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The Lantern, Chester S.C.- May 13, 1898

J T. Bigham

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PROHIBITION IN MAINE.

Opinions of Men Who Know What They Are Talking About.

The governors of Maine, for over a quarter of a century, have, with- out exception, bore witness to the decrease in the consumption of liquor and the diminution of crime and other evils flowing from drink, as well as to the material improvement of the people of that state under prohibition.

Governor Chamberlain (1872) says: "The (prohibition) law is as well executed in the states as any other criminal law."
Governor Perham (1872) says: "I think it safe to say that the volume of the liquor trade is very much less than before the enactment of the law, probably not more than one-tenth as large."

Governor Dingley (1874) says: "In more than three-fourths of the state, particularly in the rural sections, open dram shops are almost unknown, and secret sales are comparatively rare."

Governor Conner (1876) says: "Maine has a fixed conclusion on its subject."

Hon. Jas. G. Blaine, whose testimony as that of an astute politician should have great weight, said in 1882: "Intemperance has decreased in Maine since the first enactment of the prohibitory law, until now it can be said with truth that there is no equal number of people in the Anglo-Saxon among whom so small an amount of intoxicating liquor is consumed as among the inhabitants of Maine."

Senator Wm. P. Fry (1890) says: "Today the country portions of the state are absolutely free from the sale of liquor. Poverty is comparatively unknown, and in some of the counties the jails have been without occupants for years at a time. The law is not a failure, it has been, on the other hand, a wonderful success."

Senator Hale (1890) said: "The Maine people believe in prohibition because they are every day witnesses to its good effects."
President William W. Hyde, of Bowdoin college, says: "We believe in prohibition for ourselves, and we wish that wherever conditions similar to those in our own state exist, those states may experience its benefits."

Ex-Vice President Hannibal Hamlin, of the United States, says: "In the great good produced by the prohibitory liquor law of Maine, no man can doubt who has seen the results. It has been of immense value."

And the late Gen. Neal Dow, father of the prohibition movement and author of the Maine law, in a report to the royal commission on the liquor traffic in Montreal before this testimony to the conditions past and existing in Maine, said: "I suppose there is no state in the Union where more liquor was consumed, in proportion to the population, than in Maine. That arose very largely from the fact of two great industries being carried on there—one being the lumber trade and the other the fisheries. The lumbermen, who were employed in the woods during the winter cutting down trees and drink formed a regular part of their rations. The results were that poverty and pauperism were with the people of Maine. There were a great many distilleries and breweries in Maine, and there has not been one for a good many years. . . . Now there is not a brewery nor distillery in Maine."

"The result of the change has been this, that while Maine was undoubtedly one of the poorest states in the Union in the olden times, it is now one of the most prosperous. The volume of the liquor traffic is greatly reduced. The savings of the people from that traffic are such that the state has become very

flourishing. . . . The liquor traffic is not entirely excluded from Maine, but it is safe to say that in more than in three-fourths of the population the liquor traffic is practically extinguished."

"Drunkness today is deemed disreputable in the very quarters where only a little while ago it was looked upon simply as a misfortune," writes Edward W. Bok, in the *May Ladies' Home Journal*. Every line of business shuts its doors absolutely to the drunkard. It has no use for him. Business competition has become so keen that only the men of steadiest habits can find employment. This fact the habitual indulger in alcoholics has found out, and the different "cure" establishments for drunkness—and Godsend they are, to humanity—are today filled with men who have come to a realization of the changed conditions. The man of steady habits is the man of the hour, and the drunkard realizes this. In the social world the same thing is true. The excessive indulgence of even a few years ago would not be tolerated at any dinner today. Society has become intolerant of the behaviour which inevitably results from excessive indulgence in drinking, and men realize this. It is bad manners today to drink to excess. Good taste is spreading, and moderation is necessarily following."

Losses in Great Battles

Jena, 1806—Prussian loss, 21,000 out of 90,000.

Battle of Eylau, 1807—Russian loss 25,000 out of 73,000 engaged; French loss, 30,000 out of 85,000 engaged.

Wagram, 1809—Austrian loss, 55,000 out of 100,000; French loss, 25,000, with the same number engaged.

Aspern, May 21-22, 1809—Napoleon's first defeat. The little corporal lost 35,000 out of an army of 70,000, while the Austrians lost 20,000, out of a force of 80,000, Napoleon's loss being quite 50 per cent of his army.

Borodino, Moscow—French lost 50,000, out of 132,000, and the Russians 45,000 out of 135,000.

Koniggratz, 1866—End of the Prusso-Austrian war. About 400,000 men were engaged altogether, and in this battle Austria lost 40,000, while Prussia lost but one-quarter as many.

The battle of Leipzig was fearfully fatal to French arms, as out of 100,000 men they lost fully 60,000, while the allies lost but 42,000 out of an army of 288,000.

At Waterloo, last fatal act in the real drama of Napoleon's life, the French lost 30,000 out of a splendid army of 73,000, very nearly one-half, while the loss to the allies was 23,000 out of 83,000. This was the most destructive of any appearing on the record, as the loss on both sides was over 33 per cent.

At Sedan, before the terrible fire of the German guns, 30,000 Frenchmen out of an army of 150,000 were killed, while the German loss in killed and wounded was but 8,931, and this out of an army of 250,000.

None to Injure.

A bishop was traveling in a mining country, and encountered an old Irishman turning a windlass which hauled up ore out of a shaft. It was his work to do this all day long. His hat was off, and the sun poured down on his unprotected head. "Don't you know the sun will injure your brain if you expose it in that manner?" said the good man. The Irishman wiped the sweat off his forehead and looked at the clergyman. "Do 'ye think I'd be doin' this all day if I had any brain?" he said, and then gave the handle another turn.

How Uncle Sam Will Arm His Volunteer Army.

