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The Chester Standard 1855

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12-6-1855

## The Chester Standard - December 6, 1855

C. Davis Melton

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MEDICAL NOTICE.

DRS. MOBLEY & WYLLIE. HAVE associated themselves together in the practice of MEDICINE and SURGERY in all its branches. Dr. W. will be found at his residence or the Corner House in the Red Store, except on a professional engagement.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. All persons indebted to the estate of Richard F. Kennedy, deceased, are hereby notified to make payment to the undersigned without delay, and those having claims against said estate will present them properly attested to the undersigned. L. C. HINTON, Adm'r. Nov. 29-31

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE. WM. A. BELL, as sold on the 27th of December, 1855, at the residence of W. H. Deane, in the tract all the improved property of Maria H. Strong, dec'd., consisting of one Carriage and Harness Stock in the County of South Carolina, one Rail Road, Household Furniture and several Livery Horses. Terms made known on day of sale.

JOHN BRICE, Adm'r. Nov. 29-31

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. Notice is hereby given that all persons indebted to the estate of the late Mrs. M. H. Smith, dec'd., will be made in the County of Chester, on the 15th day of March, 1856, at the residence of the undersigned, or on any day thereafter, on or before the 15th day of May, as the administrators will pay no notice to them after that date, and all persons who are indebted to the estate will be notified on that date.

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JOHN BRICE, Adm'r. Nov. 29-31

ATTENTION, BATTALION! THE 2nd Battalion of the 2nd Regiment, South Carolina, will be held at the residence of the undersigned, on Saturday, 22nd of December next, at 11 o'clock, A. M., to receive the law from the Hon. the Attorney General. The undersigned is authorized to receive the law from the Hon. the Attorney General, on the 22nd of December next, at 11 o'clock, A. M.

K. T. ESTES, Adm'r. Oct. 25-11

RAIL ROAD STOCK FOR SALE. THE 1st, 2nd and 3rd Divisions of the Columbia & Charleston R.R. Co. will be offered on the 15th day of December next, at 11 o'clock, A. M., at the residence of the undersigned, or on any day thereafter, on or before the 15th day of May, as the administrators will pay no notice to them after that date, and all persons who are indebted to the estate will be notified on that date.

JAS. B. MACGILL, Adm'r. Oct. 25-11

BOOTS AND SHOES. Ladies fine French and Gait Boots, with walking Soles. Gent's fine Water Proof Boots, made to order. Also, a vast lot of Gent's Walking Boots of every style and color, to be had at the undersigned's. We have various other styles of Goods on the way, and will receive more.

HARDEN & McCULLY. Oct. 25-11

NEGROR MAN FOR SALE. Apply to JORDAN BENNETT, No. 130-3, a pair of Horses and Carriage, a Bay and a White Horse. JORDAN BENNETT. Nov. 29-31

DRIME BACON. The subscriber keeps on hand a full stock of Groceries, Rice, and other articles, and will receive more.

HARDEN & McCULLY. Oct. 25-11

LIVERY STABLE. The undersigned has purchased the well known Harwell Stable, respectively to the friends and the traveling public, which is located on the corner of the City and Market Streets, of all kinds, upon the most reasonable notice and on the most reasonable terms. W. WALKER. Nov. 29-31

AGREO MAN FOR SALE. Apply to JORDAN BENNETT, No. 130-3, a pair of Horses and Carriage, a Bay and a White Horse. JORDAN BENNETT. Nov. 29-31

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HARDEN & McCULLY. Oct. 25-11

OUR CHARLOTTE ELECTION.

She's sleeping on the dark night now, Her slumbering those around her cold, Her sweetest she breathes with the dead, Her wailing she hears in the night.

Must meet the call of death's loud cry, To mingle with the dead.

There's nothing in this cold dead world, To make us here any less dead.

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but it must be borne in mind that they cultivate enhanced land, and they will find a ready market for their produce, in the prospect of onerous taxation before them, they do not emigrate to more favored regions, where they have high taxes to pay, they will have rich harvests on which the contribution would be light.

