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## The Lantern, Chester S.C.- April 19, 1898

J T. Bigham

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# THE LANTERN.

Vol. I. No. 56.

CHESTER, S. C., TUESDAY, APRIL 19, 1898.

PUBLISHED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS  
Subscription Price, \$2.00 Cash.

## Washington Letter.

WASHINGTON, D. C. April 15.—The pendulum no longer swings between peace and war, but hangs stationary at war. The Congressional joint resolution declaring the people of Cuba free and independent, and demanding on the part of the United States government that Spain withdraw from Cuba, and directing and empowering the President to use the entire land and naval forces of the United States, and so much of the militia of the several States as may be needed to force Spain out of Cuba, means war, and was intended to mean war, as no one in Washington has the slightest idea that Spain will accede to the demand peaceably.

The only difference of opinion in Congress about the forcible intervention resolution was on the independence clause—always excepting the four or five Senators who are known as peace-at-any-price men. A strong minority wished that clause to recognize the independence of the Republic of Cuba, but after mature consideration by the senate and House Foreign Committees a majority of both decided to follow the President's advice and merely declare the people of Cuba to be free and independent, leaving the question of the government of Cuba to be settled after the island shall be occupied by United States troops. Nothing is likely to prevent the ultimate recognition of the present Cuban republic, unless it becomes apparent that it does not represent a majority of the people of Cuba. At least, that is what those close to the President say. So far as the use of force to drive Spain out of Cuba is concerned there is no opposition in Congress, except from the little group of Senators mentioned, who would probably oppose war, even had the Maine been destroyed by a shell openly fired from Morro Castle. Only 19 members of the House voted against it. They can talk, under the rules of the Senate, but that is all they can do. The die is cast. Congress wants war, the people want war, and war it will be.

The destruction of the Maine is mentioned in a preamble to the joint resolution as the culmination of the abhorrent conditions that had existed in Cuba for three years, and it would also have been true to have added, as the principal reason for this forcible intervention, notwithstanding the following statement from the long and carefully prepared report made by the Senate committee on Foreign Relations, on the resolution: "So clearly is the destruction of the Maine only a single incident in the relations of this government with Spain, that if that calamity had never happened the question between the United States and that government would still press for immediate solution." Further along the report expresses the opinion "that the destruction of the Maine was compassed either by the official act of the Spanish authorities or was made possible by a negligence on their part so willing and gross as to be equivalent in culpability to positive criminal action."

Congress is so belligerent that when no other enemy is in sight its members want to fight each other. This week there was what looked from the gallery like a general free fight on the floor of the House. When the committee on Foreign Affairs reported the Cuban resolution to the House a slight misunderstanding arose, during which Representative Brumm, of Pennsylvania, called Representative Bartlett, of Georgia, a liar. The Georgia gentleman started for the Pennsylvania gentleman and on the way grabbed a book almost as big as an unabridged dictionary from another member's desk and hurled it at Mr. Brumm. This was the signal for a rush on the part of a score of mem-

bers and the mix-up was awful for a little while. The principals were taken charge of by their friends and never got together. If Spain had any friends they would do as much for her.

Consul General Fitzhugh Lee, who has been given a reception in Washington such as had not been accorded to any person for a long time, brought no new proof concerning the guilt of Spanish officers in the Maine explosion, but he told the House and Senate Foreign Committees, before which he appeared within two hours after his arrival, that he hadn't the slightest doubt that Spanish officials at Havana were cognizant of and responsible for the blowing up of the Maine, although he did not think that Captain General Blanco either had anything to do with it or had any knowledge of it before the explosion. General Lee says he is anxious to go back to Cuba, not as Consul General, but as an officer in the United States army, sent there to drive the Spanish flag off the island. The suggestion has been made, and very favorably received, that, in view of Gen. Lee's knowledge of the island, it would be good policy to put him in command of the United States army of occupation that will be sent to Cuba, unless there is a hitch in the present plans, in a very short time. Gen. Lee agrees with the President that the Cuban insurgents have not yet succeeded in establishing a government that is entitled to recognition as an independent state, and his saying so had a marked effect upon that element in Congress which had been insisting that intervention should be accompanied by a recognition of the independence of the insurgent government.

## A Retaliation Threat.

The following is copied from the *Chester Standard* of July 29th, 1863:

"The Times has the following paragraph: 'Word has been sent to the rebel government that if Captains Sawyer and Flynn, now held in close confinement in Richmond, are executed in retaliation for the hanging of two spies, by Gen. Burnside, at Sandusky, Ohio, that General Fitzhugh Lee and Captain Winder, now in our hands, shall suffer a like fate. Lee and Winder are now held in close confinement in a casement of Fortress Monroe.'

"[It may, perhaps, be well enough for the Lincoln government to recollect that we hold about 600 officers in our hands, including several Brigadier Generals.

"The paragraph itself is a gross perversion of facts. Sawyer and Flynn were not drawn for the alleged spies who were hanged; they were drawn in retaliation for the shooting of two Confederate recruiting officers.

"Sawyer's wife arrived in Richmond on a flag of truce boat."

## Would Develop Army and Navy.

A Spanish diplomat is quoted as saying that he thought a war between the United States and Spain would last six years. Maybe the Spaniard is right and maybe he is not. We hardly think he is. But if it turns out as he suggests, at the end of the six years the United States will not be just like it is at this writing. It will have developed its tremendous military power to the highest degree of efficiency, and at the same time will have the most powerful navy in the world. We do not make the suggestion because we consider either consumption to be earnestly desired, or as an attempt at bribery, but think the outcome merely the logical conclusion, resulting under conditions that will necessarily be brought about.—*Yorkville Enquirer*.