It is stated by the officers of the quartermaster general's bureau that six weeks from now the government will be able to clothe and equip 100,000 men for the field. The most important difficulty lies in the matter of rifles. At present Uncle Sam has barely more than a sufficient number of modern rifles for the regular army. The militia of the states are armed with the old-fashioned Springfield and similar out-of-date weapons. When it is said that a Springfield rifle shoots 25 bullets a minute with a range of 4,000 yards, against 40 shots a minute at 6,000 yards for the new regulation Krag-Jorgensen, a very imperfect notion is given of the difference in effectiveness between the two weapons. The difference lies mainly in the increased "danger space" where the Krag-Jorgensen is used. The velocity of the projectile fired by the Krag-Jorgensen is so great that its course through the air is nearly horizontal, so that it would kill a man who stood anywhere between the muzzle of the rifle and a distance of three miles. A Springfield bullet, on the other hand, might fall at two miles, but, if properly aimed for such a range, would go over the head of a man standing a mile away.

The war department has already ordered 100,000 Krag-Jorgensens, and it is believed that these weapons can be turned out at the rate of 1,000 a day when all the resources of the small arm factories are fully utilized. Time may elapse, however, before this rate of production is attained, and meanwhile a large part of our troops will have to get along with back-number guns. Nearly all of the infantry of the militia are armed with Springfields of 45 caliber, while the cavalry are provided with Springfield, Remington, Spencer, and Sharpe carbines of 45 and 50 caliber. The supply of ammunition for the rifles will be plentiful; the Frankford arsenal in Philadelphia is now turning out 150,000 cartridges a day for the Krag-Jorgensen and the output will presently reach 300,000 per diem. Many of the Springfield rifles and carbines, when replaced with Krag-Jorgensen's will probably pass into the hands of the Cuban auxiliaries. The field artillery used by the troops will consist mainly of 32-inch breech loading rifles, which throw projectiles weighing 16 pounds a distance of four miles. Most of the states possess some of these cannon and 31 states have one or more Gatling guns.

Dewey, Schley, and Sampson.

A gentleman who is informed in such matters gives the *Observer* the interesting information that "The Register of the Graduates," association of the United States Naval academy shows that Commodore George Dewey entered in 1854 from Vermont and graduated in 1858; Commodore W. S. Schley entered in 1856 from Maryland and graduated in 1860; Captain W. T. Sampson (acting admiral) entered in 1857 from New York and graduated in 1861." These are facts which will interest the public. Commodore Dewey is in charge of the Asiatic squadron, which has just cleaned up the Spanish fleet off the Philippines; Commodore Schley (pronounced Sly), of the Flying squadron, still lying in Hampton Roads, and Captain Sampson—who was for three years in charge of the Naval academy at Annapolis—of the North Atlantic Squadron, at Key West.—*Charlotte Observer*.

His call had lasted something like two hours, when he suggested that he believed he could read her thoughts.

"Then why don't you go?" she asked.—*Chicago Post*.

LOCAL SKETCHES.

Brief Sketch of the Osbornes—Worthy Offspring of a Noble Sire.

Before giving an account of Osborne's Mill it might be as well to give an account of the late

AMOS OSBORNE.

He first saw the light at Fitchburg, Mass., in the year 1790. About the year 1819 he shipped on board a schooner and after encountering a severe storm they sought shelter in Charleston harbor. His intention was to go to Tennessee to work in the iron foundry. From Charleston he came in a wagon to Columbia and there clerked in a hardware store for three years. Leaving Columbia north of McAlla's wagon, who lived just north of the lands now owned by Mr. Thomas Hyatt, of the New Hope section. Mr. Osborne worked board at Mr. McAlla's and secured at his trades. He was an industrious man and was a fine stone cutter, blacksmith, and mill-wright.

It was there he first met his wife, Miss Elizabeth, the daughter of his host. She was

AN EXTRAORDINARY WOMAN

noted for her natural sense and keen penetration. She was a very tall woman, while Mr. Osborne was of very low stature. She was a woman who had a will power sufficient to carry her through in most of things she undertook. When but a small girl she was desirous of taking a trip to Charleston in a wagon with her father. Such trips were not uncommon. Her mother objected, but about the time the wagons started she went through the woods until they were too far to return home, then she came up to them. Her wardrobe was not sufficient for so long a trip. Mrs. McKennedy, one of the old pioneers of Chester, came to the rescue and provided the defect. On her return she had the yellow fever, which she had contracted in Charleston.

THE CHILDREN.

From this union were born four boys and five girls, of which a short synopsis will suffice.

Dr. James E., after passing a useful life in the practice of physic died in Cleveland, N. C.

Lavinia is now the wife of Mr. T. T. Castles.

Adaline died at the age of 17.

Elvira, who married William Gilmore, died last year.

Venilla is now the widow of the late Charles Gilmore.

Ellison lives near the old homestead and is favorably known throughout the county.

Wade lives on the old homestead and needs no commendation from my pen.

Wright, who lived in upper York county, died some six years ago.

Elizabeth married William McG. Bailey and lives just above Olive.

What could be said of one could be said of all; they were men and women respected most by those who knew them best.

Mr. Amos Osborne, by his industry and Yankee ingenuity soon laid the foundation of an independent competency of which we will speak later.

As promised in my last letter, I cannot reach the mill this week. But never mind; I don't mind breaking my promise for I can make apothecary as good. Be this my excuse, when I get started to writing of these old deontology of the land, I don't know when to quit and it almost seems I can see their faces. But enough! I have to write something biographical in order to make the sketches readable. So with this excuse I doff my hat and end my sixth lesson.

Justice often leans to the side where the purse pulls.

Letter from Due West.

Rev. Jas. G. Dale, of Columbia, closed his meeting in the Young Men's Christian Association hall the last Sabbath night in April. He preached the following week at the Female College. Mr. Dale is one of the most earnest young ministers I have ever heard. One can easily see that he has his whole heart and soul in his work.

Yesterday was a holiday and picnic day with the girls at the Due West Female College. From all appearances they seemed to have a jolly time.

Photographer W. A. Reckling, of Columbia, has been here since Wednesday.

The regular annual junior examination came off last night in the auditorium. The Anderson Cornet band furnished music for the occasion. Messrs. Hunter and Moore, junior orators for the annual celebration, and Mr. Latimer, an irregular junior, did not speak last night.

Following is the program:

W. E. Anderson, S. C. Loyalty to Truth.

G. B. Greene, S. C. Why Save Flowers for the Grave?

A. G. Randolph, N. C. Individual Loyalty.

E. P. Lindsay, Tenn. Man's A Pendulum between a Smile and a Tear.

J. R. Millen, S. C. Devotion to Duty the Measure of Greatness.

J. E. Knox, S. C. Literature as a Guide.

E. G. Martin, Ga. The Hours Perish and Art Laid to Our Charge.

MARSHALS.

