . J. E. Orr—Day labor Co. Farm . 19.20
1145 . A. McCorkey—Lumber, butter and wood, Chain gang . 12.70
1146 . C. F. Schulter, Agt.—O. S. P. aid M. Veno . 1.50
1147 . J. A. B. Boyd—manager election Bond Issue . 1.00
1148 . W. L. Triplett—Lumber & repairing bridge . 5.95
1149 . Joseph Wylie & Co.—Guano, Co. Farm . 278.33
1150 . The S. M. Jones Co.—Supplies C. G., Co. F. . 184.26
1151 . S. E. Wylie, Co. Treas.—Juror Tickets . 50
1152 . A. W. Wise, Judge Probate—Two lunacies . 20.00
1153 . W. D. Tomberland & two others—Manager election . 3.00
1154 . M. E. White—Butter Co. Farm . 7.50
1155 . J. E. Orr—Salary self, wages hands & day labor Co. Farm . 142.65
1156 . S. E. Wylie, Co. Treas.—Juror tickets . 4.50
1157 . Pryor Hospital—operations, Will Hill convict . 47.70
1158 . S. E. Wylie, Co. Treas.—Juror ticket . 1.00
1159 . M. C. Fudge, Auditor—Balance on salary for May . 20.84
1160 . D. Gober Anderson, sheriff—Salary as sheriff for May . 100.00
1161 . D. G. Anderson, Supervisor—Balance on salary & postage . 38.50
1162 . Greenwood—wood & moving chain gang . 45.00
1163 . John C. Stewart—Lumber Wylie mill bridge . 14.69
1164 . John C. Stewart—Lumber, Co. Farm . 10.75
1165 . Miss Jo Yarborough—traveling expenses & part salary May . 40.00
1166 . R. L. Douglas—Salary as attorney for May . 13.33
1167 . W. D. Knox—Salary & postage for May . 63.70
1168 . Samuel Dunn—O. S. P. aid May . 2.00
1169 . Miss Lizzie McNinch—O. S. P. aid . 2.50
1170 . William H. Murr—Repairing guttering on jail . 1.75
1171 . J. Henry Gladden—Balance on Salary for May . 10.42

GERMANS FLYING IN FLEETS.

Large Numbers of Airplanes Keep Together, Owing to Recent Losses.

British Front in France, June 18—Having been virtually driven from the air during the battle of Messines, the German air forces have been attempting to reassert themselves during the last week by adopting the familiar old Teutonic tactics of mass formation. The British pilots report that they seldom meet the Germans now in squadrons of less than fifteen machines, while occasionally they encounter an enemy "aerial army" consisting of from forty to sixty airplanes.

None of these great formations has yet been able to cross the British lines, for the new tactics have found the Royal Flying Corps prepared, and numbers have been met with numbers. Some of the battles of the last few days have found as many as from seventy to eighty machines involved. All these engagements have occurred well inside German territory, and have been barely visible from the British line. The pilots engaged found the fighting so intense that they had no time to reckon the losses inflicted upon the retreating Germans. Later, however, British machines flew low over the ground, counting the numbers which had been burned or wrecked.

After one of these general melees ten enemy airplanes were seen smashed, while only two British fliers had been compelled to quit the fight, one of these being able to land within his own line.

One young British pilot, who bids fair soon to equal the record made by the late Captain Ball, emulated the latter a few days ago by deliberately "sitting" over a German airdrome, some twenty miles within the enemy lines and smashing one by one four machines which came up to attack him. When he began hovering above the plane he saw seven machines in the airdrome with engines running. He engaged the first one that left the ground when it was only sixty feet up, and it fell a complete wreck.

Diving at the second machine which rose the British pilot drove it squarely into a tree. Two machines then left the ground together, so the Britisher jhonsed it best to set a little more height before attacking. This pair. He climbed to 1,000 feet and then, after a brief three-cornered fight, saw both his adversaries go down within 300 feet of each other.

After this exploit the khika pilot returned safely, but with his machine considerably shot up by machine gun fire from the ground.

BRYAN URGES FOOD CONTROL

Not afraid to Trust Wilson With Power, He Says.

Washington, June 21—William J. Bryan, passing through the capital today, added his indorsement to the Administration Food Bill in this statement:

"A Government that can commandeer the lives of its citizens and call for the money of its older men should have power to protect the whole people from the greed of an unpatriotic few. I am not afraid to trust the President with the powers which the Food Administration Bill proposes to confer. He acts in daylight and without a selfish interest. No President would abuse such a power."

ARMENIA NEWS

Armenia has been visited in the past week by helpful showers and the crops are looking well. The farmers are harvesting the grains as well as fighting the grass in the cotton and corn fields.

But the most important thing in Armenia these days is Beans, since the chief topic of conversation is "bean" and the chief occupation is stringing beans, shelling beans or picking beans. Surely there will be a sufficient supply of beans on hand when the winter days arrive.

Miss Jo Yarborough expects to hold a canning demonstration June 29, at the home of Rev. J. H. Yarborough. The ladies are invited to be present, since this will prove of great advantage to them, in preserving the fruits and vegetables for future use.

Mr. and Mrs. John Hartness of Sharon spent a few hours in the Community Sunday with friends.

Misses Hattie Harden and Dorothy Cox of Belton are spending their vacation at the home of Rev. J. H. Yarborough.

Miss Grace Atkinson left a few days ago for Clemson College to visit her sister, Mrs. Boyd Brandon.

Miss Cornelia Smith of Winthrop College is at home for vacation.

Miss Katie Yarborough spent a few days last week in Chester as the guest of Miss Jennie Oates.

Mr. and Mrs. Marion G. Snell of Augusta, Ga., were the guestsof Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Yarborough last week.

A number of young people were delightfully entertained one evening last week by Misses Edna and Virginia Grant at their home.

Messrs. James H. Pressley, J. H. Yarborough, Jr., Lawrence and Rob Atkinson were the Clemson boys who arrived home Tuesday night.

Miss Bessie Mae Stones of Rock Hill is the guest of Mrs. J. B. Atkinson, Jr.

Miss Willie Hudson left last week for Winthrop College to attend Summer school.

Miss Alga Carter returned home Tuesday, after spending a few days in Lancaster with friends.

Mr. R. O. Atkinson has purchased a handsome Chevolet touring car.

Miss Elizabeth Yarborough spent a few days last week with her aunt, Mrs. S. H. Harden, Jr., of Dinbes.

Mrs. J. Foster Carter left last week for Winthrop College, to attend the canning demonstrations during the summer term.

Miss Leila Grant of Chester is the guest of Mrs. Ainsley Grant.

Miss Mary Boyd Harden proved her self a charming hostess, one afternoon last week to a number of her friends at a party, given in honor of the young people just home from college.

Miss Emma Atkinson expects to leave in a few days for Rock Hill to attend Winthrop Summer school.

Rev. and Mrs. J. H. Yarborough spent the week-end at Jenkinsville with relatives.

We are glad to hear that Mrs. H. H. Gregory, who underwent an operation at the Pryor Hospital last week, is getting along nicely.

Miss Carrie Brown who has been working in Union for teh past year is at home for a few weeks.

Miss Eileene Harden of Dinber was a welcome visitor in the community last week.

Miss Annie Lee of Chester spent Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Lee.

PLAN TO ORGANIZE WOMEN OF CONTRY

Scheme for Registration of Nation's Housewives Gone Over by Experts.

Washington, June 21—Plans for registration of the country's housewives as members of the food administration were gone over with the women's committee of the defense council today by Dr. Ray L. Wilbur, head of the administration's conservations section.

State chairmen operating under the direction of State defense councils, will have charge of the registration. Women's organizations will do most of the work of registration. Newspapers will be asked to print daily during the two weeks of registration—July 1 to 15—the form of pledge women will be asked to sign and send to the food administration.

Every woman member of the administration will be asked to wear in her kitchen a uniform apron as a symbol of her membership. On her sleeve she will be asked to wear the shield of the food administration.

The federal trade commission announced today that in its food price investigation just starting, it will seek immediate remedies for high prices in some commodities. The commission will take up simultaneously five food branches—meat packing, flour and breadstuffs, cold storage, butter and eggs and canning.

Carpenters and Laborers, wanted at Winthrop. S. C. Large Job. Steady work, good wages. Gallman Building Co. 3-T.

GIRLS SHAVE HEADS, TRAIN HARD TO FIGHT

Russia's "Command of Death" Also Sleep on Bare Boards and Endure Rigid Discipline.

Petrograd, June 21—The "Command of Death," which is the official title of the women's regiment raised by the twice wounded girl officer Vera Buitchkareff, will be reviewed today by Minister of War Kerensky. The regiment will have its first public parade on Sunday and will leave in a fortnight for the front, probably for the Minsk sector.

The Associated Press correspondent who visited the barracks in Torgsaya Street found posted at the gate a little blue-eyed sentry in a soldier's khaki blouse, short breeches, green forage cap, ordinary women's black stockings and neat shoes. The sentry was Marya Skrydloff, daughter of Admiral Skrydloff, former commander of the Baltic Fleet and Minister of Marine.

Inside there were four large dormitories, the beds without bedding and strewn with heavy soldiers' overcoats. In the courtyard 300 girls were at drill, mostly between 18 and 25 years old, of good physique, and many of them pretty. They wore their hair short or had their heads entirely shaved. They were drilling under the instruction of a male Sergeant of the Volynsky regiment and marched to an exaggerated goosestep.