## THE NAVY.

### Where Are the Battleships?

From the *Atlanta Journal*.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—As Secretary Long has given notice that no news whatever respecting the movements of the navy will be made public, nothing can be learned of the whereabouts of the flying squadron, consisting of battleships Texas, Massachusetts, cruisers Brooklyn, Minneapolis and Columbia, which sailed from Hampton Roads yesterday. The impression is deep, however, that the squadron has moved for the purpose of intercepting hostile fleets bound for American waters.

The movement of the Spanish fleet is now of more importance to us than our own. The Spanish flotilla is still at the Cape Verde islands, fully 2,000 miles from Porto Rico. The armored cruisers Viscaya and Almirante Oquendo have sailed from Porto Rico with a view of joining the torpedo fleets. There is now no doubt among navy officials here that the whole Spanish fleet is mobilizing at Cadiz and the Cape Verde islands, forming two squadrons for hostile purposes.

The prize Spanish battleship Pelayo, has arrived at Cadiz, and the Normania and the Columbia are expected there today. Information has been received here that Spain is scouring the European markets for merchant ships to be converted into auxiliary cruisers for privateering purposes. The report that Spain has bought the Saale and the Sprin of the North German Lloyd line, is not confirmed here. Should it prove true it can be stated that the Spanish flag will never fly from one of them, the Saale. The latter is due to arrive in New York Saturday, and in all probability will be pressed into the American navy.

The government yesterday pressed into service the St. Paul and the St. Louis. It is not known whether they were bought or leased. If bought the figure placed is \$5,000,000 for the two.

The only ships the Spanish now have in Havana are the cruisers Alfonso XII and Nueva Espana. This government has massed at Key West two battleships, three cruisers, five gunboats, three monitors and six torpedo boats.

This government is still buying vessels. The St. Paul is expected in port today, but the St. Louis is not expected for a week at least. They will be sent to Cramps' shipyards to be fitted out as auxiliary cruisers. It will take three weeks to transform those vessels into fighting machines.

The option which the government has on the dynamite-throwing Brazilian ship Niteroy will be closed, so it is said at the department. Orders were sent to every bureau in the navy department this morning that no information should be given out concerning the movement of ships by any officer under penalty of a court-martial.

The navy department looks upon war as settled and is moving rapidly under full speed to be ready to strike heavy after the first gun is fired.

### Water Works in Rock Hill.

The city council met in their chamber Wednesday night, Mayor Hutchison and Aldermen Massey, O'Neal, Kerr, Holler and McElwee being present. The meeting was a special one to consider the report from the water works committee, Messrs. Powell & Minshall, of New York, had been employed to make a map of the city and draft plans and specifications for a water works system. Mr. Minshall being present to make all explanations, Mr. Kerr, chairman of the committee, read the specifications before the council.

The plans call for not less than five miles of main piping and forty

or more hydrants. There shall be at least two wells, having a combined capacity of 450,000 gallons of water per day.

The machinery used in operating these wells shall have a pumping capacity of from 500,000 to 1,000,000 gallons per day. There shall be a reservoir in the central portion of the city, having a capacity of 200,000 gallons and there shall be a steel tank, thirty feet high, constructed on a steel trestle 90 feet high, having a capacity of 150,000 gallons.

Ten-inch piping will be used on Main street eight-inch on avenues with important residences and four and six in outlying districts.

The test as to pressure shall be that four simultaneous streams from four separate hydrants, one inch nozzle and fifty feet of hose being used shall be thrown 75 feet high, or as many horizontal streams requiring the same pressure.

After a full discussion of plans on a motion by Mr. O'Neal, they were adopted. Mr. Kerr says he has been twenty and twenty-five requests for plans. Copies will be sent at once and the limit for acceptance of bids will be changed to the 12th of May.

On motion by Mr. Kerr, seconded by Dr. Massey, the following resolution was adopted: "That the clerk notify the Town Site Co. that Oakland Avenue will be accepted as a street upon the company's guarantee that it will defend any suit arising from the S. M. Fewell estate."

The recommendation of the board of equalization was accepted and a committee was appointed to ascertain the cost of a new and accurate survey of each lot in the city.—*Rock Hill Herald*.

## EXCHANGE OF IDEAS.

Lee has at last captured Washington.—*Rock Hill Herald*.

We do not know but we are inclined to suspect that if the mayor of Greenville were mayor of Havana town he would give the whole population, from Blanco down, ten or twenty.—*Greenville News*.

If the martial and awe-inspiring picture of General J. Gary Watts, displayed in the new magazine, "Mars and Neptune," does not strike terror to the Spanish heart this country might as well give up all hope of performing that little trick with a mere fleet of warships.—*Columbia Register*.

Col. Robert A. Thompson, for forty-five years one of the proprietors and managers of the *Keowee Courier*, has retired from the business. He has been one of the most conservative editors in the State, and has dealt kindly and fairly with all of his contemporaries, never arrogant and presumptuous, and always maintaining the highest standard of a gentleman in and out of his newspaper. His retirement is a decided loss to the press of the State.—*Greenville Mountaineer*.