J. B. Miller (Chief), Alabama.

Euphemian—E. L. James, Ala., J. W. Simpson, S. C.

Philomathean—R. M. Gray, N. C., F. J. Atkins, S. C.

The second contest for the medal in declamation, open to all classes, was held this morning. Twenty young men spoke some time ago for this same medal. The committee was unable to decide who was the fortunate one; hence the second contest. The following young men were in the second race: Messrs. H. Caldwell, R. P. Clinkscales, W. N. Dale, J. R. Martin, R. B. Miller, L. H. Moore and P. A. Pressly.

The medal will be presented to the lucky one at commencement.

Several men from this place have volunteered and gone to Columbia with the Abbeville militia. Mr. Ira S. Caldwell, a seminary student, from near Charlotte, left last week to join the Charlotte Hornet's Nest Rifles.

Furman University will play the Erskine College ball team here this evening. This will be the last match game played here on our grounds this year.

Our commencement will be just five weeks from next Wednesday. I hope to see a large crowd here from Chester on that occasion.

Hon. J. J. Lentz, of Ohio, will be the anniversary orator.

O. Due West, May 7, 1898.

The Kings Mountain Military school property (later known as the York Baptist High school) was sold by order of the court Monday, by the clerk, as a result of suit of the original owners against the trustees of the high school for the purchase money. It was bought by the former for \$3,900. According to the terms of the order for sale the difference between this price and the figure at which it was sold to the high school, subject to some credit payments and the addition of some interest, etc., will have to be paid by the trustees.—*Yorkville Yeoman*.

The Confederate war is over at last. The appointment of Fitzhugh Lee and Joseph Wheeler to be major generals in the armies of the United States, is equivalent to the signing of a treaty of eternal peace.

YORKVILLE ENQUIRER.

The clothing for a soldier in the army that will invade Cuba will cost about \$25 complete. For this expeditionary force suits of cool, twill-like stuff will be furnished, and one of these will come to \$9. Each man must have a cape overcoat, which costs \$8, a campaign hat at \$1, a forage cap at 75 cents and a pair of shoes at \$2.50—a flannel shirt at \$2.10, and two suits of underwear at \$2.50 each. In addition to these necessary articles he will have a rubber blanket, made in "Poncho" fashion, with a hole in the middle to put his head through. This costs the government \$1.40. He will be provided with only one blanket, in place of the customary two, because the climate is so warm; but this will be a very fine article of its kind, Uncle Sam paying \$2.83 for it. The war department has advertised for 100,000 pairs of shoes.

Clothing for the Soldiers.

The clothing for a soldier in the army that will invade Cuba will cost about \$25 complete. For this expeditionary force suits of cool, twill-like stuff will be furnished, and one of these will come to \$9. Each man must have a cape overcoat, which costs \$8, a campaign hat at \$1, a forage cap at 75 cents and a pair of shoes at \$2.50—a flannel shirt at \$2.10, and two suits of underwear at \$2.50 each. In addition to these necessary articles he will have a rubber blanket, made in "Poncho" fashion, with a hole in the middle to put his head through. This costs the government \$1.40. He will be provided with only one blanket, in place of the customary two, because the climate is so warm; but this will be a very fine article of its kind, Uncle Sam paying \$2.83 for it. The war department has advertised for 100,000 pairs of shoes.

Racial Reparte.

Civil courts are dry enough places at almost any time, but then again there are all manner of funny incidents cropping up in them. Not so long since Frank Hagerman was examining a witness in Judge Gates' division and was endeavoring to show that the man then on the stand had an ulterior motive in testifying. A negro had been hurt by a street car, and a big negro doctor from across the state line had a great deal to say about the injury. He said he had been duly served with a subpoena by a deputy sheriff. "Who was the deputy sheriff who served you?" the attorney asked.

Witness replied that he did not know his name.

"Was he from this county?"

"Yes," was the answer. "He was from Jackson county."

"Then describe him and we will soon have him on the stand."

This did not strike the zealous yet cautious witness, and with an air of superiority as above vulgar details he waved his hand imperiously, and looking away across the Missouri river said:

"I kain't describe him, sah. All these yere white main look alike to me."

That broke up Hagerman, and the witness was excused.—*Kansas City Times*.

He Convinced Them.

Once a number of kindred spirits were enjoying a supper in the land of Burns. When the cloth was removed and the usual toasts proposed, some one suggested a song. The efforts of the first Scotchman met with such a hearty reception that others were induced to follow his example.

In the end it was found that every one had contributed to the evening's entertainment but the medical gentleman who occupied the vice chair.

"Come, come, Dr. Macdonald," said the chairman, "we cannot let you escape."

The doctor protested he could not sing.

"As a matter of fact," he explained, "my voice is altogether un-musical, and resembles the sound caused by the act of rubbing a brick along the panels of a door."

The company attributed this to the doctor's modesty. Good singers, he was reminded, always needed a lot of pressing.

"Very well," said the doctor, "if you can stand it, I will sing."

Long before he had finished his audience was uneasy. The unwilling singer had faithfully described his voice.

There was a painful silence as the doctor sat down, broke at length by the voice of a braw Scot at the end of the table.

"Mon," he exclaimed, "yer singin's no up to much, but yer veracity's just awful! Yer rich about that brick."—*New York Ledger*.

J. T. BIGHAM, Editor and Prop.
Entered at the Postoffice at Chester, S. C., as second-class matter.

FRIDAY, MAY 13, 1898.

Speaking of old people cutting teeth reminds us that old Spain's gums are getting inflamed and it is probable that her wisdom teeth will appear soon.

N. G. Gonzales, editor of the *State*, has a position on the staff of the Cuban leader, General Nunez, who is at Tampa and will lead the first expedition into Cuba.

We have in our possession a facsimile of the New York *Herald* of Apr. 15, 1865, containing an account of the assassination of President Lincoln, the surrender of Lee and other matters of that time.

By some blunder in Columbia, no warrants were sent for the pensioners in Bethel and Bethesda townships, York county, and no money is on hand to pay them, but the comptroller hopes to collect enough yet to pay them.