Commander Lieut. Buitchkareff explained that most of the recruits were from the higher educational academies or secondary schools, with a few peasants, factory girls, and servants. Some married women were among the recruits, but none who had children. The girl commander said:

"We apply the rigid system of discipline of the pre-revolutionary army, rejecting the new principle of soldier self-government. Having no time to inure the girls gradually to hardships we impose a Spartan regime from the first. They sleep on boards without bedclothes, thus immediately eliminating the weak. The smallest breach of discipline is punished by expulsion in disgrace.

"The ordinary soldier's food is furnished by the guards equipage corps. We rise at 4 and drill daily from 7 to 11 and again from 1 to 6. The girls carry the Russian carbine, which is five pounds lighter than the regular army rifle. On our first parade I requested any girls whose motives were frivolous to step out. Only one did so, but later many who were unable to stand the privations left us.

"We are fully official and are already entered on the lost of regiments. Uniforms and supplies are received from the Ministry of War, to which we render account and present reports. Yesterday the commander of the Petrograd military district reviewed us and expressed his satisfaction. I am convinced that we will excel the male fighters."

Asked as to the attitude of the male army, Commander Buitchkareff said that "only the Volynsky regiment, which led the Petrograd revolution, was really favorable."

The regimental clerk is Mme. Barbara Rukovishikoff, editor of the weekly Woman and Economy and author of some admirable short stories. She said that Mme. Kerensky intended to come to Petrograd not as a soldier, but as a Sister of Mercy.

STRIKE LEADER CAUGHT AFTER TAKING A BRIBE

Attempt to Hold Up Contract on Cannon in Philadelphia Cleverly Foiled.

Philadelphia, June 22.—"We can't help it if you are doing work for the Government," said Robert S. Walsh, strike leader of Local 15, International Molders' Union, today in threatening Governor Cadwallader, President of the Cresson-Morris Company, that unless he was paid $500 he would continue a strike against that company, notwithstanding that parts of cannon to be used on battleships and in coast defense are being made at the company's shops.

A detectophone in an adjoining room was recording the conversation. Mr. Cadwallader spoke of patriotism and protested against the unfairness of continuing a strike at present, owing to the national crisis but Walsh insisted. Mr. Cadwallader counted out five $100 bills that had been marked and handed them to the union leader. A few minutes later detectives walked into the room and placed Walsh under arrest. The money was found in his possession. He will have a hearing tomorrow.

The arrest of Walsh occurred in the Walton Hotel, where he had gone to confer with Cadwallader over the possibility of calling off the strike. While neither the detectives nor Cadwallader would make a statement, it is believed that the detectives are after men higher up rather than Walsh, and additional arrests are expected.

WORK BEGINS AT COLUMBIA IN EARNEST

Material Begins to Arrive This Week for Cantonment—First Train Crosses Trestle—Battalion From First Regiment Goes on Guard—Scene of Action.

Columbia, June 25th.—A force of one thousand men will this week begin work on the Columbia cantonment which will house a division, 30,000 men, of Uncle Sam's new army. The new city, six miles east of Columbia, is rising like a mushroom and there is every indication that the camp will be ready for occupancy by September 1, the tentative date set by the war department.

All forces are pulling together and the camp is gradually taking shape. The preliminary surveys by war department engineers have practically been completed. Some of the most capable civil engineers in the country are engaged in laying out the camp.

The railroad line from Camp Robinson on the Atlantic Coast Line railroad, a distance of three and one-half miles, has been completed. The first train entered the camp Saturday to test the trestle which is 600 feet long.

A carload of merchandise consigned to the Hardaway Construction company will reach camp Monday. Fifteen cars of material daily will be required for the construction forces.

White tents are springing up all about the camp to house the workmen. A large commissary has been constructed for the construction company.

Company E, Union, First regiment, National Guard of South Carolina, under command of Capt. I. Frost Walker, Jr., is on guard duty at the camp. The Second battalion includes the Union, Spartanburg, Rock Hill and Fort Mill companies.

The Southern railway is constructing a branch line from Childs station to Camp Robertson. The Seaboard will reach the camp over the tracks of the Southern. The spur line from Camp Robertson was constructed jointly by the three railways.

The track of the Columbia Street Railway company has been carried Street cars will be operated to the to a point two miles from the camp. camp within the next two weeks.

Laborers are coming to Columbia from all sections of the South. Several thousand will be needed and quarters for a great number will be provided at the camp. A large part of the camp has been cleared of underbrush.

Hundreds of people visit the camp daily. The roads are in good condition.

NEGRO MAN SAVED BY OFFICER'S WORK

Accused of Assault, Prisoner is Taken and Probable Mob Violence Averted.

Lexington, June 24.—By quick and swift work of Sheriff Sim J. Miller, it is believed that this county was saved a lynching near Batesburg last night, where a negro, Pope Gillam, attempted an assault upon a well known young white woman of the community. The girl was riding in the evening was shopping and the negro is said to have watched her course as she passed to and fro in the town. He followed her to her home, where he is said to have made an attempt to enter the home and was prevented from doing so by screams of the young woman. Gibson was arrested by the chief of police of Batesburg and kept in a secluded spot until the arrival of the sheriff from Lexington about midnight. The color of the situation led Sheriff Miller to believe that a lynching was brewing, angry citizens being gathered everywhere and the officer made a record run in his car from Batesburg to the State penitentiary, where the accused was lodged for safekeeping and where he will be held until the general sessions court for Lexington.

NOTICE OF FINAL RETURN.

On Monday, July 16th, 1917, I will make my final Return as Guardian of William Marion Crawford to Hon. A. W. Wise, Probate Judge, and apply for letters of Dismission.

J. H. CRAWFORD.

Chester, S. C. June 15, 1917.

15-22-29-6

James C. Cronin, President of Local 15, International Molders' Union, from whom Walsh said he received his orders, said he thought the Cresson-Morrison Company officials and the detectives had "been doing some framing up," but he declined to discuss the matter further.

The Semi-Weekly News
Published Tuesday and Friday,
at Chester, S. C.

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TUESDAY, JUNE 26.

I AM GROWING FOOD TO HELP WIN THE WAR
SERVICE FOR ALL

Some time ago it was the will of our City Council that every person living or owning property within a certain restricted district of the city be required to put in sewerage. A number of people who live in this section of the city have carried out the will of the council and others have not. This fact was evidently brought to the attention of the council since the record shows that at another meeting the members of the council again discussed the matter and, we believe, it was the general understanding that this matter would be handled with dispatch.

It has been several months now since the order was issued and still there are a number of houses in the district mentioned above, which have no sewerage connection.

Our opinion of the matter is that the city council has merely been delaying this important matter. However, we wish to state that some people talk as if they were of the opinion that our city council is allowing certain privileges to certain citizens. We sincerely trust that view of the matter is in error and that our council will immediately take steps to see that the citizens of this town enjoy equal rights. No one need argue that it is good government to require one man to put in sewerage and not require the same of his neighbor.

"Equal rights to all and special privileges to none," is what our citizens desire and, we know of several parties who are looking to the council to see that this is carried out.

There may have been a few big business firms in this country who expected to "mop up" in the event this country entered the world-wide war and, doubtless, if allowed their way they would gouge the government and the people to "a happy Fare-you-well." However, regulations are being formulated which will allow President Wilson authority to handle not only the price of articles to be purchased by the government but also the handling of the prices to be paid by the people. The prices of the various commodities are essential to the successful conduct of the war and Congress must give the President authority to protect the government in the prices it must pay for the necessaries of war as well as the things the people must consume during the war.

It appears that it has taken a world-wide war to make the American people realize that speculation is illegitimate business. This so called speculation is nothing less than gambling but it has been going on so long until we have become polite, so to speak, and we call it speculation.

The difference between legitimate business and this gambling, which we call speculation, is that in an honest business transaction both parties to the deal are benefited, whereas in the speculative transaction one must lose that another may win. The cotton farmers of the South have lost millions of dollars by speculation but it has taken food speculation to open the eyes of the people.

It is possible that this war will end speculation in all our products which will be a blessing to the mass.

There is no such thing in the United States at the present time as neutrality, insofar as this country is concerned. A person must either be for or against the United States. The late actions of the Mayor of Chicago would indicate that he is against the United States and we are glad to note that the Chicago City Council has passed resolutions empowering committees to take the necessary steps either to impeach the Mayor or secure his enforced resignation.

The underlying hostility toward inviting the Balfour commission to visit Chicago.

A man who is not heart and soul with the United States in its present conflict certainly has no business being Mayor of Chicago and it is to be hoped that the present head of that city will be forced to step down and out.

True Personal Service.

Personal service is the one great outstanding obligation of every man and woman in this country at the present time. Unless we give it readily, willingly and promptly we shall fail to perform a high patriotic duty. Experience has shown throughout all our lives hitherto that the individual personal service which we have been able to render from time to time has accomplished the best and most lasting results. There have been many times in our experience when we have yielded to the temptation to shirk our duty and allow others to perform it for us. Such action may not have signified very much to us at the time; indeed, we probably congratulated ourselves that we were able to evade certain responsibilities, and went on our way rejoicing. Repeated offences of the kind, however, result in the formation of the habit of shirking our duty and after a while we lose our sense of individual responsibility and seldom go out of our way to render personal service. Such a condition naturally undermines character, and the result is that there are many persons who do not realize the meaning of the phrase "personal service" nor what obligations it imposes. Of course, there are men and women everywhere who are willing to do something now to show their loyalty to the cause in which we are engaged, but either because of their lack of appreciation of responsibility in its best sense or because they do not yet realize the significance of the tremendous event which is transpiring they falter before the call of duty.