"Of course the suggestion that the Pope shall be chosen either to arbitrate or to mediate between Spain and the United States is not admissible," says the *New York Times*. "This is not a Catholic country, and would not be even though a majority of its inhabitants were Catholics. Spain, on the other hand, is not only a Catholic country but a Catholic power. She is almost the only Catholic power that is left in the sense of being a power which is influenced in its secular politics by considerations of the welfare of the church."

"Did you tell that young man not to call here any more?" asked Mabel's father, severely. "No—no." "Why not?" "I didn't think it was necessary. I don't see how he could call any more now. He calls seven times a week."—*Washington Star*.

## Lowryville Letter.

As "Violet" has written up the Capers' Chapel side of the recent spelling match between the Chapel and Lowryville schools, a few words from us seem to be in order. We sincerely admire Violet's modesty in not claiming the whole earth and the fullness thereof, as-the-belongings by right of legitimate conquest of the Chapel pupils. Further, we are devoutly thankful that they failed to "set the river on fire" as such an occurrence would have been quite a calamity in a dry country like this. In fact the whole Chapel school, in their own recreation room, among their own people, spelled against the primary department only of the Lowryville school. The Lowryville pupils were all the merest children, and among strangers, yet the only two of Chapel's spellers left standing were young ladies almost fully grown. This is the exact truth of the matter, and our children have great reason to congratulate themselves that they did so well.

Mr. Clough Steele came in this morning from Charleston.

Mr. Chevis Ligon is home from Pelzer, S. C.

Our merchants seem to be doing a good business, but report that people are buying conservatively.

Mr. Mige Smith, of Yorkville, was in town yesterday.

Miss Annie Lou Abell, of the Presbyterian College for Women, spent Easter Sunday at home.

Mr. Erwin Abell came home from Clinton last Friday, and returned to college there yesterday.

Planting is progressing quite slowly by reason of the cold weather.

## Items from Wise.

The wind howled ill-naturally all last night, and this morning it is roaring quite loudly in our chimneys, very forcibly reminding us that winter, the king of the seasons, has not yet relinquished his claims. The thousands of little flowers that have blossomed on the hillsides and the tender half-grown leaves of the trees look livid as the wintry wind caresses their soft cheeks and they seem to whisper to the passers by a regret that they so early laid aside the mottled blanket "neath which they so sweetly slumbered.

The "Weary Willie" that Magistrate Williams so kindly furnished with a 25 days on the changing has worked out his sentence and has gone to warn other "sons of leisure" that the Chester climate is none too salubrious to members of that fraternity.

We notice in a recent issue of your paper that Mr. Pagan desires enlightenment on the origin of the name Harvey. He suggests that it may have been bestowed in honor of some great man.

The name Harvey will ever be dear to all disciples of Esculapius, since it was borne by that eminent English physician, who first discovered the circulation of blood, and thus almost revolutionized the science of medicine. We offer this only as a probable answer to the question, for it may have been derived from the name of a character in some popular book of fiction. We find Harvey Birch one of the leading characters in one of Walter Scott's works.

Our community is very quiet now it seems that all forms of social pleasures have "folded their tents, like the Arabs, and silently stole away." Soon any ripple of excitement or gaiety will seem only an echo of the once joyous past.

We are glad to report that Miss Annis McAfee, who has been quite ill, in college at Statesville, has fully recovered.

Mr. S. E. Wylie, the popular and efficient agent of the Farmers Mutual, spent several days in this vi-

city looking after the interests of the company.

Mr. John C. McAfee attended the meeting of the Bethel presbytery at Clover. He reports a pleasant time and a good meeting.

Mr. Francis S. Osborne spent last Sabbath in this community.

Mr. Robert Hayes made a flying visit to Banks last week. M.-E.

## Olive Leaves.

We had a nice shower last evening rendering the ground too wet to plow this morning, but it makes our gardens and vegetation generally look green and flourishing.

We had quite a severe frost last week, and peaches are said to be badly injured, if not wholly destroyed.

Miss Lou Sanders, who has been teaching near Mr. C. H. Smith's, has returned to her home for a vacation.

Miss Vic Sanders, of Guthrieville, made a brief visit to the family of Mr. J. A. Sanders recently.

Our postmaster, Mr. W. N. Hardin, has been seriously ill, but we are glad to say that he is out of danger now and on the high road to recovery.

Mrs. A. J. Guinn and Mrs. William Cranford have been on the sick list also, but are improving.

Mrs. Sallie Cranford has returned from a visit to her daughter, Mrs. Brown Ashe, of Lockhart.

Mrs. J. P. Aycock, of Rock Hill, is spending awhile with her sister, Mrs. Gourley, of Olive.

Owing to the inclemency of the weather no Easter services were held in either the Bethany Methodist or New Bethel Baptist church, although the Baptist church was very prettily decorated for the occasion, by some of the ladies of the New Bethel church.

It is whispered very audibly that our annual "May Day," which for several years has been held at the Baptist church near here, is not to be this year, for the very forcible reason that proper order was not observed. A few "rowdies" were at the last picnic armed with whiskey and profane language. Several of the older ones object to the conduct of these people, especially on a church ground, therefore they wish to put a stop to the annual picnic, much to the regret of the younger generation. But if the picnic comes on, the editor of THE LANTERN and staff are cordially invited, and we will send you a car-later.

## MATRON.

Olive, S. C., April 14.

## Rodman Ripples.

News is scarce but we will try to give you a few dots.