Prof. Jno. M. Manly, professor of English in Brown University, at Providence, R. I., has accepted the same chair in Chicago University. He is a son of Dr. Chas. Manly, formerly president of Furman University.

Idleness is not only one of the most prolific breeders of vice, but it fosters other causes of crime. Idleness is almost sure to lead to drinking, and drinking just as surely leads to idleness, and the two together breed crimes without number.

The New York *World* has a dispatch from Berlin which says: "Germany does not entertain, nor is it likely that she will ever entertain the idea of protesting the American occupation of the Philippines. Neither has she joined nor will she join any combination of the powers with this object in view."

Have you a poor stand of cotton? Then plow it up and plant corn and peas. They would grow beautifully on your well prepared cotton land, and ten to one you will be better off in the fall than if your cotton had come up a good stand. You will save half the expense of cultivating and harvesting, and the value of the products will be greater.

A gentleman who was in the late war wants to know why so many of the volunteers are turned down. He says that out of five companies raised here for the late war, aggregating 525 men, he does not believe 25 would have been rejected on the present examination. He asks, is it cigarettes, whiskey, idleness, or what is it?

The Southern Baptist Convention.

On Friday, May 6th, there convened at Norfolk, Va., in the Freeman St. Baptist church, this large body of Christian workers. It was the fifty-third year of the Southern Baptist Convention. Under the auspices of this convention are five distinct lines of work: The Southern Baptist Theological Seminary, at Louisville, Ky., W. H. Whittitt, D. D., president; the Foreign Mission Board, with headquarters at Richmond, Va., R. J. Willingham, D. D., corresponding secretary; Home Mission Board, with headquarters at Atlanta, Ga., I. L. Tichenor, D. D., corresponding secretary; Woman's Missionary Union, with headquarters at Baltimore, Md., Miss Annie W. Armstrong, corresponding secretary; Sunday School Board, headquarters at Nashville, Tenn., J. M. Frost, D. D., corresponding secretary.

The convention is by no means authoritative, so far as being an ecclesiastical body is concerned, but simply an association of the associa-

tions of the Southern States. It can bind no laws upon the churches and is organized simply to direct missionary enterprises of the churches along systematic lines.

Hon. Jonathan Harralson, L. L. D., of Montgomery, Ala., was elected president, and Rev. Lansing Burrows, D. D., Augusta, Ga., and Rev. Oliver F. Gregory, D. D., Baltimore, Md., secretaries.

The reports of the various Boards show the work of the convention to be in a flourishing condition. The report of the Sunday school was first presented. This Board has five departments: Home, Missionary, Book and Tract, Bible, and Periodical. The book department has just been organized. The first work published being "The Story of Yate's," the missionary. The report showed that the gross income during the year was something over \$64,000, that all bills and expenses have been promptly met and that the business is presented to the convention with assets of nearly \$33,000 and practically without any liabilities, that the debt of last year has been cancelled and the valuable property purchased, paid for and that \$12,000 were contributed by the Board to the various missionary interests of the convention, besides the distribution of Bible tracts and religious literature. The report of the Foreign Mission Board also revealed a state of prosperity. Last year's indebtedness was \$13,532.79, while in 1896 it was \$31,905.71. This year everything is paid and \$2,975.96 in the treasury. To this work the Baptists of South Carolina contributed during the year \$11,475.58. The baptisms during the year in foreign lands were 701. There are now connected with the work 76 missionaries and 117 native assistants. Several churches in the Mexican mission are entirely self-sustaining. Several in China are also reported as being in a likewise flourishing condition. New missions have been opened, notably that in the Amazon valley. Since 1891 nearly 5,000 professed believers have been baptized in foreign mission fields. About 8,000 members are reported.

The next report of the convention was from the Home Board. This is out of debt. The total amount raised during the year is \$110,656.50. Number of missionaries employed during the year 467, baptisms reported 4,739, total additions to the churches, 9,599. It was one of the best reports ever made by this Board. The Woman's report reveals the same state of progress and all the missionary enterprises of the convention are highly prosperous. The educational report showed that Baptists have more money invested in educational institutions than any other denomination in the world. The report of the statistical society showed that there were 712 associations working with the convention; that it has 11,270 preachers, 18,500 churches and 1,543,018 members.

On Friday night the sermon before the convention was preached by B. L. Whitman, D. D., president of Columbian University, Washington, D. C. Dr. Whitman is a man of splendid physical proportions and is a giant in intellect. The theme of his sermon was the foundations of the Christian's Hope, based on 1 Peter 3:15, "Be ready always to give an answer to every man that asketh you a reason of the hope that is in you." The foundations of our hope, the preacher stated, are law, light, life and power. He made a profound impression upon the minds of the immense audience which packed the academy of music.

Among the notable speeches on Saturday were those of Justin Fulton, of New York, who spoke on Cuba, and Hon. Dr. M. Curry, ex-minister to Spain. The one emphasized the liberation of Cuba, not only from Spanish rule but from the curse of Rong Rong, while the other exalted the Baptist idea of liberty, not only of civil and political liberty but of religion. Every man is to serve God according to the dictates of his conscience, to repent for himself, believe for himself, to be saved or lost, rewarded or punished for himself.

Thankful words were written by Mrs. Ada E. Hart, of Groton, S. D. "Was taken with a bad cold which settled on my lungs; cough set in and finally terminated in Consumption. Four doctors gave me up, saying I could live but a short time. I gave myself up to my Savior, determined if I could not stay with my friends on earth I would meet my absent ones above. My husband was advised to try Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds.

Friday-night was devoted to a mass meeting in the interest of Foreign Missions, at which rousing speeches were delivered. The mass meetings were all held in the Academy of Music. On Sunday the various pulpits of Norfolk, Portsmouth and Berkley were manned by the visiting ministers of the Convention.

Monday was devoted to the transaction of routine business. Dr. Carroll introduced a resolution to the effect that the Convention sever its connection with the Southern Baptist Theological Seminary, at Louisville. The resolution cannot be acted upon until the next annual session. A committee of one from each State was appointed to look into the advisability of such a severance and was ordered to report next year. Dr. Whittitt was re-elected by the trustees to the position of president of the Seminary, only a small minority opposing.