The time has come, however, when we cannot pass on to others the work which we ourselves must do. Those "others" who perhaps have borne in silence more than their share of the burden have now as much as they can do in performing their own duties, and for this reason the idea of personal service from each individual must be impressed upon all who are physically and mentally able to be of assistance in the present crisis. There is so much to be done, so many ways in which the individual may help, so many calls to be responded to that those who are sincere in their desire to help will find ample opportunity for doing so. Indeed, the choice of personal service is large and mobile; it does not make very much difference at the present stage in which direction we should apply our activities, one line of endeavor being very nearly as important as another. Aside from active military service there are many fields of labor open to conscientious men and women actuated by the sole desire to be of service—the growing of crops, the purchase of Liberty Bonds, the activities of the Red Cross and allied patriotic organizations, the conservation of foodstuffs, the prevention of waste, the preserving and canning of fruits and vegetables for family winter use, and many similar opportunities. It is impossible for every individual to work in the same field of activity for various reasons, and perhaps the most important of these is the simple fact that one person may render more valuable service in one direction than in another, and common sense is the best guide as to the choice of a field of service. The point is that we can do something for the good of our country if we will, perhaps not as much as many of us would like, but at least we have the opportunity of doing what we can if we only make use of it. We cannot afford to sit by idly while others all about us are doing their bit, somehow, the knowledge that others are serving while we are doing nothing eats into our souls by degrees, and we begin to grow restless. When we have reached that point we may well take heart because it is the dawn of the realization of personal service and we soon find our places in the ranks and become active workers in the field of patriotic service.

Just as in our normal intercourse in life we know that the best results proceed from personal service—from the work of the individual himself—so, too, we shall find that in the present crisis with its ever-increasing obligations the work of the individual will count for the most. We must all cooperate to the best of our ability, not in one specific way then in another, but at least all roads of endeavor lead to one goal for the present, and each man and woman must make it a moral obligation to do the personal "bit" so essential to national success. It all means more than even the most far-seeing can realize now but after a while, when we have caught the swing of the multitudes tending all their energies to the one great end, we too, shall share in the glory and the blessings of true personal service.

ECZEMA REMEDY
Meritol
Sold on a guarantee for Eczema, Tetter, Salt-Rheum, and similar affections of the skin and scalp. Sold only by us, 50c and $1.00.
Shelder Drug Co., Chester, S. C.

GERMAN PAPER AGAIN ATTACKS MR. GERARD

Vossische Zeitung Recalls Suicide of Ludwig Grosse, as Alleged

The Hague, June 22.—The Vossische Zeitung of Berlin, continuing its campaign against former Ambassador Gerard, now accuses him of having the suicide of Ludwig Grosse, a socalled American resident of Berlin. This accusation is supported by Jacquse Meyer and by Isaac Wolff, who is President of the pseudo-American Chamber of Commerce in Berlin.

The Vossische Zeitung says Grosse was sent to America by Mr. Gerard in December, 1915, accompanied by Meyer, in connection with film productions and to collect money for the German Red Cross, with American passport recommendations from Gerard to William Randolph Hearst and other people. Grosse is supposed to have collected large sums while in America. Having renewed his passport in America for two years, Grosse was obliged to return to Berlin temporarily in September, 1916, just missing Mr. Gerard, who had left for America at that time. Shortly afterward Mr. Gerard cabled from America dismissing Grosse from the Red Cross Committee.

When Mr. Gerard returned in December, 1916, Grosse, according to the Vossische Zeitung, hastened to the embassy, hoping to clear up the matter, but he was informed by Mr. Gerard that he had presumed on his authority, as he had been sent to America in connection with film productions and not to collect money.

"How could you dare to collect money for the German Red Cross in America? Mr. Gerard demanded.

When Grosse replied he had been authorized to do so, Mr. Gerard, the paper says, called him a dammed liar, tearing up his letters of recommendation, locking up his passports and showing him the door. Grosse said Mr. Gerard deprived him of his citizenship, dishonored his good name and deprived him of his means of existence, which was a percentage received on the moneys collected for the Red Cross.

The paper further accuses Mr. Gerard of asserting at the famous Adlon dinner after his return from America that he himself had collected $100,000 in America, when in reality the sum was mostly collected by Grosse. Grosse was supposed to have become mentally affected, and was found dead in January, with a receipt on him for the compensation he was to have received.

In this connection it may be remembered that Mrs. Grosse, who also went to America to collect money, achieved the unenviable reputation of smuggling a German reservist across the ocean in her cabin, but he was discovered by the British authorities owing to the fact that the cabin consumed so much food.

Bank No. 67.
STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF

THE COMMERCIAL BANK

located at Chester, S. C., at the close of business June 20, 1917.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts		$485,425.82
Overdrafts		1,517.31
Bonds and Stocks owned by the Bank,		15,500.00
Banking House,		36,000.00
Due from Banks and Bankers,		41,431.51
Currency,		9,917.00
Gold,		805.00
Silver and Other Minor Coin,		5,576.21
Checks and Cash Items,		1,621.87
Total		$597,788.75

LIABILITIES

Capital Stock Paid in		$100,000.00
Surplus Fund		55,000.00
Undivided Profits, less Current Expenses and Taxes Paid,		17,541.55
Due to Banks & Bkrs.		3,778.28
Dividends unpaid		45.50
Individual deposits subject to check	$203,544.94	
Savings dep.	90,188.22	
Time certificates of deposit	92,094.59	
Certified checks	169.40	
Cashier's checks	427.37	386,423.62
Bills Payable, including Certificate for Money Borrowed		35,000.00
Total		$597,788.75

State of South Carolina—County of Chester, ss:

Before me came Robt. Gage, Cashier of the above named bank, who, being duly sworn, says that the above and foregoing statement is a true condition of said bank, as shown by the books of said bank.

ROBT. GAGE, Cashier.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 26th, day of June, 1917.

J. R. DYE, Notary Public.

Correct Attest:
A. G. BRICE,
A. R. CARTON,
R. B. CALDWELL,
Directors.

No. 10663. Reserve District No. 5.

REPORT OF CONDITION OF

THE PEOPLES NATIONAL BANK.

at Chester, in the State of South Carolina, at the close of business on June 20, 1917.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$215,281.38
Overdrafts unsecured		325.04
Payment on account subscription for Liberty Loan Bonds		260.00
Stock of Federal Reserve Bank (50 per cent of subscription)		2,350.00
Equity in banking house		10,000.00
Furniture and fixtures		3,000.00
Real estate owned other than banking house		3,500.00
Net amount due from approved reserve agents in New York, Chicago, and St. Louis	7,161.68	
Net amount due from approved reserve agents in other reserve cities	16,609.11	23,770.79
Net amount due from banks and bankers (other than included in 13 or 21)		51,548.84
Other checks on banks in the same city or town as reporting bank		140.80
Outside checks and other cash items	1,009.63	
Fractional currency, nickles and cents	139.18	1,148.79
Notes of other national banks		165.00
Federal Reserve notes		550.00
Lawful reserve in vault and net amount due from Federal Reserve Bank		26,755.63
Total		$338,796.27

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$ 50,000.00
Surplus fund		27,500.00
Undivided profits	17,990.67	
Less current expenses, interest, and taxes paid	6,563.02	11,427.65
Amount reserved for taxes accrued		1,000.00
Amount reserved for all interest accrued		4,500.00
Net amount due to banks and bankers (other than included in 30 or 31)		2,631.76
Dividends unpaid		28.00
Demand Deposits Subject to Reserve:		
Individual deposits subject to check		130,249.59
Cashier's checks outstanding		1,520.43
Total demand deposits subject to Reserve, Items 34, 35, 36, 37, 38 39 and 40		131,770.02
Time Deposits Subject to Reserve:		
Certificates of deposit (other than for money borrowed)		66,589.89
Other time deposits		43,348.95
Total of time deposits subject to Reserve, Items 41, 42, and 43		109,938.84
Total		$338,796.27

State of South Carolina, County fo Chester, ss:

I, W. A. Corkill, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

W. A. CORKILL, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 26th, day of June, 1917.

J. R. DYE, Notary Public.

Correct Attest:
JNO. M. JONES,
JOHN FRAZER,
H. E. McCONNELL,
Directors.

No. 8471 Reserve District No. 5.

