



Chester News 1916

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The Chester News March 17, 1916

W. W. Pegram

Stewart L. Cassels

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The Semi-Weekly News

SEIZED SECURITIES IN THE PRIVE COURT

Says Record of Coupon Payments Will be Proof—America Has Made No Protest.

London, March 15.—Securities valued at \$10,000,000, are expected to be of German ownership and seized from mails in transit, are now in possession of the Privy Court, according to an announcement today by the Foreign Office. The securities have not yet been declared absolute contraband, but it is possible that they will soon be placed on the contraband list.

Meanwhile seizures will be continued on the ground that under the Orders in Council these securities establish credit for hostile belligerents and, therefore, can be legally held up.

The authorities here say that innocent ownership can be easily proved by reference to the banks which hold any of the detained securities, and that, therefore, nothing in the nature of a hardship, beyond a slight delay, is likely to be suffered by innocent owners.

Foreign office attaches in charge of contraband work say that it is an easy matter to establish German ownership by examination of securities. In the case of American securities being forwarded to the United States from Scandinavia, if the stubs show that coupons have been detached over the period of a year by Scandinavian owners it is hardly likely that the securities will be seized, but should the stubs for the last quarter show that they have been in possession of a German bank or other German holder, this will be taken as evidence that Germany has received the equivalent value in gold, and the seizure of the securities therefore certainly will follow, the atts here say.

The American Government has not yet protested against the seizure of securities, but Ambassador Faje has transmitted numerous inquiries to the Foreign Office on the subject of such detentions. These inquiries have been made mainly at the request of American banks to which detained securities were addressed.

While maintaining the right to censor all mails which, by coming through England, enjoy the facilities of the English postal system, the British Government does not intend to examine first-class mails, or to seize postal steamships for anything except possible merchandise, while not even in the case of Dutch liners which call voluntarily at Plymouth has the Government yet asserted the right of censorship, although the officials of the Foreign Office, it is declared, feel that much can be said in favor of Great Britain's right to censor these mails.

The above expresses the attitude of the Foreign Office, which says that the examination of mails in transit has been more than justified by results, at traders of hostile belligerent nations were not hesitating to use the British postal facilities to forward their plans.

BEAUTIFUL COLOR PICTURE AT DREAMLAND

Monday the Dreamland Theatre will present the latest Pathé Color feature in "The Shrine of Happiness" in which Paul Gilmore and Jackie Saunders are the stars. This picture was first given a public showing in New York City upon Friday February 18 and it was through a great deal of trouble and expense that manager Gidley secured the attraction for an early showing at the Dreamland Theatre. Paul Gilmore is a well known dramatic actor and a popular favorite with the Chester amusement loving public. Jackie Saunders is a star well known to picture fans. Pathé colored this feature like the "Beloved Vagabond" at his Paris, France studio and a great deal of trouble was gone to, to get it over to this country on account of the great war in Europe. The picture had an instant hit in New York City and had bookings for a whole

VILLA HIMSELF KILLED MOORE

Shot American Down in Presence of Man's Wife.

Chicago, March 14.—Passengers arriving here on a train that passed through Columbus, N. M. shortly after the Villa raid, told today of the happenings during and immediately after the massacre. J. L. Randolph, Chicago, in seeking of experiences at Columbus, told of a woman being brought to the train with wounds through both legs.

"She said her name was Mrs. J. J. Moore and that her husband's body was in the baggage car," said Mr. Randolph. "She asked if I would look after her as far as El Paso and on the way she told her story.

"We had a ranch in Mexico, about six miles from Columbus," she said, "and there my husband long ago became acquainted with Llancho Villa. On the morning of the raid, however, we were living in Columbus, not far from the Villa's camp. We were in bed when Villa's men entered with several of his bandits.

"My husband spoke to Villa, and then, seeing that he was in no mood to talk, tried to resist. Villa promptly shot him four times through the body. As he was writing on the floor, Villa 'Stop your kicking; that's all you ever did anyway.' Then he grabbed a rifle from one of his men and plunged the bayonet through my husband's body.

"I pleaded with Villa to kill me, too. A soldier shot me through the legs. As I lay on the floor, Villa himself pulled the knife out of my hands. Then they went out and left me."

Year in the biggest theatres in this country. Chester is very fortunate in securing this feature so early after the New York showing. Special prices of 10 and 20 cents will be charged on account of the great expense in securing this beautiful attraction.

SCHOOL PRINCIPAL VICTIM OF ATTACK

Miss Broadway of Clarendon County Said to Have Been Beaten by Patron.

Hartsville, March 14.—Much indignation has been aroused here by reports of an attack upon Miss Broadway of Clarendon county, principal of the Liberty Hill school, just across the Mass. line here in Lee county, by Miss Ella Gilbert, a patron of the school, and her two daughters. Miss Broadway, it is alleged, was whipped and dragged by the hair. Charges have been brought against the alleged assailants, it is said.

Miss Broadway and her assistant, Miss Logan of Edgefield, were on their way to school Monday morning March 1, when, it is alleged, they were stopped by Mrs. Gilbert and several male relatives.

A few days before Miss Broadway had dismissed a daughter of Mrs. Gilbert, it is said. The male relatives, it is alleged, kept Miss Logan from entering, while Mrs. Gilbert and the two daughters, one of the girls who had been expelled, whipped and kicked Miss Broadway and dragged her by the hair.

The bruises inflicted were so severe that Miss Broadway was forced to remain in bed for several days. She was brought to the home of Mr. Bateman, a relative, in Hartsville, where she was treated. Miss Logan returned to her home in Edgefield. The school is now closed.