Some stirring addresses on home mission work were made by L. G. Broughton, A. J. Holt and F. C. McConnell. The year 1900 was set apart as a year of thanksgiving by the Baptist churches in which special efforts be made to more fully inform them of the great fullness of the divine blessing received during this century, and to both organize and equip them for the mighty work which lies before them in the century to come.

A high tribute was paid to D. I. Presson, who died at his post of duty in New Orleans, a yellow fever victim. The home board was authorized to receive money to build a Presson church.

The next Convention will be held at Broadway church, Louisville, Ky., Friday before the second Sunday in May, 1900, Rev. Dr. W. E. Truitt, of Texas, was named to preach the sermon.

Attendants at the Convention from the Chester Association were Rev. H. C. Buchholz and Rev. J. C. Freeman.

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I gave it a trial, took in all eight bottles. It has cured me, and thank God I am saved and now a well and healthy woman." Trial bottles free at Woods & Brice's drug store. Regular size 50c and 91.00. Guaranteed or price refunded.

Land Wanted.
From 5,000 to 20,000 acres of farming lands in Chester and surrounding counties, for settling colonies. Correspondence solicited.
Apply to—
A. J. McCOY,
Real Estate Agent,
Office: McCoy's Drug Store, Gadsden street.

"ANDY WILKS."
The above named, stillon will stand at Richburg, Collins' Stables, Mondays and Tuesdays. Lowryville on Fridays. Balance of the time at Wylie & Co's stables. Josh Mayfield, groomsmen.
—
JOHN C. WOODS.

THE KEY to longer, better & happier living.
REV. J. E. MARRAFFY, Lowryville, S. C.
STOP A MOMENT.
LIVE LONGER AND BE HAPPIER.

There are only three causes of death: Accident, Wearing-out, Disease. Very few die from the first and second. The masses die from disease. Again, all disease is the result either of neglect or of ignorance, carelessness or inheritance. The last can be greatly remedied, and the first two should be avoided. This is positively true for the enormous amount of ill-health that darkens our world and robs the life of pleasure, is a sin against God and humanity, begirting poverty, discontent, debility and insanity. Many drag out a weary existence, or die, as a result of neglect, from causes that could be prevented without paying a cent. A recent lecture by J. E. Maffray, Lowryville, S. C., sounds the key note to longer and happier living. A printed copy will be mailed to any address for 50 cents.

JOS. A. WALKER & SON,
SANITARY PLUMBING,
STEAM AND HOT WATER HEATING.
We are prepared to do all kinds of plumbing and hot water fitting. Come in and let us show you over our stock, and if you have any work to be done we will cheerfully bid on it for you and do it at a low figure.
PHONE 63.

Attention Here—Say, friend, have you tried Dayberry's Laundry? If not, try it. The work is a dead white, and beautiful finish.
Your friend,
J. E. DAYBERRY.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.
SUPERVISOR.
CHESTER, S. C., March 15, '98.
I hereby announce myself a candidate for nomination to the office of County Supervisor at the ensuing democratic primary election, and pledge myself to abide by the result of said election. The cordial support of my fellow citizens is respectfully solicited.
J. R. CULP, Sr.

AUDITOR.
We are authorized to announce W. M. Corkill as a candidate for re-appointment to the office of County Auditor, subject to the action of the Democratic primary election.

TREASURER.
Being well pleased with Mr. W. O. Guy's services as treasurer of Chester county, we hereby nominate him for reappointment to the same office, subject to the recommendation of the democratic primary.
TAXPAYERS.

PROFESSIONAL.
R. B. CALDWELL,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
Walker Bld'g, CHESTER, S. C.
Prompt and careful attention given to all legal transactions in the Courts, Colleges and Commercial Law.

PRYOR & MCKEE,
DRUGGISTS.
Prescriptions a Specialty.

Teachers and Others
Having official business with me will please take notice that my office hours are Mornings and Saturdays.
W. D. KNOX,
County Superintendent of Education.

MAY MEANS SPRING.
ATURE is clothed in her most beautiful attire. We all admire the works of nature and it is nothing but human nature to copy from the beautiful things that are everywhere to be seen by the roth of May. All the leaves are fully grown. We may expect what we call hot weather. Summer Goods take the place of Winter. Up come the carpets, down come the heavy curtains. Both are replaced by something cooler. Mattings and hall Curtains, Dress Materials of lighter fabric and latest design and best prices and values are the articles to look for. We have the correct things in all departments. Organadies are quite popular this season. Don't fail to see or line.

LACES AND EMBROIDERIES.
The only thing we ask is that you look through this line. We know you can be suited in our stock.
OXFORDS AND SUMMER SHOES.
Elegant stock—have had to re-order these goods. Prices, quality, fit and finish—the popular things for the people—the best goods for the least money—the shoes that we sell are good salesmen if you are looking for GOOD WEAR, come and see us. We are fully stocked in all departments and it goes without saying that the WYLIE & CO. is headquarters for everything and in a complete Dry Goods Store.

CLOTHING STORE.
We are ahead of the procession—Spring Suits that fit like tailor-made goods at prices within the reach of all.
NECKWEAR.
A great line—nothing like it ever brought to Chester. Only look through. We don't want to worry you.

HATS.
The newest and most comfortable styles. Prices cheap.
You will never need a new trunk as long as you are here from us. Most complete trunk made sold by us of course. We carry a great many things that we have not space for, but if you want to dress up we can fix you in up-to-date style and will be glad to show you through.
GROCERIES—NECESSITIES.

Something to eat comes first. Large buyers of Provisions and Heavy Goods who pay the money down, scour the market for thousands of miles around, hunting for the most reliable goods at the lowest prices, become experts in their line. We have been doing this for years and the longer we practice it the better are we able to buy at the lowest notch. Our prices are always in line, quality considered.