Mrs. Lucian Gill has been sick also, but we are glad to say she is convalescent.

Miss Lou Gill is visiting Mrs. Robertson, in North Carolina.

Oakley Hall school, which has been successfully taught by Miss Lizzie Hollis and Mr. John Lyle Keck, closed Friday, April 8th.

Messrs. W. J. Neely and J. W. White, of Rock Hill, were in our neighborhood last week.

Miss Madge Burdell has returned home, after spending a very pleasant week with Mrs. John Frazer, of Chester.

Miss Emily Jordan spent a day or two with Misses Bessie Jackson and Mammie Ferguson last week.

Little John, the son of Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton Courtney, is a great deal better.

Mr. L. W. Henry has added much to his residence by putting a new fence around it.

Miss Annie Hinton's school, at Round Knob, closed last Wednesday.

We are glad to know that Mrs. P. T. Hollis is able to ride around again.

Miss Anna Burdell, of Lewis Turnout, spent Saturday afternoon with the Misses Burdell, at Moore Hall. OLD MAID.  
Rodman, April 13.

The Conway Independent Editor has a spring poet who the editor suggests may take the laurel from the brow of J. Gordon Coogler, the present "poet lauriat." Judging from the liberty this new poet takes with the Latin language in his signature, Meus Patria, we agree that he is liable to seize upon anything in sight.

Mr. W. D. Pollock, of Cheraw, has announced himself a candidate for congress. Mr. Pollock may carry his own precinct.—Yorkville Yeoman.

We have the best of authority for the statement that Mr. Pollock claims Chesterfield and Cherokee—your neighbor Cherokee—solid, with a fair chance at the remaining counties.

Several seizures of original package concerns by the state are reported. It appears from reports that these establishments had grown tired of the monotonous observance of the dispensary law and introduced several specialties for variety's sake. The dispensary folks couldn't appreciate these, and so swept in the whole outfit.

In a young people's meeting last Sabbath afternoon, the subject being "Habit," Dr. G. B. White gave the following interesting little illustration of the difficulty of getting rid of habits. He had read it somewhere and it had stuck in his memory: "Take the word 'habit'; take off h, and take away a; take away a, and a bit still remains; remove b, and still we have it; take off i, and yet it is not tetotally gone.

If we understand the nominations or suggestions of the prohibitionists, the nominees will not be asked to accept or decline; there will be no official notification. They will not be asked to give up any views they now hold or make any pledges. The convention simply said, knowing what we do of these men, we are willing to support them for the offices named. They are not asked to become the candidates of a faction.

Yesterday at half past two o'clock a mob of negroes supposed to be from near Rock Hill attempted to break into the jail at Chester and rescue the colored prisoner sentenced to be hung tomorrow for the murder of Policeman Marshall. The militia were ordered out and dispersed the mob after firing three rounds of blank cartridges at them. There was great excitement but the hanging will come off all right.—Abbeville Medium.

This paragraph contains several inaccuracies. The mob did not attempt to break into the jail and rescue the prisoner; no mob was seen; there was no reason to believe there was any mob in existence; the militia did not fire blank cartridges; they did not fire at all; they did not disperse the mob; they were not ordered out; there was no reason to order them out; there was no excitement; there was no occasion for any. A few of the militia, however, were on duty Friday at the hour of execution, and the hanging came off all right.

**Gen. Lee and Miss Cisneros.**

RICHMOND, Va., April 16.—Consul General Lee accompanied by Miss Cisneros arrived in the city tonight. There was no demonstration, Miss Cisneros will be the guest of General Lee's family during her stay.

A mob attacked the American consulate in Malaga, Spain, last Saturday, throwing stones and tearing down the shield that bears the arms of the United States. Order was restored to some extent by the prefect and the streets were patrolled by gendarmes.

**WAR NEWS.**  
**Resolutions of the Two Houses and Their Final Agreement.**

In our last issue we gave the resolution of the house of representatives in regard to Cuba. In order to bring this and the Senate's action together, we reprint it. Every Senator was in his place Saturday, when the matter was under consideration, except Walthall, of Mississippi, who was detained by illness. Here is the house resolution referred to above:

That the president is hereby authorized and directed to intervene at once to stop the war in Cuba, to the end and with the purpose of securing permanent peace and order there, and establishing, by the free action of the people thereof, a stable and independent government of their own in the island of Cuba; and the president is hereby authorized and empowered to use the land and naval forces of the United States to execute the purpose of this resolution.

In the Senate the test vote, quite naturally, was on the amendment offered by Mr. Turpie, recognizing the independence of the Cuban republic. It prevailed by a majority of 14, the vote being 51 to 37. By political parties the vote was cast as follows:

- Yeas—Republicans, 11; Democrats, 28; Populists, 7; Silver Republicans, 5.
  - Nays—Republicans, 32; Democrats, 5.
- Under the final vote the alignment of parties was quite different from that on the Turpie amendment. An analysis of it follows:
- Yeas—Republican, 24; Democrats, 31; Populists, 7; Silver Republicans, 5. Total, 67.
  - Nays—Republicans, 19; Democrats, 2. Total, 21.