Legal proceedings, it is understood have already been instituted.

News of the attack was suppressed for a time, at the request of Miss Broadway, who feared the consequences if her brothers were informed.

Mr. J. Frank Chikacales, a prominent Attorney of Abbeville, S. C., passed through the city Tuesday March 14th on his way to United States Court at Rock Hill.

NOTICE IN THE TIMES LOCATES WANDERER

F. Taylor Peck Vaguely Recalls Stranger and a Trip to Philadelphia.

Grand Rapids, Mich. March 13.—An advertisement in The New York Times, "Arpl, come home," served Sunday to restore the mental posture of F. Taylor Peck, reading hotel proprietor and society leader of this city, missing for over a week, and brought to a close the mystery of his disappearance, relatives said today.

Because of this advertisement, which he read in New York, Peck is now at his home. Physicians attending his wife, who is soon to become a mother, say Peck's return has saved her life.

Peck, who is the son-in-law of Robert E. Shaanahan, a wealthy Grand Rapids manufacturer, went to Detroit on a business trip March 3. He registered at the Hotel Statler and had his luggage placed in his room. From the time a house later when he started to Windsor, Canada, across the river from Detroit, until he read The Times advertisement while seated in the Grand Central Station in New York his mind was a blank. Peck told his family today. He said that, although he vaguely remembered New York and also a trip to Philadelphia he could not recollect a single definite incident of his experience.

Physicians say it is one of the strangest cases of amnesia they have known.

After Peck disappeared Mr. Shaanahan inserted advertisements broadcast intended for Peck's eye. He used a pet name which had been given to Peck by his wife before their marriage. For days Shaanahan continued the campaign, finally deciding to broaden its range from the Middle West to include New York. The advertisement appeared in The Times on Sunday and Peck bought a copy of the newspaper Sunday morning. Within an hour he was speeding on the Wolverine Flyer to this city. He was met at Detroit by his father and father-in-law who went there as soon as they received a wire from him.

Peck said today that he hardly remembered a companion whom he believes he met before he started for Windsor, but he cannot remember his name or description. When Peck arrived in Detroit he was possessed of a large sum of money and when he recaptured his reason in New York the bulk of the cash was missing. He does not know whether he squandered the money or whether he was robbed by the person whom he believes accompanied him from Detroit to New York.

Peck believes his aberration was caused by overwork. Besides his hotel here he recently purchased a hotel at Neenah, Wis., and he served as President of the Peck-Briggs Company, manufacturer of brushes.

MISSION RALLY AT WOODWARD

There will be a rally meeting at Woodward Baptist church Sunday, March 20th, in the interest of Home and Foreign missions. The appointment for Home and Foreign missions is \$15.00, for foreign missions \$20.00 and the total budget for whole year for missions, education and benevolence is \$14 00. The hearty cooperation of every member of the church will be needed to raise this amount. Let every member of the church clearly understand that this amount does not include home expense. The appointments for Home and Foreign missions must be in hand by 4th Sunday in April, so every member is urged to be present at the rally meeting, March 20th, at regular meeting hour.

J. Ernie Freeman, pastor.

An exclusive anti-appendix club has just been organized in Los Angeles, California. You can join if you have wealth and no appendix.

VILLA TURNS EAST IN DASH TO ESCAPE

Believed to be Making for His Base in Mountains of the Santa Ana District.

El Paso, Texas, March 13.—Francisco Villa has moved suddenly eastward, according to a report received tonight by General Gavira, Mexican Commandant at Juarez. This move apparently takes Villa away from the territory in which it had been supposed he would seek refuge and north of which concentration of the American troops has been heaviest.

This information was received from Gavira's subordinate, Colonel Gonzalez, who commands the troops protecting the common colony at Casas Grandes.

The wires from Juarez to the colony were cut last night by Villa's men. Gonzalez reported this evening, Villa, Gonzalez reports, is at Galeana, a town about twenty miles east of Cortatze, where he was last previously reported.

Military men, both American and Mexican, had thought Villa was making for the great mountain chain of the Sierra Madre. General Bertram, heading of Villa to the west, had said he believed Villa was trying to get into Sinaloa, which had enjoyed comparative peace and was filled with prosperous ranches, that apparently, finding his way blocked at Casas Grandes, the bandit gave up his announced intention of massing the Morimans and took the easiest way.

Although he is heading eastward, Villa has by no means an easy prospect of escape from Carranza troops about him or from the American outposts bordering his common east. An attempt to cut the line of the Mexican Central, he will not only have to cross desert plains, cold or water, food, and fuel, but will be in danger of a clash with the cavalry of General Gavira, which is striking after him northward from Laguna, the Mexican Central Railway, which he would have to cross. It is some fifty miles east of his present reported position, and affords a possible quick route for Carranza or American troops to head him off.

Gavira says he believes Villa is now headed for the mountains of the Santa Ana district to the south of Galeana. This has long been Villa's headquarters, and he is believed to have food stores and munitions secreted there. To reach this place, Gavira said he would merely have to follow up the bed of the Santa Marga River, which he is said to have now reached.

Medals for Southern Employees

One thousand seven hundred and fifty-eight men by the employ of the Southern Railway Co. representing all ranks and all classes from general officer to blacksmiths helpers who have exceeded twenty-five years of continuous service on the road will shortly be awarded a medal in recognition of their achievement and to commemorate their honorable record.