REPORT OF CONDITION OF

THE NATIONAL EXCHANGE BANK

at Chester, in the State of South Carolina, at the close of business on June 20, 1917.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$523,368.13
Overdrafts unsecured		311.80
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)	100,000.00	
Total U. S. bonds (other than Liberty Bonds) and certificates of indebtedness		100,000.00
Payment on account subscription for Liberty Loan Bonds		402.00
Securities other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks) owned unpledged	5,000.00	
Total bonds, securities, etc		5,000.00
Stock of Federal Reserve Bank (50 per cent of subscription)		4,200.00
Value of banking house	5,700.00	
Equity in banking house		5,700.00
Furniture and fixtures		1,800.00
Real estate owned other than banking house		2,000.00
Net amounts due from approved reserve agents in New York, Chicago, and St. Louis	24,647.76	
Net amount due from approved reserve agents in other reserve cities	5,890.14	30,537.90
Net amount due from banks and bankers (other than included in 13 or 21)		16,977.20
Other checks on banks in the same city or town as reporting bank		654.58
Outside checks and other cash items	829.95	
Fractional currency, nickles and cents	660.05	1,490.00
Notes of other national banks		6,605.00
Notes of Federal Reserve banks		1,500.00
Lawful reserve in vault and net amount due from Federal Reserve bank		52,054.92
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer		5,000.00
Total		$768,601.53

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$100,000.00
Surplus fund		40,000.00
Undivided profits	37,713.21	
Less current expenses, interest and taxes paid	11,668.35	26,044.86
Amount reserved for all interest accrued		8,196.47
Circulating notes outstanding		98,000.00
Net amount due to banks and bankers (other than included in 30 or 31)		32,612.88
Dividends unpaid		35.00
Demand Deposits Subject to Reserve:		
Individual deposits subject to check		218,879.20
Cashier's checks outstanding		2,776.55
Total demand deposits subject to Reserve, Items 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39 and 40		254,297.43
Time Deposits Subject to Reserve:		
Certificates of deposit (other than for money borrowed)		159,413.86
Other time deposits		72,649.91
Total of time deposits subject to Reserve, Items 41, 42, and 43		232,062.77
Total		$768,601.53

State of South Carolina, County of Chester, ss:

I, J. R. Dye, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

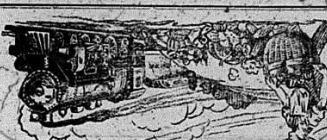
J. R. DYE, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 25th, day of June, 1917.

A. G. THORNTON, Notary Public.

Correct Attest:
J. L. GLENN,
S. M. JONES,
S. W. PRYOR,
Directors.

"An Army Moves on its Stomach"
the saying goes.
When little stomachs like these are full of bread, their owners are robust, sturdy fellows.
Children love their flag and they love their bread.
CATAWBA BREAD
is the ideal food for children. It makes them hardy. Give your children plenty of it now, while they are growing.
It's real "eats" for the kiddies.
THE CATAWBA STEAM BAKERY



An Ambition and a Record
THE needs of the South are identical with the needs of the Southern Railway; the growth and success of one means the betterment of the other.
The Southern Railway asks no favors—no special privileges are accorded to others.
The ambition of the Southern Railway Company is so one that, and we believe that it lacks of cooperation between the public and the railroad is no longer tolerated by enlightened people; it is the spirit of fairness which further the combined of governments, operators in mine and Thousands of business which will enable us to develop the additional control needed for proper possession of honest and efficient service to the domestic and increased foreign industrial and financial.
To take its place in the body politic of the South, strength of each subject to the other as much, but what most directly serve equal opportunities.
"The Southern Serves the South."

Southern Railway System

Buy your Refrigerator and Ice box now before our stock is picked over. We have them at prices that will interest you.

Lowrance Bros.
153 Gadsden Street.
Phones Store 292 Residence 136 and 356
Undertakers and Licensed Embalmers.

A BIG WAR

The legitimate children of commerce have been at war with the illegitimate children of commerce since time immemorial. This terrible conflict was absolutely unavoidable from the fact that the interests of the two were diametrically opposed to each other.

The illegitimate children of commerce settles with their creditors at 20, 30, 40 and 50 cents on the dollar. The legitimate children of commerce settles with their creditors at 100 cents on the dollar. The illegitimate children of commerce, or in other words, these little bands of distinguished scoundrels and thieves have been swooping down upon the hamlets, towns and cities ever since Nash built the Ark. It strikes us very forcibly that if we had been blest with a legislature worthy of the name, in the last 2,000 years, there would have been a law by and through which these little coterie of crooks could have been sent to the penitentiary where they belong.

Most every sane, rational and well balanced man in this country knows that there have been hundreds and thousands of what is commonly termed, "Honest Failures," in the mercantile world and that there will be hundreds and thousands more, Honest failures, before Gabriel blows his trumpet. But over against this lamentable state of affairs stands a towering menace the legitimate trade of the United States.

Judging from observation and what we can gather from trade journals, and talks with our friends, the traveling salesmen, here is what is known as the strictly up-to-date methods employed by these cool, cold-blooded, self possessed, brazen faced, all around crooks. They simply go to work and buy thousands of dollars worth of goods from the jobbers, wholesalers and manufacturers of this country, open up a store and sell the goods out at prices away below the actual cost of production, put the money in their pockets, hire a lawyer and settle claim after claim at 30 and 40 cents on the dollar. The 60 and 70 per cent is quietly stolen.

One of the most absurd and ridiculous things connected with this whole nefarious traffic is simply this: After these two-legged fiends in human form fills their pockets with stolen wealth and dishonest gains they try to pose as community builders and modern philantropists: In other words their souls have become expanded to such an extent that their benevolences takes in the whole wide, wide world. In case there are any "Doubting Thomases" in these "diggings," then we have some very important documentary evidence in our office that will substantiate what we have written.

W. R. NAIL

THE BIG STORE

Children's Dress Special

$1.00 Children's New Spring Gingham Dresses, sizes 6 to 14, only 89c. 50c Children's Gingham Dresses, sizes 2 to 6, only 43c.

Middy Blouse Special

$1.00 Middy Blouses, sizes 6 to 22, only 75

Muslin Underwear

Special prices on Muslin Underwear

The S. M. Jones Company

LOCAL and PERSONAL

Cotton 24.50

Get Your Fruit Jars and tin cans from us Chester Hardware Co.

Miss Eliza Mabry of Abbeville is expected in the city this afternoon to visit Mrs. J. R. Dye.

Mrs. J. C. Williamson, who makes her home with her brother, Mr. Howard C. Culp on York street, was taken to the Chester Sanatorium this morning for treatment. Mrs. Williamson has been ill for several days.

Automobile Seat Covers for all make cars. See large ad. of Chester Hardware Co.

Misses Elizabeth and Margaret Frances Hardin are visiting friends at St. Matthews.

Miss Bessie Brown spent the week-end in Columbia.

Fords—Another Carload to arrive Thursday. Hardin Motor Co.

Mr. James A. Grant, a well known citizen of the Armenia section of Chester county, died Sunday at the home of his son, Mr. W. H. Grant, aged about eighty years. The interment was made in Capers Chapel graveyard after services by Rev. J. E. Jones. Mr. Grant was a member of the Liberty Baptist church.

The first open cotton bloom of the season was brought to The News office yesterday by Messrs. Jas. and Fred Walker. A bloom, which was not open, was brought in Saturday by Richard Reed, colored, of Chester, Route 6.

Mr. E. W. Page, on last Friday, sold his stock of merchandise to Mr. H. L. Schlosburg and has discontinued his business, which was located on Wall street. Mr. Poag is considering two or three propositions but in all probability will remain in Chester.

Fire, early Sunday morning destroyed a corn crib at the County Farm contained a small quantity of corn and provender. The fact that there was no wind doubtless saved several of the other buildings.

A number of cattle in the Baton Rouge section of the county have recently died from blackleg. Mr. J. R. Cornwell, V. S., has been doing a considerable amount of vaccinating in that section in the last few days.

Mr. R. B. Caldwell, chairman of the Chester county Red Cross, received a message this morning from W. R. Lunk, secretary for war council, at Washington, heartily congratulating Chester county on the magnificent response to the nation's call and states that Chester people have demonstrated that they can do big things quickly and well.

Equip Your Faucets with an Anti-Splash. FREE. Call for one at Chester Hardware Co.

A fire Sunday about noon destroyed the dwelling of Mr. H. C. Boney, also the dwelling of Mr. S. E. McFadden, occupied by Mr. W. A. Settlemyre and family, and damaged the residence of Mr. M. A. Elliott, on Hinton street. The fire originated in the residence occupied by Mr. Settlemyre and was burning rapidly when discovered. The heaviest loss falls on Mr. Boney, who had $900 insurance on his home, and furnishings and his loss will amount to approximately $2400. All of the parties saved some of their household goods but they were considerably damaged by fire and handling.

Get One Of Those Marvel Vulcanizers at the Chester Hardware Co., ONLY $1.00.

The Chester County Highway Commission yesterday morning sold the $450,000 of bonds which were voted by the county last March for road improvements, to the National Exchange Bank, The Peoples National Bank, The Commercial Bank, The Commercial Bank and The Bank of Blackstock, whose bid of par and accrued interest was the only bid submitted. The law specifies that the bonds could not be sold for less than par and although the commission asked for bids on two other occasions none offered more than 97 1-2. It is expected that work on the roads will commence in the near future and a Federal engineer is scheduled to arrive in Chester about July 10th for the purpose of surveying some roads the commission expects to receive federal aid on.

NOTE OF THANKS.

We wish to thank those who assisted us last Sunday at the time we lost our home by fire.

H. C. Boney and Family.

Death Of Former Chester Man.

The many friends of Mr. W. Cloud Hicklin in Chester and Chester county will regret to learn of his death, which occurred yesterday morning at his home in Ebenezer, near Rock Hill, after an illness of several months.

Mr. Hicklin was born and raised in Chester county, where he resided until about six years ago, when he moved to Ebenezer.