The resolution as finally agreed upon by the Senate is as follows: Whereas the abhorrent conditions which have existed for more than three years in the island of Cuba, so near our own borders, have shocked the moral sense of the people of the United States, have been a disgrace to Christian civilization, culminating, as they have, in the destruction of a United States battleship, with two hundred and sixty-six of its officers and crew, while on a friendly visit to the harbor of Havana, and cannot longer be endured as has been set forth by the President of the United States in his message to Congress of April 11, 1898, upon which the action of Congress was invited: Therefore,

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled:

First. That the people of Cuba are, and of right ought to be, free and independent, and that the government of the United States hereby recognize the Republic of Cuba as the true and lawful government of that island.

Second. That it is the duty of the United States government to demand, and the government of the United States does hereby demand, that the government of Spain at once relinquish its authority and government in the island of Cuba and withdraw its land and naval forces from Cuba and Cuban waters.

Third. That the president of the United States be, and he hereby is, directed and empowered to use the entire land and naval forces of the United States, and to call into the actual service of the United States the military of the several states, to such extent as may be necessary to carry these resolutions into effect.

Fourth. That the United States hereby disclaim any disposition or intention to exercise sovereignty, jurisdiction or control over said island, except for the pacification thereof; and assert their determination, when that is accomplished, to leave the government and control of the island to its people.

WASHINGTON, April 19.—After one of the hardest fought battles between the two houses known in many years, Congress at an early hour this morning came to an agree-

ment upon the most momentous question it has dealt with in a third of a century.

The Cuban resolution was passed and will be sent to the President this morning. Its provisions mean the expulsion of Spain from the island of Cuba by the armed forces of the United States.

The resolutions agreed upon in conference and finally adopted by both houses are the senate resolutions above with the first resolution amended by striking out all after the words "free and independent," that is to say, the recognition of the republic of Cuba is stricken out; and in the second resolution the phrase "at once" is omitted.

It is announced that 70,000 votes will be called for, the several states being called upon for quotas. 100,000 may be called for later.

**REVENUE FOR THE WAR.**  
**How It Is Proposed to Raise \$120,000,000.**

WASHINGTON, April 16.—The republican members of the ways and means committee of the house have practically completed the preparation of the revenue measure which will be passed to raise revenue sufficient to prosecute the war. The members propose that the present generation shall bear the burdens of the war, and proceeding upon that theory they have prepared a bill that will raise between \$100,000,000 or \$120,000,000 additional revenue per annum.

The bill will provide for an additional tax of one dollar per barrel upon beer. On manufactured tobacco and snuff the internal revenue tax will be increased from six to twelve cents. The increase on cigars and cigarettes has not been abolutely fixed, but it probably will be one dollar on all classes. The proposition which the senate placed on the tariff bill but which went out in conference to all stocks and transfers of corporations is embodied in the measure, together with practically all the scheme of internal revenue taxation of the act of 1866, which includes a stamp tax on all checks, drafts and all manner of business—(mortgages, loans and bonds); a tax on patent and proprietary medicines, and a tax on telegraph messages and express packages is also incorporated in the bill. This scheme of taxation is estimated to raise \$35,000,000.

The tax on proprietary and patent medicines will be two cents on bottles or packages retelling at 25 cents or under, and 4 cents on those retelling above that price. The tax on telegraph messages will be one cent on all messages which cost 25 cents or less, and two cents on all above 25 cents. A duty of 10 cents per pound is placed upon tea and 3 cents per pound upon coffee.

Bottled waters are to bear a tax similar to patent medicines.

For the pressing needs of the government the secretary of the treasury is given the general power to issue certificates of indebtedness, payable in one year and to bear not to exceed 3 per cent interest. The secretary of the treasury is also authorized to borrow on the credit of the government by popular subscription a loan of \$500,000,000. This loan is to be placed through the post offices of the country, the sub-treasuries and government depositories in low rate bonds, which are to be sold at par until they are to bear 3 per cent interest, and to be redeemable after five years at the option of the government, and to be due in twenty years. The principal and interest are to be payable in coin.

McKinley is being "cussed" all over the land for his course in the Spanish-American trouble. Well, he can stand it, for he would have been abused by somebody no matter what course he pursued.—*Conly Record.*

**Bucklen's Arnica Salve.**  
The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Woods & Brice.

**Land Wanted.**

From 8,000 to 20,000 acres of farming lands in Chester and surrounding counties, for settling colonies. Correspondence solicited.

Apply to—  
**A. J. McCOY,**  
Real Estate Agent.  
Office: McCoy's Drug Store, Gadsden street.

**Notice.**

A note and a mortgage on real estate, bearing date April 2, 1898, given by J. F. Oates and payable to the order of Maggie and William G. Oates, was lost by me last Saturday between the bank and Willie & Co's store. All persons are warned against trading for these papers.  
JNO. F. OATES.

Attention Here—Say, friend, have you tried Dayberry's Laundry? If not, try it. The work is of a dead white and beautiful finish.  
Your friend,  
J. E. DAYBERRY.

**GOOD MULES AND HORSES**

Always on hand, to suit customers, both rich and poor, at  
**A. Friedheim & Bro's,**  
ROCK HILL, S. C.

**Eggs, Eggs—Barr'd Plymouth**  
Rock eggs for hatching. Fine Stock. Guaranteed good hatch. Thirteen for one dollar.  
R. W. STRICKER.

**ANNOUNCEMENTS.**

**SUPERVISOR.**  
CHESTER, S. C., March 15, '98. I hereby announce myself a candidate for nomination to the office of County Supervisor at the ensuing democratic primary election, and pledge myself to abide by the result of said election. The cordial support of my fellow citizens is respectfully solicited.  
J. R. CULP, Sr.