The presenting of the medals will be made personally by Mr. Harrison to all those entitled to them during the next two weeks beginning today in Washington.

Nothing in the day's reports indicated the date of the decision of the small Carranza-Harrison at Ojinaga had been followed by other Mexican Government troops and the action of Colonel Bertram's troops in joining the American expedition supported the belief that most of Carranza's forces would support him in his promise of cooperation.

AMERICAN TROOPS CROSS THE BORDER

General Bertram's Men Were Favorable to Engage With American Troops in the Present—Exact Whereabouts of Villa Not Known.

San Antonio, Tex., March 13.—Brigadier General Pershing with more than 4,000 troops today began the pursuit in Mexico of Francisco Villa, whose raid across the border last week caused President Wilson and his Cabinet to decide to use the United States Army to run him down.

General Pershing's report that he and his command had crossed the international boundary line just west of Columbus, N. M. reached Maj. Gen. Frederick Funston in charge here of general operations. Late today reports of progress in the country where the search has been going will be made by General Pershing to General Funston, but it is not anticipated that there will be any important developments.

How far into Mexico the column had reached tonight was not known here, nor did General Funston appear particularly concerned. General Pershing's course for the next two days is known at headquarters and not until after Friday are sharp developments expected. Col George J. Dodd, heading a smaller column that entered Mexico some distance west of Columbus, also is moving in a southerly direction and these two forces should be within reach of each other before the end of the week. By that time it is expected an infantry support will hold the lines of communication along which motortrucks for the transportation of ammunition and supplies will be operated.

The co-operation moved by General Funston was relaxed tonight because it was made to be as exact as details of the plan of campaign, the exact number of men engaged and their actual locations.

General Pershing's report of his entrance into Mexico served to dispel to a great extent fears in some quarters that resistance would be offered by troops of the de facto Government. Colonel Bertram, the commander of the Carranza garrison at Palomas, on the south side of the dividing line, promptly joined General Pershing. His force was some 400 men, but they were reported to have displayed willingness and even eagerness to join in the chase. As a body the Mexican troops will remain under their own commander, but a number of them are being employed as scouts by General Pershing.

General Pershing has gone into Mexico with orders to overtake and destroy Villa and his organization. Unless orders to the contrary are received from those higher in authority than General Funston, the campaign that was begun today will continue until Villa is captured or killed. No limits have been placed on the field of operations. After the campaign is well under way, it was pointed out circumstances may cause restrictions, but just now the troops are prepared to go anywhere to carry out the country's orders.

It is expected the troops will cross earlier in the day, but minor troop movements and other details of organization delayed the start.

There are now available in this department for operations in Mexico more than 20,000 troops and plans for recruiting the companies to fill the number are expected to increase rapidly. Cavalry posts have been ordered to furnish in most cases in order to furnish a more mobile force for the pursuit of Villa, although in the expedition that went in today there is considerable force of artillery which can be reinforced at any time by several more batteries now held on the American side with an easy distance of the border.

If the exact whereabouts of Villa is known at army headquarters the fact has not been disclosed. Generally it is believed he has moved southward toward the Querero dis-

LEVER PRESENTS COTTON MEASURE

South Carolina Can't Remain Faithful to Dependence of Exporting on Foreign.

Washington, March 14.—Representative Lever today introduced his cotton standards bill, which provides for the establishment of uniform standards of class within for cotton and provides for the application, enforcement and use of such standards in transit and in interstate and foreign commerce and provides for protection against the issuance of the standards.

Standards of grades or cotton have already been established and promulgated. This bill undertakes to enforce these standards and sets up the machinery for proper grades and classifying of cotton through licensed graders that now issue interstate and foreign commerce.

"This bill," said Mr. Lever, "is one of several which I hope to make up what I am pleased to term the agricultural and the land improvement bill, which includes the reclamation of the cotton futures act to overcome the technical decision of a New York federal judge declaring the act unconstitutional, the federal warehouse bill, which will furnish a uniform warehouse receipt issued from federally supervised and bonded warehouses, the grain grade bill, providing for a federal system of supervision of grain grading, and the land improvement bill, which undertakes to set up a comprehensive system of furnishing cheap credit for long terms on the amortization plan of repayment for farmers. This constitutes the most ambitious program of legislation in behalf of agriculture ever proposed in any legislative body, but complete preparation can not exist unless it takes into consideration agricultural and economic preparedness as military and naval preparedness. The fact is that the latter kind of preparedness can be greater than the former, for military and naval preparedness are necessarily bedrocked upon agricultural and economic preparedness."

ENGLAND TO BREED HORSES.

FOUNDS GOVERNMENT STUDY TO PROVIDE SUITABLE ARMY MOUNTS

Word has been received from England that the Government has paid \$23,000 for farms for the purpose of breeding and improving horses for army purposes. The property was purchased from Colonel William Hall Walker, who had the British Government horses valued at \$70,000 as the nucleus for the foundation of a Government stud.

Many of these horses are two-year-olds, and to test the quality and stamina of their various breeds, some of them have been leased by the Government to Lord Lonsdale to be raced, their being no other way to demonstrate the value of a thoroughbred. The French, German, Austrian, Italian and other Governments have recognized for years that thoroughbred blood in the remount produces the best horse. England has just fallen into line with appropriations for the purpose of breeding good horses.

Cable messages were also received that there will be considerable more racing in England this year than last season, notwithstanding the war. In Germany there are to be seventy-two days of racing, as compared with half that number in 1915. Austria's season is to be cut only a few days from the normal schedule. Two American jockeys, who were riding over there before the war, say they have been offered bonuses of \$5,000 each to return to Austria.