At the time of his death he was in his 77th year. He was married three times. His first wife was Miss Christine Backstrom, and one son, James Hicklin, survives this union. His second wife was Miss Ester Poag, three children survived this union, they being A. W. Hicklin of Schenectady, N. Y., Frank Hicklin, of Richburg, and Harry Hicklin, in army service at Charleston. His last wife, who was Miss Hannah Poag, survives him, with one son, W. C. Hicklin, by this union.

Mr. Hicklin had devoted his life to farming and was most successful. He was a splendid citizen from every standpoint. He served in the War Between the Sections in the Confederate army and lost his right arm at the second battle of Manassas.

He was a lifelong member of Fishing Creek Presbyterian Church and his remains will be taken there for funeral and burial.

COTTON COMES DOWN.

What happened on the Chicago Board of Trade in the matter of wheat has happened on the Liverpool Exchange in the matter of cotton. Certain gentlemen in both cases who had been overzealous in trading with what they did not have in hand found themselves cornered and both exchanges promptly closed, ostensibly in the public interest but really to prevent the game from ruining half of the participants. The result is an immediate and sensational drop in the prices of cotton here and in Liverpool, as wheat prices fell when the Chicago Board of Trade closed down.

Perhaps now the cotton trade will have a chance to square itself with the legitimate forces of the market. The American crop promises to be short, but at not less than 12,000,000 bales, and even such a yield in the recent past has been known to sell at rather ruinously low prices. If the war has brought new demands, as for use in the manufacture of explosives, it has also largely cut away the old demands from the Central Empires of Europe, which in peace took a fourth of the American yield and their complete isolation is promised in the President's embargo war-powers against all neutral avenues of entrance into Germany.

Cotton at 27 cents in the United States under these conditions begins to look somewhat fanciful, when formerly 15 cents counted as a high price on a short crop. Forty-cent cotton in Liverpool, outside of the self-choked speculators, is the peculiar product of submarine risks and the war shortages and diversions in shipping. We shall have to take hold of the export and distribution of cotton among the Allies as we are taking hold of the export and distribution of foodstuffs.—New York World.

MAYOR DAVIDSON APPOINTED FIRE INSPECTOR.

Mayor Z. V. Davidson has been appointed Building Inspector, as per the Act of the General Assembly, approved Feb. 20th, 1912, for the investigation and report to the Insurance Department of South Carolina, on all fires originating in the City of Chester Insurance Commissioner McMaster has also appointed him Deputy Insurance Commissioner for Chester County, to make investigations, to summons witnesses, take testimony and to perform all other duties as prescribed in Section 2734 of the Civil Code of 1912 and Sec. 888 of the Criminal Code of 1912.

In the discharge of the duties of the office the Inspector is possessed of the same powers as a Magistrate of the State and all patrons are required by law to give a full and complete statement of all fires investigated.

Bank No. 325.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE WHITE BANK

located at Chester, S. C., at the close of business June 20, 1917.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	$183,480.60
Overdrafts	135.20
Due from Banks and Bankers	30,752.03
Currency	4,453.00
Silver and Other Minor Coin	188.00
Checks and Cash Items	1,764.55
Total	$217,753.98

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock Paid in	$ 20,000.00
Surplus Fund	9,000.00
Undivided Profits, less Current Expenses and Taxes Paid	4,299.34
Individual Deposits Subject to Check	130,378.67
Time Certificates of Deposit	21,068.47
Cashier's Checks	7.50
Notes and Bills Rediscounted	10,000.00
Bills Payable, including Certificates for Money Borrowed	23,000.00
Total	$217,753.98

State of South Carolina—County of Chester, ss:

Before me came T. H. White, President of the above named bank, who, being duly sworn, says that the above statement is a true condition of said bank, as shown by the books of said bank.

T. H. WHITE.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 26 day of June, 1917.

W. A. CORKILL,
Notary Public.

Correct Attest:

MADE FALSE MOVE TO GET IN ANNAPOLIS

Congressman W. F. Stevenson asks space for the following with reference to an appointment to Annapolis.

Mr. Stevenson states that when he came into office, Mr. McCorkle, who held the short term, told him that he had appointed to West Point, Mr. States Finley and Mr. Marion, to Annapolis, Mr. Saye, of Sharon, and Mr. Whitaker and Mr. Heath, of Camden, all of whine was satisfactory to Mr. Stevenson, who understood from Mr. McCorkle that no alternates had been appointed, to either West Point or Annapolis. He therefore promised to appoint Mr. John Davis Palmer, of Ridgeway, alternate to Mr. Whitaker. When Mr. Whitaker failed, Mr. Stevenson was informed that one Andrew Ward Knisley, purporting to be from Chester, S. C., was alternate and had passed and would take the place. Mr. Stevenson was surprised and did not believe the name belonged to Chester. Investigation showed that Knisley's address was now 2513 Aspin street, Philadelphia. It was also ascertained that his home was in Charleston, S. C., where he had lived since about 1905, his father coming there and being in the employ of the Engineer's office in the custom house. Mr. Stevenson therefore addressed a letter to Mr. Knisley, after having found that he did not live in Chester, S. C., [illegible] him to write his [illegible] office address of his father, or if he were dead, his mother, or if she were also dead, his guardian. This letter was posted June 1st, but no answer was received until June 9th. At about 12 o'clock, June 4th, Father Lewis J. O'Herron, a Catholic priest of Washington, D. C., called up Mr. Stevenson on the phone and asked him how his "friend Knisley" was getting along in connection with his appointment in the Navy, to which reply was made that in Mr. Stevenson's judgment he was not entitled to it and he expected to see he didn't get it. Father O'Herron replied that he was a resident of Chester in the 5th district and that he lived with Mrs. A. B. Collins, 107 Dewey street, Chester, S. C., that Knisley was a great friend of his and Father Duff at Annapolis, to which Stevenson replied that he was not interested in the friendship business, what he wanted to know, was, did Knisley live in the 5th district. At 2:45 P. M. that day, the following telegram was sent to Mrs. A. B. Collins, who is a devout Catholic and an estimable woman.

To Mrs. A. B. Collins,

107 Dewey St., Chester, S. C.

"Knisley has had residence with you since January, let it not be questioned."

3:20 P. M. Friend.

Mrs. Collins had received a letter signed by Knisley, 32 E Street, Annapolis, Md., on April 17th, asking that he only use her home as his permanent address so that he could stand his examination, and stating that her address had been furnished him by a priest, residing in Columbia. It also stated that Father Kennedy at Annapolis had phoned Father O'Herron at Washington that his appointment was O. K. and that he must get Mrs. Collins' street address, so he could state where he lived, as his appointment was from Chester, S. C. That he probably never would be there, but he must claim her home as his home. Stevenson got possession of these facts and then asked Mr. McCorkle if he appointed Knisley and why. Mr McCorkle replied that he did not, and knew nothing of him and so wired the Navy Department. Investigation there disclosed the fact that on February 26th, Mr. McCorkle appointed Mr. Whitaker, principal, and signed his (McCorkle's) name in ink in his own handwriting. The alleged appointment of Knisley was made on March 1st, and Mr. McCorkle's name is attached to it with his rubber stamp. Mr. McCorkle is blind, but writes his signature splendidly and did so in appointing Mr. Whitaker. On consultation with Mr. Gist Finley, Mr. McCorkle became convinced that he authorized the appointment and had informed Mr. Stevenson; that a priest, Father O'Herron, he was told, came to his office several times to see him about it, and it was represented to him that Knisley lived in the 5th district and on such representation he had the appointment made. Lately Mrs. A. B. Collins saw Mr. McCorkle in Chester and stated to him that she had never seen Knisley in her life and that he had never resided with her. Knisley on June 8th wrote Mr. Stevenson, that his home was 107 Dewey street, Chester, S. C., care of Mrs. A. B. Collins, and he actually went to Chester, and spent June 9th at Mrs. Collins' and sent and received telegrams there, to and from a priest, in an effort to brazen it out. Mr. Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, cancelled the appointment on June 8th, and John Davis Palmer, of Ridgeway, was immediately appointed principal, Stewart Carlisle Dunbar first alternate, and Chester Alexander, second alternate, both of these young men from Chester, S. C.

Mrs. Collins is in no wise to blame and acted in perfect good faith in the matter.

Mr. Knisley has since been appointed by Congressman Whaley, from Charleston, S. C., and is qualifying under this appointment, which settles the fact that he does not live in the Fifth district and that they tried to put one across on the district and succeeded at first, but couldn't make it stick. In view of the misrepresentations by Knisley as to his residence the question naturally arises, "Does the Navy need such a man as an officer and gentleman?" Below is an exact copy of the letter written Mr. Stevenson by Knisley.

Philadelphia, Pa., June 8, 1917.

Hon. W. F. Stevenson,
M. C. 5th District, South Carolina,
House of Representatives,
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:—Your letter of June 1st, American Red Cross is 107 Dewey Street, Chester, S. C., care of Mrs. A. B. Collins. Trusting you will find this satisfactory, I remain,

Yours very truly,
A. Ward Knisley.

Note (Letter in own handwriting.)

CHESTER COUNTY WILL GO OVER EIGHT THOUSAND

Campaign For Red Cross in Chester County Success—Many Donations From Rural Sections.

That Chester county will subscribe over eight thousand dollars to the American Red Cross Society is now almost a fact. Up to noon today $7,274.35 in subscriptions had actually been turned in at the Chamber of Commerce and information from various sections indicates that something like one thousand dollars in subscriptions are yet to be received at the office.