As the gross product of the bank for the year was only \$272,000, it is apparent that unless those are largely increased for the future, a large portion of this interest must fall on the State Treasury, and be met by an increase of our annual loans. In view of this exhibit, I think it must be admitted that we have made sufficient progress in the way of getting into debt to justify to all a temporary pause. You will certainly not offend the law paying portion of your constituents by declining to embark in any new projects requiring new loans.

The Public mind is so far as it respects the payment of the interest, is divided into three classes: 1. That the interest of this debt is to be paid upon the bond. This consists of 5 and 6 per cent of 1858.

2. That portion of the debt, the interest of which is to be paid on the State Treasury. This consists of 3 per cent of 1858.

3. The debt which is to be paid on the State Treasury. This consists of 3 per cent of 1858.

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some change might be suggested, by the holdings could be replaced without waiting for a special appropriation from the Legislature. The case seemed too plain to admit of doubt. The Legislature could not refuse to do so, and it is to be regretted that in anticipating the friendly interposition of the State, the Board appointed a committee to make a contract upon the faith of an appropriation from the Legislature, and that the Committee found it impossible to execute their trust. No measure would have been taken, had the Legislature not done so.

With the deliberate opinion of five or six hundred children, there is another ten or dozen. In a matter of such vital importance to the State, district and parish funds should be disregarded.

If the risk do lay largely to the charge of government, they enjoy large property, and they will consent to pay by contributing liberally to the cause of education, every favorable turn, and the work has been completed within a shorter period than was thought possible. The College appears to be in a healthy condition, and the State of property has had no debt. The entire cost of the new building is \$222,800. Of this sum I have advanced out of the contingent fund \$100,000. An appropriation of \$75,000 will be necessary to fill the deficiency of the Board with the contractor, Mr. Cowen.

I have paid for ordinary drafts on the contingent fund \$100,000. An appropriation of \$75,000 will be necessary to fill the deficiency of the Board with the contractor, Mr. Cowen.

The Military Academy are most successful, fully conducted and continue steady to a new public education. Though but a few years standing, the fruits are already felt every district of the State has been your fostering care, the harvest in time will be rich and abundant. They will be found longer advanced than first and fortification, the individual who has a stake in this cause will be found to have a stake in the public debt, and the surplus assets of the Bank. The nominal value of these stocks is \$1,242,100; their present value in market is \$717,250.

The surplus assets of the State in the Bank, over its liabilities, is \$3,922,520.64. The balance in the Treasury, for the payment of the State salary of the Board of the Ridge Railroad Agency. Bonds to the amount of \$200,000 have already been issued, and the balance is \$12,000. There must be during the ensuing year a further issue of bonds to provide the means for carrying out these works.

The State has a large amount of public debt, and the surplus assets of the Bank. The nominal value of these stocks is \$1,242,100; their present value in market is \$717,250.

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great, the principle which at present regulates the distribution of the fund should continue to be a special appropriation from the Legislature. The case seemed too plain to admit of doubt. The Legislature could not refuse to do so, and it is to be regretted that in anticipating the friendly interposition of the State, the Board appointed a committee to make a contract upon the faith of an appropriation from the Legislature, and that the Committee found it impossible to execute their trust.

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upon the propriety of making a systematic revision of the statutes of the State. I rely upon the Legislature to do so, and upon the people who have made the law the study of their lives, and I trust I shall not be regarded as traveling beyond the sphere of my duty in urging upon you a matter that so nearly concerns every member of the commonwealth. I will not go into a statement of the many considerations which in my mind render such a revision of the laws of the State in the opinion both of the Bench and Bar of the State.

During the short Session of the Legislature, and in the ordinary course of our legislative proceedings, it is vain to expect that any thorough amendment of the law upon every subject can be effected. If the subject appears to your honorable body worthy of attention, I beg leave to recommend, that commissioners of diligence and ability should be charged with the duty of reporting to the Legislature for its consideration the general elementary provisions for a revised code of state law, and some of all the parts of such a code.