There is a man in our Town.

And he is a wondrous man.
He is so dog-gone clean,
He starved out all the...

Five Facts You Should Know

- (1) That disease is the result of a disordered condition.
- (2) That when we correct the disordered condition, we eliminate the disease.
- (3) That the blood is the carrier of poisons throughout the body.
- (4) That to successfully treat any disease originating in the blood, we have to treat the blood, as the cause.
- (5) That S. S. S. is the most reliable remedy for removing impurities from the blood.

USED FOR
50 YEARS
SUCCESSFULLY

S. S. S. is no experiment of today, but is a successful remedy for the blood that has been a blessing to thousands of sufferers for the last fifty years. There is nothing mysterious about S. S. S. It is an extract from native herbs, roots and bark, each known for its peculiar medicinal value. These ingredients combine and act in a beneficial and helpful way with nature. It doesn't matter whether your case of blood trouble is one of the many forms of Rheumatism, or Catarrh, Scrofula, Congestive Blood

Poison, chronic skin trouble, or any other form of blood-trouble. S. S. S. will go directly to the seat of the trouble; giving the blood a thorough cleansing, driving out the impurities in a natural way and leaving the blood pure and refreshed, ready to do its full duty in building the tissues up to a normal and healthy state. Begin today on a bottle of S. S. S. and note how soon you will begin to feel relief. We will gladly give special advice and free consultation. If you are in doubt about the nature of your case, write Medical Department, Room 73, THE SWIFT SPECIFIC COMPANY, ATLANTA, GEORGIA.



TEXTBOOK FOR GOOD ROADS

Experiments in Highway Construction at Washington.

CONCRETE, BRICK AND STONE

The Road Leading Out of Washington to Chevy Chase, in Suburbs, Built in Many Sections of Different Types Under Direction of Government Experts.

There is at Washington a textbook in concrete, brick and stone—the road to Chevy Chase, built by the plans and under the direction of the office of public roads of the United States and for the sole purpose of informing the public and the members of congress interested in the improvement of the public highways upon the methods and cost of construction, types of roads, adaptability of material and economy of maintenance.

Thousands of people travel over this road which is built in many sections of different types, every day, and hundreds of practical road builders from all parts of the country have inspected it from time to time and have marveled at the excellence of the work.

Manufacturers who make asphalted bituminous mixtures for the treatment of the road have detailed their special experts for this service, and the traffic over the road has demonstrated under careful observed conditions the relative value of the several types of road making up this great highway.

The Chevy Chase road is experimental. It consists of different types of pavement—bituminous macadam laid by the penetration method, surface treatments of waterbound macadam, asphaltic surfaces on concrete foundations, bituminous surfaced concrete, and of cement concrete and vitrified brick, all of which are under daily observation by expert road builders to ascertain which of the types is best for two uses: one-half-inch bituminous concrete and the other half-inch bituminous wearing surface was 44.25 cents. This experiment was made in 1911. For the maintenance of surface there was no expense in the following two years, but in 1914 this expense was \$79.70.

In one of the experiments covering 1,581 square yards the cost per square yard for two courses of one-half-inch bituminous wearing surface was 44.25 cents. This experiment was made in 1911. For the maintenance of surface there was no expense in the following two years, but in 1914 this expense was \$79.70.

Another section of the road the cost per square yard for two and one-half-inch bituminous wearing surface was 64.42 cents and for supplementary concrete on top of the concrete was 22.00 cents. This experiment covered an area of 709 square yards, and in the three years from 1912 to 1914 inclusive there was no expense for maintenance.

All surfaces on this road were built of a uniform thickness of eight inches or of a total width of sixteen feet. The base course was of stone ranging in size from one to three inches, spread to a depth of five inches, the voids being filled with screenings. The wearing course consisted of stone ranging from one to two inches generally, and upon this came the bitumen was applied in two applications of approximately one and one-half to one-half gallon respectively. The cost of the stone used in the foundation and wearing courses varied according to the expense of quarrying and delivery, as it will vary in all other points, and of all the material of construction and charges for maintenance exact account has been kept.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
Mothers Know That
Genuine Castoria
Always Bears the
Signature of
J. C. Ayer & Co.
In Use For Over
Thirty Years
CASTORIA

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

Farm and Garden

TRAINING YOUNG TREES.

These of Rapid Growth Require Less Attention.

Importance of training young trees so they will become straight and well proportioned is emphasized by W. R. Layton, greenhouse overseer at the Kansas State Agricultural college. A growing tree in winter may be bent by the weight of ice or snow, and wind blowing from one direction for several days may produce the same result.

Trees of rapid growth are less likely to require careful attention than those



THE LITTLE TREE.

think less likely to develop, says Mr. Layton. Oaks, maples, pines, firs, and poplars are among those that usually tend away from erect growth. The maple and cottonwood trees of quick growth shoot up straight and tall.

The common method of training a tree is first to drive a stake firmly into the ground beside it and then place a strap around the tree just above the stake, says this authority. Animals often injure trees, particularly apple trees. As a protection, a wire netting twelve to fifteen inches high is used to enclose the base of the tree. A trellis-like frame is also made for the protection and training of small trees in sections of countries, says Ralph Kenney, assistant professor of agronomy at the Kansas State Agricultural college. "To produce this result, a patch of rape should be sown every two or three weeks.