**AUDITOR.**  
We are authorized to announce W. M. Corkhill as a candidate for re-appointment to the office of County Auditor, subject to the action of the Democratic primary election.

**TREASURER.**  
Being well pleased with Mr. W. O. Guy's services as treasurer of Chester county, we hereby nominate him for reappointment to the same office, subject to the recommendation of the democratic primary.  
TAXPAYERS.

**PROFESSIONAL.**

**R. B. CALDWELL,**  
Attorney and Counselor at Law,  
Walker Bld'g, CHESTER, S. C.  
Prompt and careful attention given to all business. Practice in all the Courts. Collections and Commercial Law.

**DRYOR & MCKEE,**

**DRUGGISTS.**  
Prescriptions a Specialty.

**Teachers and Others**

Having official business with me will please take notice that my office days are Mondays and Saturdays.  
W. D. KNOX,  
County Superintendent of Education.

**C. WARREN'S**

(Jos. A. Walker's Old Stand)  
I have just received a fresh supply of—  
**Blue Ribbon Mocha and Java Coffee.**  
Try it, you will surely be pleased.  
Have also just received a shipment of—  
**"MAGIC CLEANER" SOAP.**  
One bar does the work of two of any other kind of soap.

**Havana Rose and Country Gentleman Cigars**

Finest smoke in the city.  
Can suit all. All kinds of Spices. Everything generally found in first-class grocery, at  
**C. WARREN'S,**  
PHONE 122.

**GRAND SPRING OPENING!**  
**S. M. Jones & Co.**

**RELIABLE WHOLESALE AND RETAILERS.**  
One of the most complete Stocks of Goods ever exhibited in the City of Chester. We offer the following Bargains:

- 2 cases Barker's 4-4 Bleaching 16 yds for ..... \$1.00 Value 10c.
- 3 cases best Dress Calicoes, 4 cts. per yard. Value 6 to 4 cts.
- 2 cases best quality standard Shirting Prints, 3c. yard, Value 5 cents.
- 2 cases figured Dimity, 5 cts a yard. Value 10c.
- 100 pieces D. Gingham, 5 cts. a yard. Value 3 cts.
- 200 pieces white India Linen, 5 cts a yd. Former price 7 to 12 c.

**Carpets; Matting and Oil Cloth**  
25 pieces Matting at .... 100  
25 " " at .... 15c-  
100 " " at 20 to 35c  
All cheap; worth 25 per c. more.

**Our Clothing Department.**  
Even if you do not buy, a look at our New Spring Clothing will give you a correct idea of this season's styles. Perfect in fit and pleasing in price.

**Ladies' and Misses' Shoes and Oxfords.**  
SEE THIS LINE. LARGE AND COMPLETE.

**SPECIAL.**  
100 all-wool Cassimere suits Real value \$6. .... \$4.00  
100 Crash Suits, all linen and fast colors \$2.50 to \$5.  
See our stock of fine Cloth- ing, ranging in price from \$1.00 to \$25.00.

**DRESS GOODS, BLACK GOODS AND SILK DEPARTMENT.**  
We are showing a beautiful line of Dress Goods in all the newest shades and weaves. See our line in colors from 10c to \$1.00 per yard.

**Some Late Novelties in Neck Wear and Collars.**  
SEE THIS LINE BEFORE YOU BUY.

**GREAT BARGAINS**  
In Parasols and Umbrellas. Our Silk Parasol is a world-beater for \$1.00.

Remember we do not keep old goods. Come and buy where you can get goods at wholesale prices. Goods warranted as represented or money refunded.  
**S. M. JONES & COMPANY.**

**MELTON & HARDIN.**

We carry in Stock Fresh Lines of everything usually found in a First Class Grocery, and can suit all tastes, from the Plainest to the most Fastidious.

We Shall be Glad For you to call and inquire as to what we can do for you in the way of qualities and prices.

**Melton & Hardin,**  
CHESTER, S. C.

**SAY I Have Seen It?**  
"CLEVELAND" No. 35 at \$50.00, for 1898.

It is the best wheel that has ever been offered to the public for the money. The bearings are waterproof as well as dust-proof. "CLEVELAND" wheels are built on honor, and they stand the racket. Our line embraces wheels from \$15.00 to \$100.

Good stock on hand. We carry a full line of bicycle tools and sundries, and are prepared to do all repair work at moderate prices. Everything guaranteed as represented, and we are here to stay. Remember that we have everything in this line. Yours truly,  
**ROSBOROUGH & MCLURE.**

**JOS. A. WALKER & SON,**  
SANITARY PLUMBING,  
STEAM AND HOT-WATER HEATING.

We are prepared to do all kinds of plumbing and hot water fitting. Come in and let us show you over our stock, and if you have any work to be done we will cheerfully bid on it for you and do it at a low figure.

**Bicycles Repaired, Rented and Sold.**  
We have with us a first-class bicycle repair man. If you have any work in this line bring it around and let us do it CHEAP. We make the old wheels new.

We are agents for the best sewing machine in the market. It can't be anything but the NEW HOME.  
PHONE 63.