It is the recommendation of your predecessor as to the propriety of repealing our laws. These laws originated in ignorance and prejudice, and like all government laws, are inconsistent with the enlightened policy of the age. They check honest industry, and reward, as they constantly are, ill-favored and unproductive industry. They are, in fact, a barrier to the progress of our State, and they are, in fact, a barrier to the progress of our State.

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efforts, and add largely to the aggregate wealth of the State. I know that there are persons in the State who do not, nor can they ever be, but the necessity of this change of our policy, but it is wise or just that the great permanent interests of the State should be sacrificed in preference to the mistaken and erroneous notions of our people on the subject of stock raising and its supposed benefits?

An application will be made to you for aid by the State Agricultural Society. The Legislature has wisely constituted the legal association, and the mechanics Institute. The loss of the organization of this society affords reasonable grounds to hope that it will be permanent; and I am sure you cannot hesitate to give substantial encouragement to an interest which is the great source of our wealth, and which, without murmuring, pays two-thirds of our annual taxes. I recommend that the sum of five thousand dollars be annually subscribed to this society, so long as it continues to exist.

The administration of our laws in relation to our colored population by our courts of law, and by our State officers, as at present constituted, calls loudly for reform. Their decisions are rarely in conformity with justice or humanity. I have felt it my duty to call your attention to this subject, and to urge upon you, that you should, by your voice, either to modify the sentence, or to act as a check altogether. I recommend, in all cases involving life, that the trial of sixes meet to be held at the residence of the house of the district in which the offence is committed—that the clerk, ordinary, and sheriff of the district constitute a court to try the case, and that the jury be selected from the allowed the usual per diem. They offer you the confidence of the community, and would be free from neighborhood prejudice, and would be free from neighborhood prejudice, and would be free from neighborhood prejudice.

The regulation of the State in relation to colored men has long been a matter of complaint and remonstrance on the part of foreign nations. So, strong indeed, has been the opposition to our laws on the subject, that at one time formal proceedings were instituted by the British Government to enforce their validity. That attempt to coerce the State into a relaxation of the policy deemed to be unwholesome and unbecomingly stringent, was repelled by the State, and the proceedings were abandoned as unwarranted. The right of the State to enforce, within her limits, such police laws as she may deem essential to her public safety, is a right which South Carolina is entitled to maintain on any tribunal on earth. So long as this right was questioned, and any disposition to relax the policy of the State, South Carolina resolutely maintained her position; and both the principle and the law stand fully vindicated in the public estimation. Now that the subject is free from all embarrassment which the proceedings referred to have thrown around it, and our right to pass the law is no longer disputed, I trust we should not be deterred by the fear of the question which is now before us, or the question which is now before us, or the question which is now before us.

However much it may have been demanded by justice or justified by necessity, it is a matter which requires your attention, and I have no idea that our cherished institution would be endangered by its modification. I transmit resolutions from the States of Rhode Island and Connecticut. I received certain resolutions from the State of Massachusetts, which I returned to the Legislature. Had Massachusetts confined her resolutions expressive of her feelings of opinion in relation to slavery, we should have had no occasion to concern ourselves. I would have received them with indifference, and transmitted them without comment; but she has gone beyond the limits of a simple protest. A State whose Legislature deliberately, unshakingly, unjustly, violates her constitutional obligations, and whose people resist the execution of the law, even to the shedding of blood, is not entitled to count on us; and I feel that I would have betrayed the dignity of my trust had I hesitated to affix my name to the resolutions which I have transmitted. The interference of civilities with a people who feel it to be no dishonor to receive the recovery of stolen property, will be a disgrace to the State, and is incompatible with the respect which honesty owns itself.

J. H. ADAMS.

A TERRIBLE CALAMITY. — A fire broke out in Alexandria, Va., on the morning of the 15th inst. The cause was stated to be the property of J. T. Dwell, destroying property of the amount of some \$10,000 and which was attended with a most melancholy accident. — While a fire was burning in the building, which was built of brick, fell in, and killed a large number of children. Several had been taken out dead, and many were injured, and others yet remained under the ruins.

The fire was undoubtedly the work of an incendiary. Dwell, the owner of the brick house, and who had been engaged in the building, was the Mayor on suspicion of having fired the building; and it was rumored that Dwell afterwards left the city.