When the hogs or other stock have eaten most of the leaves from the first patch they are turned on to the second patch. By the time a third patch is eaten down the first is ready for pasture again. But the rape should be cut high before the stock are turned on to it.

On cool, matted seasons, such as the one just past, rape does exceptionally well when sown in the cornfield between Aug. 15 and Sept. 1. It will readily pasture by Oct. 1 and will furnish good pasture for three to five weeks if not pastured too heavily. On ground between lands the rape may be sown with oats in spring and used for high pasture for several weeks after that gets out.

WEEKLY NEWS \$1.50.

GILL WYLIE HERE RETURNING NORTH.

Founder of Nursing Profession Spends Day in Columbia—Holds McMaster Medal.

Columbia, March 12th.—W. Gill Wylie, M. D., the noted gynecologist and surgeon of New York, was in Columbia yesterday in his return trip North. The rigors of winter urked Dr. and Mrs. Wylie south several months. A portion of the time was spent on the west coast of Florida. Later they advanced to Charleston and they are now going to Camden for a brief stay. They were at the Jefferson yesterday.

Dr. Wylie was reared in Chester and is an alumnus of the University of South Carolina. Several years ago the McMaster medal, awarded periodically to an alumnus of the school for "distinguished service to mankind," was awarded to Dr. Wylie for the establishment in the United States of the first training school for nurses at Bellevue Hospital, New York. Dr. Wylie had made exhaustive observations and study of nursing systems in Europe. The McMaster medal has been awarded but three times. The other recipients were M. L. E. Williams, for his progressive ideas in corn cultivation, and D. R. Coker, for his distinguished work in plant breeding.

Kershaw Eas. Levi Kirkland, colored, who lived near Westville, died last Wednesday morning aged about 70 years. He was a good negro and was at all times quiet, peaceable and unassuming. He was also very industrious and frugal, and possessed good business judgment. Though a slave prior to the emancipation and with only the meager rudiments of an education, he managed to gather a fortune approximately, perhaps about \$100,000 largely represented in land, of which he had accumulated about eight thousand acres. He was honest and fair in his business dealings and enjoyed the confidence and good will of the white people who knew him.

If Mexico is Dragged into War It Will Be One United States Can Never Justify.

Mexico City, March 12.—General Carranza tonight issued a manifesto to the Nation declaring that under no circumstances would the Mexican Government grant the right to the United States to violate Mexican territory by sending in pursuit of Villa without consent and the reciprocal privilege being first obtained and admitted. Word was sent to the confidential agent of the Mexican Government in Washington to make immediate representations to this effect.

General Carranza says in his manifesto: "I am sure that I interpret in

Notice Of Drawing Petit Jurors.

In compliance with an act of the General Assembly of the State of South Carolina, approved the 7th day of February, A. D. 1902, we, the Jury Commissioners of Chester county, in the said State, do hereby give notice that on Wednesday, March 22nd, 1916, at 10 o'clock A. M. in the office of the Clerk of Court of Common Pleas and General Sessions at Chester, S. C., we will draw the following jurors to wit:

Thirty six (36) petit jurors to serve during the third week of the Spring Term of Circuit Court, beginning April 10th, 1916.

M. C. FUDGE, Auditor.
S. E. WYLIE, Treasurer.
J. E. CORNWELL, C. C. Pleas.
Chester, S. C. Mar. 7, 1916.

FOR RENT—room house on Parkway Street All modern conveniences. Apply to Robt. Frazer, 77

CABBAGE PLANTS FOR SALE—"Charlotte" Wakefield, Jersey Wakefield, Large leaf Drum Head plants now ready 10 cents per hundred, \$1.00 per thousand.
G. H. LIGON, Reidsburg, R. F. D.

Ordinance

Be it Ordained by the Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Chester in Council assembled, and by the authority of the same:

Sec. 1. That it shall be unlawful for any person to assault, abuse, or threaten with personal violence any person who has been so expected to be a witness in the municipal court of said city, other on account of testimony given by such person as witness or with intent to intimidate and prevent such witness from so testifying.

Sec. 2. That any violation of this ordinance shall be punishable by a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars or by imprisonment for not over thirty days.

Done and ratified in Council this 7th day of March, 1916.

A. V. DAVIDSON, Mayor.
JAS. HAMILTON, City Clerk and Treasurer.

BLACK-WHITE-TAN SHOE POLISHES

Contains no acid and they keep the leather soft, protecting it against cracks and discoloration. The combination of pigments in this paste form and results only half the effort for a brilliant lasting shine. Easy to use for all the family—children and adults. Shine your shoes at home and keep them neat.

THE F. F. DALLEY CO., Ltd.
BALTIMORE, MARYLAND.

KEEP YOUR SHOES NEAT

Opera House, Friday, March 17th

J. A. COBURN'S GREATER MINSTRELS

POSITIVELY ALL NEW COMPANY

Conroy & Danny, Ford & Mack, Cates Bros., World's Musical Trio; Ragapation Quartette, Marvelous Aerobic Pettits.

CHARLIE GANO and his beautifully costumed screaming burlesque,
"THE LOST RIVER IN JUNGLELAND" Added Feature. REESE PRUSSER, America's Highest Saluted Minstrel Soloist.

The Great Big Fun Show. The "Coburn Blues" in Street Parade, and Band Concerts Daily.

Tickets on sale at Chester Drug Co., 50c, 75c and \$1

Only the Meat
of the Kernel is Used

Only the inner meat of choice white Indian corn is used in the new process of manufacturing the delicious New Post Toasties—the "cream" of the corn come out.