WYLIE & CO'S TOBACCO | WYLIE & CO'S TOBACCO |
Is in everybody's mouth. We mean that we use the weed and a judge of values and a first-class chew. We are selling by the box to merchants and farmers who buy to sell and retail to their hands cheaper than any drummer on the road will sell you. 240 boxes of one grade in the best money-making sizes and shapes to order, or any saw. If you are buying Tobacco to use or to sell, don't allow your prejudice to stand between you and your own interest but come and see our Tobacco, hear our prices, buy a box, if it don't suit your trade or you can't sell at our retail price, at a satisfactory profit, you may return any part of it and get your money. A fair proposition has never been made to the buying public. Come quick before the additional revenue tax of six cents per pound will be levied. Now is the time to lay in your year's supply of Tobacco and save this enormous advance article to come.
You are aware of the immense advance on flour, meal and corn. Fortunately for us and our customers we bought before the rise about one dozen bags of the above necessities of life, consequently we can show the price of small buyers that carry small stocks. We also took advantage of the lowest prices we have seen on coffee since the war and laid in a big stock. Now there is an advance of 1/2 to cents per pound, and likely to go higher. Don't wait for any further advance but buy at least one year's supply of coffee before war prices are on.
FLOUR | FLOUR | FLOUR |

It is a well known fact that the majority of the corn mills throughout the country are making and selling flour that is adulterated or blended with corn flour starch. Beans and like substances are mixed to the extent of from 10 to 40 per cent, thereby destroying the value of the wheat flour mixed with it in order to rob the consumer and make profits for themselves. Knowing these facts we are handling the product of one of the few mills that grind and ship pure wheat flour of the finest quality—strictly pure—and will make beautiful and wholesome bread, at correct prices.

Joseph Wylie and Company.

MELTON Rosborough & HARDIN & McLure

Are always in the lead, when it comes to HARDWARE, BICYCLES and CROCKERY. Our goods are something that you can always rely on, and our prices are right. Everything guaranteed as represented. We figure on a cash basis, and give you a full, honest dollar's worth for every dollar spent with us. Our terms are invariably cash and therefore we do not have to add on anything to cover bad accounts.
Our enormous trade from the surrounding towns and country, goes to show that our courteous methods and prompt shipments are appreciated. We are always glad to show you around, when you come in to see us.
Yours truly,
MELTON & HARDIN, ROSBOROUGH & MCLURE.

We Shall be Glad
For you to call and inquire as to what we can do for you in the way of qualities and prices.

Melton & Hardin,
CHESTER, S. C.

CHILD and EDWARDS,
(Jon. A. Walker's Old Stand)

I have just received a fresh supply of—
Blue Ribbon Mocha and Java Coffee.
Try it, you will surely be pleased.

Have also just received a shipment of—
"MAGIC CLEANER" SOAP.
One bar does the work of two of any other kind of soap.

Havana Rose and Country Gentleman Cigars
Finest smoke in the city.

Can suit all. All kinds of Spices. Everything generally found in first-class grocery, at
C. WARREN'S.

THE LANTERN.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:
TWO DOLLARS A YEAR, CASH.
FRIDAY, MAY 13, 1898.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Advertisements inserted under this head ten cents a line.
No advertisements inserted as reading matter.

To Rent—Large rooms over bookstore. One arranged for photograph gallery. J. D. MEANS.

Cabbage and tomato plants for sale.—W. R. Brown, corner of Columbia and Hinton streets.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Jos. A. Walker tells how the young men can grow up so as to "pass." S. E. Wylie calls a meeting of directors.

LOCAL NEWS.

Rev. J. E. Grier is attending the Conference in Baltimore.

Miss Bessie Thompson, of Gaffney, is visiting Miss Bessie Lindsay.

Mr. J. Leonidas Moore is spending a few days in the city.

Mr. Starr Mason, of Yorkville, is visiting Mr. J. M. Lathan.

Mrs. L. H. Melton is visiting at Hamlet, N. C.

Miss Minnie Walkup is visiting her sister, Mrs. A. W. Klutz.

Mrs. Janie N. Stringfellow is visiting relatives and friends in the city.

Miss Fannie Abell, of Lowryville, is visiting Miss Jayne Moore, on Pine street.

Don't forget the children's entertainment at Hood's Hotel this evening at 8:30.

Mrs. Julius Schiff and children, of Spartanburg, are at Nicholson's hotel.

Mrs. J. R. Miller, of Rock Hill, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Lindsay.

Miss Nettie Stricker left last Wednesday to visit friends at White Oak.

Mr. C. H. Culp left last night for Columbia, where he expects to join the army.

Rev. Wm. Giadenhigen, of Mercer, S. C., has been in the city a day or two.

We know a young lady in Chester who can tell you how to make an egg stand on its end.

Rev. A. P. Pugh, of Florida, once a pastor in this county, is spending a few days in the city with friends.

We are told of another elderly lady in this county who is cutting teeth.

Mr. W. W. Graham, representing a tobacco house, has been working in the city this week.

Mr. Eilhu Wages, of this county was prostrated with sun-stroke Tuesday while plowing in his field.

J. J. Stallings, a distinguished lawyer of Atlanta, was at Mr. Thos. Gresham's Railroad hotel Wednesday.

Dr. B. E. Kell has returned from Hot Springs somewhat improved. His neighbors and patients are much pleased to see him.

We learn that Dr. Paul Marion will practice at Richburg for the present, in the absence of Dr. Young, who is in the army.

Miss Mattie Wages, who has been at Mr. T. V. Wright's some time, was called home yesterday by the illness of her father.

Mrs. J. W. Means, who has been visiting her mother in Aiken county for some weeks, returned to the city Wednesday evening.

Miss Pet McKorrell, of Blackstock, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Dr. R. M. Galloway, of this place. Lancaster Enterprise

Mr. J. K. Coleman has put in water for all his tenants in the Valley. Joseph A. Walker & Son did the work.

Dr. W. B. Cox and Capt. Cross, of Landsford, visited Capt. H. J. Gregory, this week.—Lancaster Ledger.

Rev. W. A. Hafner, of Bowling Green, is in the city.
The northbound train on the Southern Wednesday morning was six hours late, owing to a freight wreck on the F. C. & P.

Can't some of the patriarchs tell us something about the old musters and muster-grounds, also about the volunteers for the Mexican war, etc.

Drs. Samuel Lindsay and Paul Marion returned Tuesday from New York, where they had successfully completed their course in medicine.

Miss Mattie Reid, who has been visiting in this county, left Tuesday night for her home in Missouri, accompanied by Miss Mary Castles.