While it is evident that the amount alotted to Chester county was entirely too large in proportion to some of the adjoining counties, the success of the campaign has been most favorable.

The following is a list of those who have subscribed to the Red Cross and whose names were not mentioned in our last issue. There will probably be others who will subscribe and these names will appear in our issue of Friday.

Ward 1.

Miss Mary Wolfe, $1; Mrs. E. Wolfe, $1; F. Wolfe, $1; H. V. Knight, $1; Miss Janie Dunbar, $1; American Endeavor Society, $1; Dr. H. M. Ross, $5; Ezekial D. Hemphill, $1; C. D. Dickerson, $3; W. H. Ferguson, $2; C. C. Wise, $1; Aaron Phillips, (col.) $2; Mr. and Mrs. O. H. Johnston, $5; J. C. Carpenter, $5; Miss Emily Graham, $3; Mrs. Williams, $1; Mrs. W. K. Kearsley, $5.

Ward 2.

R. H. Wilks, $2; T. L. Wallace, $4; Miss Mary Cornwell, $2; Mrs. F. L. Whitlock, $2; Miss Maggie Cornwell, $1; T. L. Fowler, $1; Mrs. Lidie Cunningham, $1; Mrs. Z. E. Collins, $1; T. J. Cornwell, $6; J. T. Dunn, $5; F. L. Whitlock, $5; W. F. Marion, $5; L. H. Miller, $5; J. S. Robinson, $5; A. B. Collins, $10; Alex Frazer, $10; Mrs. R. G. Strickler, $1; Mrs. Terry, $1; Mrs. H. R. Carson, $1; Mrs. Margaret C. Brice, $5; Mrs. R. W. Strickler, 50; Mrs. A. Baker, $2; Mrs. F. Hollis, $1.

Ward 3.

S. L. Jarrett, $5; W. A. Cole, $5; W. D. Roof, Jr., $4; J. L. McKee, $5; G. F. Stevenson, $5; H. F. Richardson, $5; E. M. Alexander, $5; J. E. Cornwell, $10; M. S. Bewis, $50; James McLemon, $5; M. A. Carpenter, $25; F. R. Eiseman, $10; Tom Howard (col.), $3; The Chester Reporter, $25; T. L. Shiver, $4; Mrs. Anna H. Stokes, $5; J. W. Carroll, $5; W. C. Stone, $5; W. D. James, $1; M. E. White, $10.

Ward 4.

Jas. H. Craig, $35; J. E. Craig, $5; W. M. Adams, (col.), $3; John Pinckney, $1; Mrs. Geo. W. Gage, $25; Geo. W. Gage, $25; O. T. Sanders, $5; J. Y. Young, $5; C. B. Carter, $5; J. S. Marquis, $5; C. E. McEwen, $5; S. D. Cross, $10; C. W. Huggins, $3; Joe B. Wylie, $5; C. C. Herbert, $10; Miss Maude S. Love, $1; W. H. Peden, $25; Dr. W. E. Anderson, $15; Mrs. W. E. Anderson, $10; Miss Ruth Anderson, $5; C. E. Fant, $10; H. R. McGowan, $2.

Colvin Springs.

J. C. Cureton, $5.

Leeds.

J. A. Bennett, $5; K. M. Wade, $5; J. L. Worthy, $5; W. T. McDaniel, $1; T. D. Cunningham, $2.

Richburg.

J. T. McCrorey, $5; W. S. Ferguson, $2; W. T. Wylie, $1; J. T. Henson, $1; Mrs. Sallie Kirkpatrick, $1; E. B. Burns, $1; J. T. Kee, $2.50; C. Jordan, $5; Jas. A. McCrorey, Jr., J. B. McWaters, $2; S. Y. Ferguson, $2; Dr. M. B. Wilkes, $2; G. W. Roddey, $2; W. H. McFadden, $2; Mrs. H. M. Rose, $2; Miss S. J. Kee, $2; Tom Orr, $2; J. W. C. Garrison, $4; H. Hindman, $4; T. B. Reid, $4; J. W. Whiteside, $5; G. J. Ford, $2; Jas. R. Reid, $5; R. L. Kee, $1; W. S. Martin, $5; Mrs. J. A. McCrorey, $2; J. L. Melton, 1/2; S. Neely, $2.50; W. S. Simpson, $1; J. W. Morrison, $5; W. H. McKeown, $2; J. G. Howze, $5; J. C. Gladden, $1; C. E. Jordan, $1; W. C. Jordan, $3; Mrs. W. E. Pickstrom, $3; John Stevens, $0.50; Miss Gweneth Bratton, $2; S. J. McCrorey, $1; Mrs. A. J. Gross, $0.50; R. E. Anderson, $1; J. C. Pickstrom, $5; C. H. Lipon, $1; W. C. Gladden, $5; Mrs. H. C. Orr, $1; J. L. Mize, $5; M. J. Grant, $5; Mrs. Ella Stone, $3; C. D. Kennedy, $5; Davis Kirkpatrick, $5; O. R. Kee, $5; W. T. Kirkpatrick, $5; Robt. Ford, $1; Mrs. N. R. Stewart, $0.50; Mrs. Clara White, $3; Mr. and Mrs. Baskins, $4; W. A. Burns, $0.50; Claude Atchison, $1; Mrs. J. T. Atkinson, $1; J. G. Bailey, $1; F. J. Smith, $2; J. W. Knox, $1; W. G. Knox, $2; S. J. Knox, $4; T. A. Hicklin, $2; J. G. Knox, $5; Dress Jennings, (col.), $1; Ike Hicklin, $1; G. M. Hicklin, $1; Jas. Watts, $2; J. P. McDaniel, $1; J. R. McDaniel, $1; L. L. McCrorey, $5; W. B. Wylie, $5; J. O. Barber, $5; A. E. Cleveland, $5; Mrs. A. M. McMurray, $5; Mrs. L. E. Dreenan, $5; P. M. Simpson, $2; Mrs. L. M. Blaney, $2.50; J. A. Hudgins, $1; Mrs. R. L. Hicklin, $1; J. A. Orr, $5; M. E. Dye, $2.50; James Blaney, $2; J. M. McGarity, $2.

Lowrysville.

A. M. Tuman, $5; F. E. Abell, $5; G. J. Steele, Sr., $1; A. V. Hardin, $2.50; Olin Smith, $2.50; Z. G. Darby, $5; F. A. Kirkpatrick, $5; R. A. Bell, $5; S. H. Hardin, Jr., $5; J. W. Lowry, $5; J. J. Lee, $5; J. S. Darby; $5; J. W. Abell, $5; S. S. Abell, $10; M. G. Sandifer, $10; Wm. Alva Guy, $10; Geo. J. Steele, Jr., $10; Mrs. J. L. Abell, $25.

Red Cross Continued.

Rodman.

J. P. Carpenter, $5.

Hazelwood.

J. A. Gregory, $5; Tom Henson, $5; William Barkley, $1.50; T. J. Wallace, $5; Jesse Wallace, $2; Miss Mary Wallace, $2; Ruff Cherry, $2; John Brice, $2; Harvey Walker, $2; Mrs. Fannie Johnston, $2; Mr. & Mrs. G. C. Ginlin, $2; George Neal, $2; Ans Barber, $1; Tom Davis, $1; Nelse Caldwell, $1; Reuben Perry, $1; John Stroud, $1; Jim Gladden, $1; Henry Johnson, $1; Louis Poag, $1; J. N. Reid, $2; H. K. McGarity, $5; Mr. & Mrs. A. Mayo McKeown, $4; Walter Johnson, $0.50; W. J. Gaston, $2; A. W. Biggerstaff, $1; Miss Irene Mills Steele, $1; Miss Mattie Mills Steele, $1; Mrs. W. A. Gladden, $5; Rev. R. Roy Brown, $10; Mrs. R. R. Steele, $1; C. C. McGarity, $2; J. H. McGarity, $2; J. W. Wilson, $5; Henry Macon, $2; Mrs. J. R. Gibson, $5; A. G. Hollis, $2; R. U. Jamison, $5; Tom M. Barnes, $2; A. H. McConnell, $5; W. T. Hill, $1; John Meeks, $1; Ben Grant, $2; John Hall, $2; M. W. Reid, $1; Alex Hugh Johnson, (col.) $1; C. C. Gibson, $5; Gus Walker, $1; Abe Roseborough, $1; David Sadler, $1; John Hill, $1; Robt. McCullough, $1; Andrew Hindman, $1; Maymie C. Wilson, $1; Willie Barnes, $1; J. E. Wilson, $2; White Macon, $1; J. A. Bagley, $3; Ed. Sadler, $1; J. W. Brooks, $4; T. P. Bagley, $2.50; Earnest B. Sipsey, $2; Enoch Meaney, $2; Jackson Brown, $3; Henderson Peden, $3; J. C. Scott, $3; Joe Brown, $2; Will McDaniel, $1; Eugene W. Mobley, $2; John King, $2; John Lipsey, $2; Tom Peden, $2; R. R. Steele, $2; Jas. Stroud, $3; M. A. Parrish, $1; J. W. & J. B. Barnes, $3; John Dixon, $1; Wm. T. Barnes, $2; Bill Blake, $1; Sam Douglas, $1; Joe Wylie, $2; Mrs. J. H. McDaniel, $1; R. H. McDaniel, $2; J. H. McDaniel, $2; George Mize, $0.50; Sam McKlin, $0.50.