These New Toasties are known by the tiny bubbles on each flake—their distinguishing characteristic. They have a fine new flavour of the full, true flavour of the corn; never tasted in corn flakes of the past.

And they don't mush down when milk or cream is added; nor are they "chaffy" in the package. The flakes are crisp and firm—in comparison other corn flakes are as "chaff".

Wellworth trying and wholly satisfying—these

New Post Toasties

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

PROFESSIONAL. NOTICE. Notice is hereby given that Wednesday, March 15th, is the final date for the payment of city taxes. JAMES HAMILTON, City Clerk and Treasurer. Chester, S. C. March 2, 1916.



Postponements

usually end in postmortems

"The day that has slipped away can't come back. The old gentleman with the scythe and hourglass doesn't make round trips."

What have you to show for last year?
Start now to make the coming year fruitful. Start to put money in our bank.

The National Exchange Bank
Chester, S. C.

DON'T postpone starting!

CAPITAL \$100,000.00 SURPLUS & UNDIVIDED PROFITS \$54,000.00

J. L. Glenn, President. R. M. Jones, Vice President.
J. R. DYE, Cashier. W. M. McKinnell, Assistant Cashier.

NATIONAL MAZDA



THIS LIGHT IS GOOD FOR BOYS

Boys and girls need the best light you can give them. Their eyes are growing like the rest of their bodies. Do not put children's eyes under strain by bad lighting.

Use **National Mazda Light**. It's better. It's brighter. It's three times as bright as carbon lamp-light and costs no more. It's the best light for reading, study, work or play. May we talk with you about the lighting of your house, store or building?

SOUTHERN PUBLIC UTILITIES CO.

131 Gadsden Street Phone 50

The Right Time for the Right Watch is Now

And the right watch at all times is the Hamilton, because the Hamilton tells the right time all the time. We can show you a variety—at various prices.

H. K. HOUGH

We Sell the
Hamilton Watch
"The Watch of Railroad Accuracy"



J. A. BARRON
Undertaker and Embalmer.
Successor to Childs & Barron
Phone 119. Chester, S. C.

Auction Sale

AUCTION SALE—On Monday March 27th, the East Chester Methodist parsonage, six rooms, large hall, 2 porches and two acres land, well water and outbuildings, near church and good school, will be sold as public auction to the highest bidder for cash, near Great Falls a growing portion of the county. The household goods will also be sold. Sale to take place on the grounds.

For any further particulars see or write W. B. Stevenson, Rithburg, E. F. D. W. H. Stone, Fort Lawn, R. F. D. C. F. Ford, Blackstock, R. F. D. 2.

The Only Grand Prize

(Highest Award) given to Dictionaries at the Panama-Pacific Exposition was granted to **WEBSTER'S NEW INTERNATIONAL**

Superiority of Educational Merit. This new creation answers with final authority all kinds of puzzling questions such as "How is Presumptuous pronounced?" "How is Zim-bardo?" "What is a comestible?" "What is a comestible?" "What is a comestible?" "What is a comestible?" "What is a comestible?"

More than 400,000 Necessary Terms, 30,000 Esoteric Subjects, 12,000 Biographical Entries, Over 6,000 Illustrations, 2700 Pages. The only dictionary with the divided page design.

Write for specifications, etc., to Webster's Dictionaries, 419 North 5th Street, Philadelphia, Pa.



SECURE GOOD SEED OATS.

From many difficulties comes the report that good seed oats will be scarce this spring. It does not pay to use inferior seed of any kind. If seed oats must be shipped at all distances, it is possible to get advantage in securing such seed as is needed. In some countries the best exchanges are being established so that seed farmers near home can be used if it is to be had. There should be no delay in making arrangements for seed oats. Get seedling time well soon be here. Usually those sown early are the most sure of making a good crop. Kansas Farmer.

SEED CORN FOR THE NORTH.

Shortages Are Becoming More Serious as Importance of Crop Increases.

(Prepared by United States Department of Agriculture.)

The frequent shortages of seed corn in the northern states are becoming more serious as the importance of the crop in this area increases. In 1922 the average of corn in the northern tier of states New England, New York, Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota, the Dakotas, Montana, Idaho and Washington was 4,735,152 acres. Last year it was 11,121,000. If the industry is to continue to grow, say specialists in the United States department of agriculture, more attention must be paid to the seed supply and the attempt to grow varieties which require a long season in which to mature must be abandoned.

Varieties must be found or bred which will make a rapid growth and mature in the short interval between the last killing spring frost and the first killing fall frost. When man adds more to selecting and preserving seed only from individuals which show promise in several years the habits and characteristics can be changed considerably, and perhaps a variety which first failed to mature may be so changed that it becomes suitable.

Even when a variety has been thus adapted to a locality so that it will mature under ordinary conditions, there will come seasons so unfavorable that it will not mature. If only one year's seed supply is gathered each year at the work of a generation is lost. The proper way is to gather enough from a good crop to supply seed for two or three years thereafter. Good seed will keep without deterioration this long.

To go into the matter further, the first killing frost, after a good supply of the best ears is found on stalks growing in competition with others, hang these ears up in some place where they will be protected but at the same time have a good chance to dry out quickly. When dry enough to shell do so and put the seed away where it will not be exposed to too great changes in temperature and moisture. Any man can follow the simple directions here given and plant his fields every year with good vigorous growing seed which he knows is adapted to his farm.

The matter of a seed supply is a case of avoiding trouble rather than trying to remedy it after it has arrived. If no seed of the best crop is available the farmer is in bad shape. He must purchase his seed, and in doing this he is in grave danger of obtaining either poor seed or seed of late maturing varieties.