**Importers and Manufacturers**  
**Monumental Works.**

**UNDERTAKERS AND EMBALMERS**

**Fire, Life and Accident INSURANCE.**  
PHONE 80.



W. J. Cunningham's Model Farm.

Last Saturday afternoon we had the pleasure of riding out with Mr. W. J. Cunningham to a fine plantation about two and a half miles west of town. Knowing Mr. Cunningham to be one of Lancaster's most successful farmers, we were prepared to see some up-to-date farming, but we confess that we were surprised to find such a model and well equipped farm as he has.

pure, but the water will be entirely unfit for use. In bedrooms a pail or pitcher of water should always be kept, and changed often if anyone stays in the room during the day; certainly be put in fresh when the inmates retire. Such water should never be drunk, but either a covered pitcher or glass bottle with a stopper should be used for drinking water, and always be closely covered. Impure water causes more sickness than even impure air, and for that reason before using water from a pump or reservoir for drinking or cooking, one should pump or draw out enough to clear the pipes before using it, particularly in the morning, after the water has been standing all night.

Habana.

In answer to the recent reference in this paper to the spelling of the name of the city we have known as the city of "Havana," the Columbia State informs us that the correct spelling is "Habana," and that the city got its name from a girl in an Indian legend, and furthermore that the letter "H" is scarcely noticeable in pronunciation. The State did not say so, but we believe that the letter "a" is not pronounced as the first "a" in "Hannah" but that it has the broad sound as in "far," so that when pronounced by Cubans or Spaniards it would sound to us more than anything else like its spelled "Abbonnah."—Yorkville Yeoman.

By Local Ballot.

In Connecticut the statute allows towns to settle the question of license or no license by local ballot, with the result that, of 168 towns in the State, 85 are "no license" and 83 "license." Included in the latter are all the 18 urban towns and all of the 22 borough towns, except one—Stonington. There are but 7 "no license" towns in the State of more than 3,000 inhabitants, namely, Stonington, Glastonbury, Griswold, Groton, Salisbury, Plainfield and Thompson. In the election of last October 74 towns voted on the question, showing that a considerable difference of opinion exists upon it in Connecticut, as elsewhere, and shows some signs of continuance.

Something Unique.

D. P. Verner has just come into possession of a vest that was presented to his great grandfather over sixty years ago. In those days "store clothes" were a luxury and people wore their own clothes and made garments thereof. This vest, though a little antiquated in cut and style, is still in a remarkable state of preservation. It was made out of cotton from which the seed were separated by hand.—Green-ville News.

Mountains.

We view the mountains at close range, And see them bold and bare; Uncertain and stern they stand, With harsh, forbidding air. Around their heads the storm-clouds play Where darkening tempests rise, Fit battle-ground where gods might war For valor's honored prize.

But if we seek the distant plain And view them from afar, Seen through the gentle shimmering haze How beautiful they are! Enchanting distance veaves her veil, The scars all glorify, 'Till wondrous beauty but remains To greet our wondering eyes.

Airing Rooms.

It is a great mistake that the whole house, particularly sleeping rooms and the dining room, receive so little attention in ventilating and purifying the air, when it can be done with so little trouble and no expense. A pitcher of cold water placed on a table or bureau will absorb all the grease with which the room is filled from the respiration of those eating or sleeping in the apartment. Very few realize how important such purification is for the health of the family, or, indeed, understand or realize that there can be any impurity in the rooms, yet in a few hours a pitcher or pail of cold water—the colder the more effective—will make the air of a room

Will Be Much Missed.

The Many Friends in Gaffney and Cherokee of Dr. and Mrs. J. Roddy Miller will regret to learn that they have determined to move to Rock Hill. Dr. Miller has been practicing medicine and surgery here several years, and by his skill has acquired an enviable reputation. He is an active member in the literary society here and, with Mrs. Miller, will be much missed, socially. We predict for the Doctor a brilliant career and assure him that Gaffney will be glad that he once lived here. Rock Hill's gain is Gaffney's loss.—Ledger.

Ten Thousand Sides.

PHILADELPHIA, April 13.—England and Bryan, leather dealers of this city, yesterday received an order from the government for 10,000 sides of leather to be delivered at the Rock Island arsenal at the earliest possible moment. The leather is to be used for the manufacture of cartridge boxes and sword, sabre and bayonet scabbards.

"How can I get an article in your paper?" asked a correspondent of a Western journal. "It all depends on the article you want to get into our paper," replied the editor; "if the article is small in bulk, like a hair brush or a teacaddy, spread the paper out upon the floor, and placing the article in the center, wrap it up by carefully folding the edges over it, and tie with a string. This will keep the article from slipping out of the paper." If, on the other hand, the article is an English bath-tub or a clothes horse, you would better not try it at all.—Bazar.

Lovers are not necessarily alike because they correspond.

Of the 42 largest cities in Japan, ranging in population from 1,800,000 down to 26,000, 24 have electric lighting systems.

The cabbage still grows wild in Greece, where it originated. Radishes were native to China, but have been grown in Europe for centuries.

Hath any wronged thee? Be bravely revenged. Slight it, and the work is begun; forgive it, and the work is finished.

A strange force runs through humanity that requires a quarrel now and then to give contentment and zest to the pursuits of peace.—Florida Times-Union.

Maryland has passed a law doing away with the words, "So help me God" in judicial oaths, and it isn't likely that there will be any more perjury than there was before.

See Here!

For the accommodation of sundry persons who expressed a desire to have THE LANTERN but did not have the money at hand, we have sent them the paper on the promise that they would pay in a few days, or in a very short time. Some of these do not seem to appreciate the indulgence extended to them; but will for us to send them a notice or have an agent call on them. This is not right. It is not just to us. It is not just to themselves. They are not doing what they said they would do.