Halesville.

S. M. Douglas, $1; Mrs. W. Goings, $0.50; Rev. E. D. Wells, $1; J. C. Wilkes, $1; W. J. Stone, $10.

Baton Rouge.

R. O. Cornwell, $0.50; J. B. Carter, $0.50; Abrelia Lipford, $0.50; Hyatt Smith, $0.50; J. T. Estes, $2; E. H. Wise, $4; Roberta Carter, $0.50; J. Clarence Allen, $1.

Wilkesburg.

Miss Lurett Worthy, $1; Miss Florrie Worthy, $1; H. C. Worthy, $10.

Carters.

Obe Roberts, $20.

The city officials are on the alert to catch violators of the automobile ordinances and a perusal of the record indicates that several parties have been required to pay fines of late. A great many people take a delight in "knocking" the police force when they are caught violating an ordinance and offer all kinds of excuses. There is no use to "holler" when you get caught and you had just as well take your medicine. There are a number of automobile drivers in Chester who are slated for fines sooner or later. We know, because we saw three violations of the city ordinance Saturday night in eight minutes, on York street. Two of the cases were running cars without tail lights and the other case was no lights at all.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Ford Owners

ATTENTION!

We have just Received a Shipment of

FORD SEAT COVERS

Which will be sold at the old price.

We are also prepared to furnish covers for any make car, on very short notice.

ASK TO SEE SAMPLES.

CHESTER HARDWARE CO.
"Quality First"

80 Per Cent of Engine Trouble is due to Carbon.

You can take hills of high without a knock if you will keep your motor free from carbon.

Clean Your Engine With

JOHNSON'S CARBON REMOVER

You Can Do It Yourself. Special for $1.00 at

A. H. WHERRY, Jr.

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhœa; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years

The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Our Real Wealth.

To go out of the world as poor as when we came into it is one of life's unwritten tragedies. We may not all be able to understand why this should be, but that is only because we have unconsciously helped to bring about such a tragedy in our own lives. The possession of riches is the sum total of existence for many persons, and to the general mind the man who lacks money lacks also the ability to enjoy life to the utmost. However, that may be, and however comfortable a feeling it is to have a well-filled purse with which to supply our creature comforts, the fair-minded, sensible person is forced to admit that the possession of money is not really essential either to our happiness or our well being. At best it is only ours for a limited time, and when the call comes and life is ended for us we go away empty-handed as far as our actual wealth is concerned. We must not value money for its own sake, but for its equivalent in those things which advance our best interests. We must learn first to value the better things of life, and to find enjoyment in its more intellectual and highly moral side. We need only to have our minds and our natures educated to an appreciation of the healing and broadening influences of the more artistic side of life to make us learn for their possession, and it is in such circumstances that those of us who possess wealth are able to gratify those desires which are likely to make us better men and women. A single piece of money can bring no happiness of itself any more than a million such pieces, but the wise equivalent of such can take us through new roads into pleasant regions of thoughts and desires which will improve us morally and intellectually. Beauty wisely interpreted cannot fail to exert its enobling influences, and it is such influences which help to make us see life and understand it better than we otherwise would.

We may not carry with us into the other life the gold and silver which burned our hands and ate into our souls when we valued it merely for its own sake, but if we have diverted their power into healthy channels and obtained for others as well as for ourselves bits of brightness and happiness and joyousness through their proper use we shall not find our hands empty nor useless when the final summons comes. We shall be able to make a good accounting then of our stewardship and to show that we did not try to distort values in this world out of their true proportion. Money has its good uses, and when these are kept in mind the chances are that we shall be able to avoid the pitfalls which honeycomb certain conditions of existence. To learn to know the higher side of life, to lose our fear of not measuring up to its responsibilities, to assume our moral obligations in entire confidence of our ability to discharge them worthily, to be able to part the clouds of doubt that sometimes obscure our vision and see beyond into the clear sky of hope and faith, to treasure those personal moral resources which transform life at times—these are some of the results which come to those of us who are so fortunate as to know how to make our material riches lead us into a better appreciation of the higher, better, more lasting and more beautiful phases of life.

It is not necessary, however, to possess worldly wealth to make us morally rich. The possession of our normal faculties is all that we need with which to make a start in life, and it is upon their proper development, their careful cultivation and their wise use that so large a part of our future happiness depends. Possessed of the underlying principles of a true and forceful character, we shall develop those higher attributes most easily and most naturally, and in the end shall see clearly that real happiness, real progress and real merit are dependent not upon the riches of this world, but upon our own individual ability to make a clean record in life. Given these conditions we shall not go out of this world poorer than when we entered it; we shall have something in our hands that will last forever, something deeper and vaster and more enduring than all the wealth of the world, something that will plead for us before the throne of grace. The ability to accumulate the wealth of the higher moral side of existence and the power to share that wealth with those about us; the ability also to seek the worth while things of life and cultivate them for our own good and for the good of others—these are some of the gifts that shall fill our hands when life is over. They may not be of very great value from a worldly standpoint, but they help us to lead useful lives and to leave behind us the fragrance of fine thoughts and good deeds.

CANDIDATE FOR ALDERMAN.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for Alderman from Ward 1, to fill the un-expired two-year term made vacant by the resignation of Mr. Robert Gage, subject to the rules governing municipal elections

M. R. CLARK.

Low Fares for Everybody, offered by SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY CO.,

"The Progressive Railway of the South."

To Athens, Ga.

Account of Summer School, University of Georgia, July 2nd—August 4th, 1917.

To Boston, Mass.

Account of Benevolent Protective Order of Elks, July 9-14th, 1917.

To Atlanta, Ga.

Account of National Convention, Woodmen of the World, July 10th-21st, 1917.

To Vicksburg, Miss.

Account of National Reunion and Peace Jubilee, October 16-19th, 1917

In addition to above Convention Fares, we have on sale regular 14-Day, Week-End and other attractive Summer Fares.

For specific rate, schedule, Pullman reservation or other information, call on nearest SEABOARD Agent or write

C. S. Compton,
Traveling Passenger Agent
Fred Geisler,
Asst. Gen'l Passenger Agent,
SEABOARD AIR LINE RY. CO.,
Atlanta, Georgia.

NOTICE TO WATER CONSUMERS.

Notice is hereby served on all patrons of the Chester Water-work that the law with regard to the payment of water rent on or before the 15th. of each month will in the future, by order of city council be rigidly enforced.

Therefore water patrons will take notice that in case your water rents are not paid by the 15th. of each month, service will be discontinued until paid.

JAMES HAMILTON,
City Eng. and Treas.

June 15th.
1785 1917

For Rent—Six room house on Church street, Apply to Robt. Frazer.

THE FINANCIAL SLACKER.

The subscription to the Liberty Loan by the heroic work of tens of thousands of volunteers in the cause has stimulated the activity and the thought of the whole country on the war situation, but the number of subscriptions was not one-third as great as it should have been. The bankers of the country who led in this work felt at the beginning that unless there were 10,000,000 subscribers the loan would not have reached the popular sentiment of the country to the extent necessary for the best results. This may have been too high an estimate, but it was based on the fact that the last loan in Great Britian had nearly 8,000,444 subscribers, or one out of every six in population. A similar percentage in this country would give about 18,000,000 or more. That, however, was not to be expected.

That the loan was oversubscribed was due to the magnificent work of many people in all sections of the country, and to the aid rendered by newspapers and periodicals, but it is an interesting fact, in view of the bitterness with which Wall Street is constantly assailed by narrow-minded people, that New York subscribed more than half of the total of $2,000,000,000, showing a patriotism which in proportion to population and wealth far exceeded that shown in the rest of the country.

All through the country there were subscriptions of a thousand or two dollars from men who should have subscribed to ten, twenty or thirty times as much.

Another loan, however, will have to be taken within the next three or four months, and we shall have to keep on issuing new loans to the extent probably of $8,000,000,000 to $10,000,000,000 a year, and the country must of necessity absorb them.

The campaign for Broadening the interest of the people of the whole country in these war loans must, therefore, be continued with unabated energy, and men who subscribed a mere pittance for the Liberty Loan must be ashamed, if no other way is available, into a subscription in keeping with their ability for the coming loans.

This raises the question as to how the country shall reach those of pro-German proclivities who refused to become subscribers to the Liberty Loan. There are many men of large wealth in this country who have little patriotism in their souls and others of large wealth who, although citizens, are still more interested in Germany than in this country, who will not subscribe to these loans unless it be on a beggarly basis, and some of them will not subscribe at all unless compelled to do so.

We believe that the National Government must find a way to thoroughly investigate cases of this kind, and under some law, possibly yet to be passed, compel subscriptions from people of this kind and make them, in this way contribute to the welfare of the nation.

There are many men of this class who are neither giving themselves nor contributing their money to the nation's life. They are keeping their own hides whole and using their business and their capacity make great profits in this time of stress while the true patriots are offering their lives, their money or their time and their energy to the nation's welfare. A way must be found to reach these "slackers" because of their pro-German proclivities or of their disposition to "hog it" all and use their money for larger earnings at the expense of their fellow-men. If we hunt out and imprison the slacker for army service, let us hunt out and take a part of his money of the slacker in financial operations who fails to do his duty by his Government or imprison him.—Mnufacturer's Record.