FINANCING BEAUTY.

How a Small Michigan Town Has Made Improvements.

For years a small little stream west of the city in the heart of Paw Paw The flats along the river were unattractive but the banks were beautiful. At last the public and business leaders associated. The public clubs against the business men thought. At a cost of \$200,000 they improved the river and built a beautiful park in the heart of the city and that without condemning any valuable land. The city is more sanitary, there are hundreds of homes that have been built and all this has been done without any help from the power furnishes itself for the homes and all the lights, street lighting, fire hydrants, and water plants are all operated by the city.

THE CITY

WORKS WONDERS.

What New Methods Have Accomplished in Certain Municipalities.

The miracle of American cities is no longer at home and abroad, writes Charles H. Strayer in *Livestock Weekly* (draft) to support. Public opinion must order cities and the taxpayers for the little German municipalities on the other hand, an immense throughout the world for the absence of craft and the efficiency of their administration.

There the administration of cities is a distinct profession, with a man who lives their lives. The administrator who has made a good record in one city is called from a small municipality to a larger one.

"Great industrial corporations such as the Standard Oil company and the United States Steel corporation are contacted with city leaders and the results are magnificent. The taxpayers can have the same results in municipal administration wherever they act thoroughly for the good of the city, the politicians and grafters and demand immediate reform.

An increasing number of American cities are reaping the benefits of administration by managers chosen because of proven ability to conduct great enterprises. Gaylord C. Thomsen, manager of Jackson, Mich., worked wonders in that city of 35,000 people in one year. Municipal employees were taken out of politics. Property to the value of \$250,000, formerly exempted from taxation with out legal reason, was restored to the tax rolls. The post department was consolidated with the organized charities, with a trained social worker at the head. Rigid night inspection was inaugurated and sanitary inspection made efficient for the first time. With out raising the tax rate these and numerous other reforms were inaugurated at a cost of only \$200,000, and the city's net indebtedness reduced \$500,000 and a cash balance set of \$100,000, exclusive of the sinking fund.

KEEPING THE CITY CLEAN

REBUShing PROBLEM.

Public School Pupils Should Be Taught to Guard the Trees and Flowers of Park and Street and Should Form Habit of Keeping Surroundings Neat and Clean.

CHILDREN AS CIVIC GUARDS

"I don't know if you as one citizen has a right to ask of another citizen of our city," was the response. "Have you not seen the articles in the newspapers about this being the first of three cleaning days?"

The man who had tossed his paper in the street admitted that he had, but declared that he thought one newspaper added to the thousands blowing around the streets would make but little difference. The man who had distributed that paper declared that he had thrown it into the health commissioner of the city. The two men shook hands, and the commissioner obtained a warm ally in the "clean city" movement.

"Wednesday is to be children's day," said he, according to the report in a local paper. "With the aid of the children we will attack the loose paper problem and make that a special issue on Wednesday. Through the pupils of the schools we hope to gather up every bit of loose paper flying across the streets and end its power of doing damage to the health and beauty of our city.

"When we have the city thoroughly cleaned we will not be satisfied in keeping it clean. Papers and rubbish must not be tossed into the air to be blown into our neighbor's yard, because the result is a clean city, and only give back to us all the old dirt we have thrown away, but much more for good measure."

The health commissioner had stopped with his plans for a "clean up day." He would have done a piece of work of only moderate size, were it not for the fact that the health commissioner at cleanliness are soon over and soon forgotten. It is the habit of cleanliness that counts, and it is this which faces the city with a problem of the future. The health commissioner, Carl Arnold, formerly director of the Bureau of Social Research at Rhode Island and now secretary of the Philadelphia Municipal Housing Association, with the cooperation of the state department of education, has sought to accomplish this goal through the organization of the school children as "civic guards."

It is the best duty of the teacher to teach the pupils in moral conduct. This is the duty of the health commissioner as described by the Philadelphia commissioner of public health, Walter B. Chandler, in his report to the health authorities are they more responsible. As a practical example of such training, children may well be taught to help at the cleaning up of the park and street and keep places clean for the sake of public health and beauty. It is in such service that the school may be recruited a civic guard. In all activities of the school it should be remembered that the school is already organized for public service. Each child is a unit of a town or city. It cannot be made a subordinate part of any private organization, however beneficial. It owes its first allegiance to city, state and nation. As a very resident is a citizen of his town or city, every child is a citizen of the civic life. It is not selfishly locked opportunity in the life of the school, for members only. The club has real for these reasons the formation of the club is the duty of the health commissioner and the health commissioner's office. On reception night of the women's club members organize the school itself, sending no more govern purchased in Paw Paw necessary.

They published the papers for the Let the school, as a whole, assume the civic duties, cooperate with other women's work combined—split, financial agencies and let every special duty, property, health, beauty, social life, and the school will prosper, and the town will prosper.

Paw Paw has gone into its up-runs or committees of pupils, but the business club adopted they will serve in the name of the health and beauty of the city. Let the school, as a whole, assume the civic duties, cooperate with other women's work combined—split, financial agencies and let every special duty, property, health, beauty, social life, and the school will prosper, and the town will prosper.

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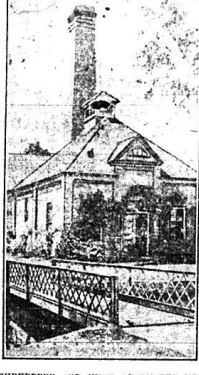
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SHREBBERY and VINES ADORN THE MUNICIPAL BUILDING.