Mrs. R. L. Grier, of Missouri, spent Tuesday and Wednesday at Rev. J. S. Moffatt's. She is visiting the family of her father, Capt. J. W. Marshall, at Rock Hill.

The LANTERN found the owner of that button. It never fails. The fact is, everybody reads THE LANTERN, and what's in it is sure to be seen.

Mr. T. P. Mitchell, of Avon, passed through the city yesterday on his way to Blairsville to attend the funeral of Mrs. Blair, his sister-in-law.

Misses Emma Wilkes, Mary Osborne, and May Wise, and Messrs. Robt. Hayes and John Wise attended the annual picnic at Catawba Falls.

Some years ago Mr. D. J. Macaulay bought the Episcopal parsonage in Winstboro. He has now sold it to the Methodists for a parsonage and bought the Methodist parsonage in Chester.

Miss Josie Moffatt, who has been with her sister, Mrs. W. O. Bradley, in Washington, spent Wednesday night at Rev. J. S. Moffatt's on her way to her old home at Lewisville.

A colored woman, the wife of Grant McCain, of Mr. J. D. Steele's place, near Osceola, gave birth to triplets on the 8th inst.—two girls and one boy. All are doing well.—Lancaster Ledger.

A gentleman told us yesterday that he was in town the day before and did not call at this office last week. We can't tell who he is, for then his name would be in the paper.

Rev. M. M. Ross, a son of the late Rev. R. A. Ross, D. D., of York county, who is about completing his course in the seminary at Allegheny, Pa., has been called to a United Presbyterian congregation at Oxford, Pa.

Mr. Craig Kirkpatrick, of Chester county, was on our streets Saturday. He is quite old, being in his eighty-fifth year, yet in all these years he has never had a fight and has been a useful citizen.—Lockhart Cor., Gaffney Ledger.

Samuel Thomas, infant son of Mr. S. T. and Mrs. Mattie Frew, died Monday night of Pneumonia. The remains of the baby will be interred in Laurelwood cemetery this morning at 10:30 o'clock.—Rock Hill Herald.

Two lawyers' offices in Chester are closed on account of the war, their occupants having volunteered, viz: Messrs. A. L. Gaston and W. H. Newbold. Persons having business with either of these attorneys are asked to call on R. B. Caldwell, Esq.

Mr. R. M. Cross, of Landsford, reports that on Tuesday of last week he took from his net in Catawba river 32 large catfish, two German carp, one weighing 16 pounds and the other 9, and a large soft-shell turtle. His net is shaped like that for catching partridges.—Rock Hill Herald.

Dr. McConnell has received 851 visitors at the city's vaccine parlor, since the opening of the season. Some 1400 or more are known to have received the ceremony outside recently, making perhaps 2300 who have received the sign of immunity. Chief Morgan made a round yesterday and found that a large majority—perhaps nine-tenths—of those not vaccinated are whites.

Parlor Entertainment.

Remember that the children's Missionary Society of the Presbyterian church will give a parlor entertainment at Hood's Hotel this evening at 8:30, for the benefit of missions. Give the children a good house.

Company D.

The Lee Light Infantry was sworn in yesterday afternoon as company D. The Johnson Rifles, of Union, followed as E. It is thought that the Catawba Rifles, of Rock Hill, will pass today. Abbeville furnished company A, Newberry B, and Anderson C.

Ruth.

This play goes into local history with Esther and others gotten up by home talent. It was a fine entertainment. We should like very much to make special mention, but it would be difficult to determine where to stop. There was some very fine singing and beautiful tableaux, and the whole performance did credit even to the known skill of our Chester amateurs.

Fifty-Pound Cake.

Mr. Joseph A. Walker is having a huge fruit cake baked for the Lee Light Infantry. The ingredients weighed out for it amount to a little over 50 pounds not including water. Mr. Jas. A. Owen is baking it today. It will be iced and will have the name of the company on the top in pink. It will be on exhibition at Mr. Walker's store tomorrow, unless probable movement of the company make it necessary to forward it at once.

Sixth Lesson.

Those local sketches from northwestern Chester are intensely interesting. The writer turned aside in the sketch published in this issue, to give a little biography of the Osbornes. We are glad he did this, and only wish that he had not been quite so brief. Doubtless most of our readers, like yourself, would have been pleased with two lessons on this topic. We judge that no one is in a hurry to get through the book unless it be the writer.

Deaths.

Mrs. Catherine Strong Blair, wife of Mr. Samuel Blair, of York county, died Wednesday night of paralysis. She had been unwell the night before, but appeared as well as usual on Wednesday, till a short time before her death. Mrs. Blair was a native of this county and was probably about 68 years old. She had been married nearly 50 years.

Mr. E. M. Chapman died at the Fairview hotel, Wednesday night and was buried yesterday at Evergreen cemetery. Rev. H. C. Buchholz conducting the funeral services at the hotel. The disease was consumption and he has been very low for months, with intervals of more strength. Mr. Chapman was from the Halsellville neighborhood, was about 35 years old, and was a young man of most exemplary character. He had been a resident of Chester some ten years, employed first as a clerk, and more recently in the brokerage business.

Mrs. W. T. Dallas, of northwestern Chester, died yesterday and will be buried today at Mt. Pleasant.

Mrs. L. Atkinson was called to Denmark Tuesday by a telegram saying that her mother, Mrs. Bond, was dying. She returned yesterday afternoon, having left her mother still alive. The physician said when the telegram was sent, he did not believe she could live an hour, and she remained in about the same condition. She was paralyzed in January and has wasted to a skeleton.

Meeting of Directors.

Notice is hereby given that the directors of the Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance Association of Chester county will meet at the court house on Wednesday, the 18th instant, at ten o'clock.

THE WAR.

It was reported yesterday that the Americans had been defeated in an engagement at Cienfuegos on the south coast of Cuba, the news coming from Spanish sources. It is probable that there was any fighting it was of very insignificant affair. Our fleet commanded Cardenas, near Havana. The Winslow, a torpedo boat, was disabled and five of our men were killed and five wounded. The ships engaged were unfit for such service.

Porto Rico was bombarded yesterday by Sampson with nine warships. The Spanish works were destroyed and their feeble fire silenced.