AIR MASTERY IN NEW MOTOR

Detroit Man Invents Engine Said To Be Most Powerful Ever Built.

Detroit, June 21.—A super airplane motor, designed to conquer the skies for the Allies, help to sweep the seas of German submarines and end the war speedily, has been perfected by a prominent Detroit engineer, whose name is withheld.

The new motor is said to be the most powerful internal combustion engine ever contrived, and it is necessary for the men operating it to wear muffs to protect their ear drums.

The average life of the ordinary airplane motor is sixty hours. At the end of that time the motor has to be rebuilt. The "United States Aviation Motor" is so constructed that its life is determined only by the life of the airplane itself.

COLLEGE OF CHARLESTON

South Carolina's Oldest College

1334 Year begins September 23.

Entrance examinations at all the county-seats Friday, July 13, at 9 A. M.

Four-year courses lead to the B. A. and B. S.

A free tuition scholarship is assigned to each county of the State.

Spacious buildings and athletic grounds, well equipped laboratories, unexcelled library facilities.

Expenses moderate. For terms and catalogue, address

HARRISON RANDOLPH,
President.

An Ordinance

An Ordinance To Provide For the Improvement Of Columbia Street and To Levy An Assessment For One-half the Cost Of Improvement Upon the Owners Of Abutting Property.

Whereas, a petition signed by a majority of the owners of property abutting on the east side of Columbia street from Main street to Hinton street, and thence on the west side of said Columbia street to and including the premises of S. E. Wylie, and praying for the construction of a cement sidewalk on said sides of said street between said points, under the Act of 1914, has been filed with the clerk of this council:

Now, therefore, be it ordained by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen of the city of Chester, in council assembled, and by the authority of the same.

That a cement side-walk is hereby ordered to be constructed on the east side of Columbia street, from Main street to Hinton street, and on east side of Columbia street, from Hinton street to and including the premises of S. E. Wylie, according to specifications of city engineer, at a cost not exceeding ninety cents per square yard; That a sum equal to one-half the cost of said work be and hereby is appropriated out of the city treasury to be used solely to defray the cost of the city's one-half of said work, and an amount equal to the other half of the cost of said work, is hereby assessed upon the owners of property abutting upon the said Columbia street between said points, to be levied upon said owners in proportion to the linear frontage upon said sides of said Columbia street respectively owned by them.

(2) That the city engineer shall prepare an accurate survey and estimate of said part of said street, showing the frontage of each property owner liable to assessment, and when the cost of said work is ascertained shall prepare an accurate roll of the amount of assessment for which each property-owner is liable, and enter same in a book to be kept by the city clerk, called the "Assessment Book" in which satisfaction shall be entered upon payment in full of each such assessment.

Provided, that before entering said amounts in said book, said clerk shall publish notice that said roll is on file in his office, and the property owners affected shall have one week in which to file objections to said assessments, upon hearing which objections council shall modify or approve said assessment roll, which shall then be entered in said Assessment Book accordingly.

(3) That the amount of assessments hereby levied upon said property-owners respectively shall be due and payable within thirty days after completion of said work and the clerk shall collect legal interest upon all amounts collected after the same are past due, said amount to be used solely in paying for said work.

Done and ratified in council this 9th day of November, A. D., 1916.

Z. V. DAVIDSON, Mayor.
Attest:
JAMES HAMILTON
City Clerk, etc.

IF YOU

are troubled with dandruff, itching scalp, and your hair coming out, we ask you to try

Meritol
ACABA
HAIR TONIC

on our guarantee that it will give you relief and satisfaction or money refunded. Sold only by us, 50c and $1.00.

Shelder Drug Co., Chester S. C.

Get Rid of Tan, Sunburn and Freckles

by using HAGAN'S

Magnolia Balm.

Acts instantly. Stops the burning. Clears your complexion of Tan and Blemishes. You cannot know how good it is until you try it. Thousands of women say it is best of all beautifiers and heals Sunburn quickest. Don't be without it a day longer. Get a bottle now. At your Druggist or by mail direct. 75 cents for either color. White, Pink, Rose-Red.

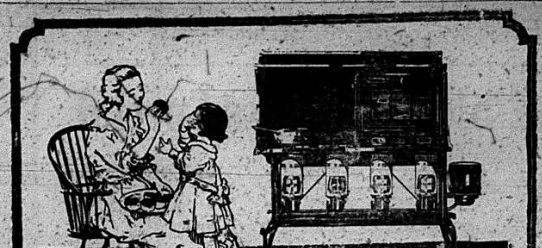
SAMPLE FREE.

LYON MFG. CO., 40 So. 8th St., Brooklyn, N.Y.

ATTENTION, AUTOMOBILE DRIVERS!

The attention of automobile drivers is called to the fact that all persons driving motor vehicles in the city of Chester must be provided with a driver's license, the same costing fifty cents and running for one year from June 1st. This license is not affected by the new State law, and all drivers of motor vehicles must, therefore, have license.

Z. V. DAVIDSON, Mayor.
Chester, S. C. June 8, 1917.



"Open Your Mouth and Shut Your Eyes and I'll Give You Something to Make You Wise!"

Crisp, delicious cookies—and never a burnt one! The steady, even flame stays put—you don't need to watch the New Perfection.

Twice as convenient as a coal or wood range and costs no more. No coal or wood to lug, no dirt, no ashes. A quick fire or a simmer, just as you like, and a cool kitchen all the time.

Ask your dealer to show you the new feature, the reversible glass reservoir. Use ALADDIN SECURITY OIL a superior kerosene, for best results. It's always clean and clear-burning.

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NEW PERFECTION
OIL COOK STOVE

SUMMER SCHOOL

WINTHROP COLLEGE

ROCK HILL, S. C.

June 19 to 27, 1917

NOTED EDUCATORS—Some of the most famous educators of the United States will give series of lectures—Dr. G. Stanley Hall, President of Clark University, editor and author; Dr. C. Alphonso Smith, professor of English United States Naval Academy, author; Dr. Nathan C. Schaeffer, Superintendent of Public Instruction of Pennsylvania, ex-president of N. E. A., author; Dr. Henry N. Snyder, President of Wofford College; G. O. Shields, President of American Sportsmen, author; W. D. Foster, chairman of Committee on Organized Recreation, President of Community Motion Picture Bureau, department Editor of Youth's Companion; Thomas M. Balliet of New York University; Dr. Anna H. Shaw, President National Equal Suuffrage Association; and many others.

COURSES OF STUDY—Full courses of study will be provided to meet the needs of (1) Superintendents and Principals, (2) High School Teachers, (3) Primary and Grade Teachers, (4) Rural School Teachers, and (5) those wishing college credits.

FACULTY—An unusually large faculty has been secured, composed of specialists and leaders of education in this and other states.

SPECIAL FEATURES—Demonstration work with children in all grades in the High School, Model School, Rural School Problems, Kindergarten Practice, and Lectures on the Montessori Methods. County boards of education are authorized to renew certificates still in force for all teachers who do satisfactory work in this Summer School and take the final examinations.

Lectures, entertainments, out-of-door, plays, musical companies, Educational moving pictures, personally conducted excursions large new gymnasium Regulation Sized Tiled swimming pool with filtered water, large athletic field and playground thoroughly equipped.

Board and matriculation fee for the entire session $32

The best accommodations, a place for health, recreation, information and inspiration unexcelled.

For further information write for Summer Bulletin.

D. B. JOHNSON, President,
ROCK HILL, S. C.

Winthrop College. SCHOLARSHIP and ENTRANCE EXAMINATION.

The examination for the award of vacant scholarships in Winthrop College and for the admission of new students will be held at the County Court House on Friday, July 6, at 9 A. M. Applicants must not be less than sixteen years of age. When Scholarships are vacant after July 6 they will be awarded to those making the highest average at this examination, provided they meet the conditions governing the award. Applicants for Scholarships should write to President Johnson for Scholarship examination blanks. These blanks, properly filled out by the applicant, should be filed with President Johnson by July 1st.

Scholarships are worth $100 and free tuition. The next session will open September 19, 1917. For further information and catalogue, address President D. B. Johnson, Rock Hill, S. C.

JOIN THE RED CROSS

By joining or assisting the Red Cross Society you help the wounded soldiers and also help to keep down disease in the army.

By keeping our soldiers well you help win the war.

The following will give you an idea of the sickness in previous wars.

In the Mexican war 6 died of disease to 1 from wounds. In the Crimean war France lost 10 men by sickness for every one killed. In our own Civil war 2 died from disease for each one shot. During the Franco-Prussian war 12 Germans died of sickness at every one killed in battle. But modern hygiene was so far advanced at the time of the recent Russo-Japanese war that the world was startled by the fact that for the first time in the history of armies there was only one death from disease for every 2 men who died fighting. In the present great war sanitation is working on a super-scale, and modern hygiene is rapidly cutting down the excessive death rate.

The better the health of our army the sooner we will win.

JOIN THE RED CROSS

J. A. BARRON
Undertaker and Embalmer,
Successor to Chiles & Barron.
Phone 119. Chester, S. C.

FOR ALDERMAN WARD 1

I hereby announce myself a candidate for Alderman from Ward 1, to serve the short-term, made vacant by the resignation of Mr. H. S. Adams, subject to the rules governing municipal elections.

J. L. WHITE.