If we owe any subscriber the amount of his subscription, then it is all right. It is not so bad, for us, in town where we can see the subscribers at almost any time, but it is expensive for us to send an agent miles away to collect what ought to have been paid according to promise. Think about it. And maybe some will get mad because we refer to the matter.

Now note this. Hereafter when subscribers are taken and indulgence of this kind given, we will send the paper two weeks, and then if the promise is not fulfilled the paper will cease its visits.

We trust that no one will be offended at a good humored statement like this, but if some should, then we hope they will not stop till they get mad enough to fulfil their promises. Our observation is that promises are like eggs rather than wine; they are not improved by age. ff.

A bill is to be introduced in the Maryland Legislature, copied after the pattern of that in Ohio, which provides that all applicants for marriage licenses must pass an examination before a duly appointed board of physicians. If either one of a couple be suffering from insanity or disease likely to be transmitted to children, the bill provides that the license shall be refused. It also provides that the salaries of the physicians composing the board shall be \$1,000 a year.

Visiting Cards

Printed neatly, on good white card board. Satisfaction guaranteed.

THE LANTERN JOB OFFICE.

The Lantern Job Office

IS HEADQUARTERS FOR ALL KINDS OF JOB PRINTING.

Work Guaranteed.

Prices Reasonable.

Legal Blanks, all kinds, for sale.

Carolina and North-Western Ry.

CENTRAL TIME STANDARD. Schedule in Effect M'ch 6, '98.

Table showing train schedules for Carolina and North-Western Ry. with columns for Going South, No. 60, No. 61, and various stopovers like Leave Chester, Richburg, etc.

Train No. 60 and 61 are first class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains No. 60 and 61 carry passengers and also run daily except Sunday. Through service is maintained by the G. C. & N. and the C. & A. also by G. C. & N. and the C. & A. at the following places: Richmond, S. C.; and at Hickory and New Market, N. C.

Ohio River & Charleston Ry. Co.

—CONSULT WITH THE—

South Carolina & Georgia R. R.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT OCT. 18, 1897.

Table showing train schedules for Ohio River & Charleston Ry. Co. with columns for Northbound, No. 2, and Southbound, No. 1, and stopovers like Leave, Arrive, etc.

Trains North of Camden run daily except Sunday. Between Charleston and Kingsville run daily.

For information as to rates, Clyde Line sailing, etc., call on local, contracting and traveling agents of both roads.

VIGOR FOR MEN

Easily, Quickly, Permanently Restored MAGNETIC NERVE. Written gear-ment. Brain, Nerves, Spinal Cord, Nervous Debility, Lost Vitality, Seminal Losses, Pains, Memory, the result of Overwork, Worry, Sicknes, Errors of Youth or Over-indulgence. Price Reduced and B. I. Means 10c.

Advertisement for 'YOU CAN GET PATENT' with logo and text: 'Book Patent's Free, No matter how simple, write or dictate to O. A. SNOW & Co. Patent Lawyers, WASHINGTON, D.C.'

JOSEPH WYLIE & COMP'Y.

MOLASSES. FRESH MEAL. Genuine old time Porto Rico Molasses with that pleasant and peculiar flavor which goes only with the pure article, now on sale at— Wylie & Co's.

PURE LARD. Pure lard rendered unadulterated leaf lard is almost a thing of the past. Many of our customers remember the lard made by the "Millens" of Xenia, Ohio, and sold by us several years ago.

SEED CORN. Extra early white and yellow seed field corn. Plant this you will have roasting ears in June and new meal in August.

LOW PRICES. Goods retailed at Wylie & Co's., at wholesale prices. This accounts for the unprecedented volume of business.

WIRE, ETC. Wire and steel cut Nails, Barbed Wire, and Poultry Netting, three, four and five feet high, at very low figures for cash.

N. O. MOLASSES. Wylie & Co. are receiving their fifth shipment of N. O. Molasses. Have sold ever since January 15th more in six months before.

GOOD CORN. Several cars of good sound corn, perfectly dry, in good new bags, cheap for cash, at— Wylie & Co.

CLOTHING, ETC. Our Clothing, Dry Goods and Shoe Departments are now receiving a full line of new, stylish and fashionable spring goods that will not fail to please in quality and price.

Come and see us, you will be pleased and well paid for your time in seeing what we have to show you. We have the greatest and grandest store in the State. JOSEPH WYLIE & COMPANY.

JAPANESE PILE CURE

A New and Complete Treatment, consisting of SPRINGS, CURE, of Hemorrhoids and Piles of chronic nature. It makes operation with the knife, which is painful, and often results in death, unnecessary. We pack a Warranted Guaranty in each Pile. No Cure, No Pay. See and Buy a Box of 25. Sent by mail. Sample free.

Constipation Cured, Piles Prevented, by great LIVER AND STOMACH REGULATING AND LLEITH PLEPHER. Small, mild and pleasant to taste, especially adapted for children. See 25 cents.

THE LANTERN, Tuesdays and Fridays. PRICE, TWO DOLLARS, CASH.

Advertisement for 'ONE GIVES RELIEF' featuring an illustration of a person in pain and text: 'They banish pain and prolong life. ONE GIVES RELIEF.'

Advertisement for 'HEAD PAINS' with text: 'No matter what the matter is, one will do you good, and you can get ten for five cents.'