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THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA. — A fire broke



LOOK OUT FOR THE RED FLAG!!! NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!!! CHESTER BAZAAR!!! B. & M. ISRAEL

CHESTER DRUG STORE A Large and well assorted Stock of FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

REMEMBER!! REMEMBER!! HENRY & GILL

MARBLE YARD CHESTER, S. C.

DR. T. H. WADE

Fall and Winter Goods, Ready Made Clothing, Men, Boys and Youths; Dry Goods of all kinds.

COLOGNE WATER, Perfumery and Fancy Goods, French and English Toilet Articles.

READY MADE CLOTHING, For Men and Boys, Fashional Styles; Under Garments, etc.

STAND NEAR THE DEPOT, He is prepared to execute all orders in his line of business.

WILL attend at his rooms in the Chamber of Commerce, on Monday and Saturday, at Rock Hill.

LOOK OUT FOR THE LOCOMOTIVE!!!

LOOK HERE AND SEE THE FALL AND WINTER STOCK OF FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS.

Ladies' Cloaks & Talmas, LADIES' DRESS GOODS, A FINE ASSORTMENT.

PACKED AND FORWARDED, with the utmost care and dispatch.

LAW NOTICE, HEMPHILL & GASTON, ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

BRAWLEY & ALEXANDER, FALL AND WINTER GOODS, WHICH WHEN COMPLETE WILL COMPRISE ONE OF THE FINEST, RICHEST AND MOST VARIED.

NEW STORE, AFFR returning their thanks to their many Friends and customers for a late acknowledgment.

TOOLS, SEED FINDINGS AND LASTS, SAUSAGE CUTTERS, STRAW CUTTERS, CORN SHELLERS, ETC.

G. HEYMAN'S BEAUTIFUL AND WELL ASSORTED STOCK OF FALL & WINTER DRY GOODS.

Wm. M. Tunno, FACTOR AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, FLORENCE, ITALY.

SHOES, HATS, READY MADE CLOTHING, Hardware, Cutlery, Carpenter's Tools, Blacksmith's Bellows, &c.

DISOLUTION, THIS undesignated has this day dissolved their partnership.

NEW GOODS! Large Stock! New Styles! We will offer you some of the most beautiful styles of all kinds.

DRY GOODS, THE undersigned returns his sincere thanks to his numerous Friends and customers.

NEW CARPET STORE, JAMES G. BAILEY, CLAYTON PLACE, CHESTER, S. C.

NEW FALL & WINTER GOODS, DAVEGA & D. GRAFFENREID, THE subscribers embrace this opportunity to return their thanks to all who have the kindness to favor them with their custom.

FORMER'S PATENT PLOW, Messrs. ALLEN & CO., of the 18th Ward, Charleston, S. C., July 5, 1858.

Know Nothings, of the nature of the order, did to the end and to be upheld and to be maintained.

BOOT AND SHOE STORE, In Chester, at the Store formerly occupied by MESSRS. DUNFANT & CO.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, WARDLAW, WALKER & BURNIDE, COTTON FACTORS.

FALL AND WINTER SUPPLIES, which together with their former stock, comprises an handsome and extensive assortment.

NEW FIRM, THE subscriber has engaged to enter into copartnership for the purpose of carrying on a Grocery and Produce Business.

Know Nothings, of the nature of the order, did to the end and to be upheld and to be maintained.

BOOT AND SHOE STORE, In Chester, at the Store formerly occupied by MESSRS. DUNFANT & CO.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, WARDLAW, WALKER & BURNIDE, COTTON FACTORS.

FASHIONABLE, not being determined to sell at a small advance they beg to have all who are inclined to purchase to visit their establishment.

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BOOT AND SHOE STORE, In Chester, at the Store formerly occupied by MESSRS. DUNFANT & CO.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, WARDLAW, WALKER & BURNIDE, COTTON FACTORS.

REMOVAL, THE undersigned has determined to sell at a small advance they beg to have all who are inclined to purchase to visit their establishment.

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