Preparations are being pushed to send forces and supplies to the Philippines, and troops to Cuba.

The Spanish fleet, which it was reported had returned to Spain, is now reported to be at Martinique, near Porto Rico, French territory.

Items from Mitford.

The dry cold weather is causing the crops that are up to look bad—not growing any scarcely at all. Cotton, in some places, will be a broken stand, corn poor stand. Oats are promising, wheat is looking pretty good. Had Irish potatoes for dinner today.

The annual picnic at the Catawba falls came off Saturday. The attendance was not as large as usual. Perhaps the cold day interfered. It is a very pleasant place to spend the day, meet friends, and enjoy the beautiful scenery. The crowd was orderly and well behaved.

VISITORS.

Mr. J. D. Dunlap, of York, at Mr. J. J. Gladden's; Miss Bessie Lyles, Messrs. Boykin Lyles, and Will Long, of Strother, Prof. W. S. Hall, Jr., of Gaffney, at Mr. W. S. Hall's, Sr.; Miss Katie Harshaw, of York, at Miss Ethel Jackson's; Miss Annie Brooks, of White Oak, at Mr. Jimmie Brown's; Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Douglass, of Blackstock, at Mr. W. J. McWalter's; Miss Sallie Hayne McMeekin and Mr. Gus McMeekin, of Monticello, and Mr. Jim Keller, of Greenwood, at Mr. W. T. McCrorey's.

Mrs. R. W. Featherston, Sallie, and Culp, of Rock Hill, have been visiting relatives at Mitford.

Miss Mabel Keistler is visiting Miss Hettie Ezell, at Flint Hill.

VIRGINIA.
Mitford, May 9, 1898.

Dots from Wilksburg

There was quite a wind storm here last Friday accompanied with some rain, enlivening the grain crops and gardens.

The many friends and relatives of Mrs. Rebecca Pendergrass, of Chalkville, were sorry to hear of her death. Aunt Beckie, as every body called her, as much as any other one that this writer ever knew, was a very sensible woman, and out of the full treasury of her memory, running back so far into the past, she brought forth many things that were interesting and instructive.

There has been a great deal of visiting among our neighbors for the past few days. It would consume too much time and space to write their names. We have also had some visitors from other states. Mr. Addison Pendergrass, from Arkansas, formerly of this place, is visiting friends and relatives here.

Rev. W. E. Entzinger, from Louisville, Kentucky, spent a few days visiting his wife and children, at Maj. J. W. Wilkes'. He is now attending the Southern Baptist convention at Norfolk.

Misses Lila Waters and Maggie Worthy have returned from a pleasant visit among relatives and friends at Union.

Misses Bernice McCollum and Annie Wade, who have been quite sick, we are glad to report, are speedily improving.

Wilksburg, May 6, 1898.

School Wanted.

A bright young man—rising junior in college—desires to teach about 2 1/2 months in the summer. Persons interested can get information at the Lancaster office.

BEFORE SUMMER

GETS THE BEST OF YOUR EYES!

Summer time is most trying on weak eyes and nothing but glasses will protect them. Only those who have been relieved by the use of glasses understand what bearing the condition of the eyes has on the general health. If you need the services of a good optician we can serve you—WELL AND CHEAPLY.

DON'T FORGET that we are running that special price of \$1.00 for putting your entire watch in thorough repair, until JUNE 1st, 1898, only. Those who should miss this opportunity will regret it.

COME NOW AND NOT AFTER IT IS TOO LATE.

R. BRANDT, OPTICIAN AND JEWELER,
CHESTER, S. C.

TOBACCO! MOLASSES!

—EVERYTHING CHEAP AT—

Wm. LINDSAY & SON'S.

Just received car load of NEW ORLEANS MOLASSES, in new clean barrels, which we will let go as fast as possible, so come and see us.

We will sell you good TOBACCO so you can make money on it.

Don't forget us.

Wm. LINDSAY & SON.

90 Per Cent are Rejected!

ALARMING STATE OF AFFAIRS OF THE RISING GENERATION.

To insure muscle and sinews of war, buy pure food at WALKER'S. Sweet juicy Hams and Breakfast Strips and pure unadulterated flour, free from meat and substitutes.

My Goods are Second to None.

Continually replenishing of new, fresh goods, and wash with pure IVORY SOAP and the standard of the youth will rise 90 per cent above the standard of today.

A Full Line of Paints, Oils, Turpentine and Mixed Paints.

Everything guaranteed at—

JOS. A. WALKER'S.

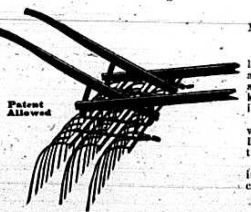
Phone 84.

WEEDER AND CULTIVATOR,

PRICE, \$10.00.

WORKS 7-1-2 FEET. WEIGHT, 80 POUNDS.

The Weeder is invaluable for all crops, nothing growing on the farm in any section of the country, on which it cannot be used with great profit. Used at the right time and with frequency, it dispenses almost entirely with the hardest and most expensive part of cultivation, viz: hoeing.



WHITE OAK, S. C., Mch. 8, '98.
Mr. J. B. MORRISON, Blackstock, S. C.
Dear Sir:—I purchased a Hall-ock success and long Weeder and Cultivator last spring and another one this season. I will keep one going in cotton and one in corn steadily.
I cultivated oats this spring with one, to their great benefit. It took one man and one mule two days to cultivate 38 acres. They will save time and money in raising crops, and will also increase the returns, I believe.
Yours truly,
(Signed) C. S. FIKLEY.

APPLY TO—
J. B. MORRISON, Blackstock, S. C.,
AGENT FOR COUNTY.

Or to E. T. ATKINSON, Local Agent.

SHAD AND OTHER FISH

On hand all the time. Baked Shad served in my cafe every day.

A FINE LOT OF GROCERIES, Etc.

Call on me when you are in need of a fine meal. 25 per cent saved if you buy from me. Blake's old stand.
PHONE 6. T. H. WARD, at this office.

REMOVAL.

Dr. JAMES B. BIGHAM,

SURGEON DENTIST.

Has removed from Blackstock to Chester. Office in Walker & Henry's new building, up stairs.
Legal banks of all kinds for sale at this office.