The light soil to private corners more than pays for the city house.

The Women's club in Paw Paw has very resident is a citizen of his town or city, every child is a citizen of the civic life. It is not selfishly locked opportunity in the life of the school, for members only. The club has real for these reasons the formation of the club is the duty of the health commissioner and the health commissioner's office. On reception night of the women's club members organize the school itself, sending no more govern purchased in Paw Paw necessary.

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What's the use of carrying a complete stock unless folks know what you've got? **ADVERTISE!**

The Semi-Weekly News
Published Tuesday and Friday,
at Chester, S. C.

W. W. PEGRAM
STEWART L. CASSELS
Owners and Publishers

Subscription Rates in Advance
One Year \$1.50
Six Months .75
Three Months .40

Advertising Rates Made Known on Application.

Entered at the Postoffice at Chester S. C. as second class matter

FRIDAY, MARCH 17.

We would like to see some of Chester's rural schools take advantage of the act passed by the legislature appropriating \$50,000 for agricultural school teachers. This small amount cannot last long.

The News has purchased a new Linotype machine which should arrive in about ten days. We routed it over the Seaboard trusting the freight on it will go toward building that much needed passenger line.

ANOTHER FORWARD STEP

My time will soon be here and we should begin to prepare for his coming.

It is a well known fact that he is a warm warrior and he does not pick his ground in this town, and practically all other Catholics for that matter, and other Catholics are exposed to flies, dust and almost everything else imaginable, which most assuredly should not be the case. A grocery store above all others, should be as sanitary as possible. Such measures as should be used no doubt would increase the price of groceries, but what of that is life not worth anything?

There is no question but what the unclean food we eat is responsible for much of the illness and untimely deaths.

We understand the board of health will in the near future make certain recommendations to the council along the lines mentioned above, which should be gratifying news to those who value good health and a long life.

PAPER PROBLEM LOOMING UP

They are now discussing the coming of the time in England when the newspapers will have to begin cutting down in size, the first reduction being about 40 per cent, or nearly one-half. This is on account of the growing scarcity of print paper. Worse than that may be in store if the war holds on much longer and the publishers of newspapers may eventually find themselves in about as desperate straits as confronted the publishers of papers in the South toward the close of the Civil War. Some had to resort to ordinary wrapping paper and when that gave out they used wall paper. Some publishers finally had to quit business because of the fact that they could secure no kind of paper to run through their presses. It is quite likely that the newspaper publishers in the United States are going to suffer shortly in the way of a paper supply before the end of the war, for matters are becoming serious, even at this time, with no prospect for immediate betterment. A tremendous saving and one by which the public would not be hurt in the least could be found in the curtailment of the Sunday editions of many of the city papers, and it is very likely that it is on these sections will first be practiced. — Charlotte Observer.

DRAWING OF JURIES.

First and Second Week Juries and Twelve New Grand Juries Drawn — Court Opens March 27th.

The following juries were drawn Wednesday morning for the opening term of court, which opens Monday, March 27th, with Judge I. W. Bowman of Orangeburg presiding.

Grand Jury
A. F. Presley, F. A. Nunnery
T. N. Triplett, J. C. Pittman
J. L. Abel, A. B. Farris
G. W. Sloan Sr., H. W. Miller
J. S. Lee, H. P. Fort
W. F. McCullough, H. B. Murphy

Hold-over Grand Jurors
D. A. Macaulay, L. C. Wase
S. S. McKewen, J. A. Lippford
J. E. Castles, C. J. Bonev

First Week
W. J. Bennett, F. A. Jarrett
G. W. Anderson, J. L. Wizes
H. E. Pittman, H. B. Workman
R. K. Cassels, R. J. White
W. R. Kitchens, W. E. Conley
James Biane, S. H. Hardin Sr.
W. B. Vaughn, W. H. Curry
J. W. Allen, E. A. Atkinson
O. A. Jordan, L. H. Grant
J. F. Haas, R. R. Gill

Second Week
J. L. Woodward, J. W. Wilson
N. H. McDuff, T. W. Gladden
E. W. Allen, E. Christopher
R. R. Hafner, J. A. Orr
R. B. Bigham, J. W. Revels
E. W. Guy, L. W. McDaniel
J. W. Marlon, L. E. Wallace
H. C. Baker, T. C. Lowry
W. C. Agnes, J. B. Simpson
J. B. Atkinson, Jr., H. B. Mayber
K. D. McCallum, E. W. Clark
J. W. Hood, N. E. McWaters
C. W. Jordan, J. B. Castles
T. H. Roddy, W. G. Tye
J. I. Hardin, W. P. Lewis
G. W. Ferguson, W. T. Whyte
W. H. Lippford, C. R. Edwards
E. W. Wade, L. S. Austin
J. A. Hafner, C. A. Walker
H. McAndless, J. G. Fudge
J. H. Gibson, E. L. Day
W. N. Buchanan, H. J. Hindman
P. Adelsheimer, D. M. Gaines
J. S. Neely, L. E. Gibson
W. A. McKewen, C. O. Hall
F. A. Heaver, R. R. Proctor

MR. JOHN T. MELTON OF COLUMBIA DIES AFTER SHORT ILLNESS

Mr. John T. Melton of Columbia died at his home in that city yesterday after a very short illness from acute indigestion. Mr. Melton was a native of Chester county and was a son of William C. Davis Melton and Mary Jane Melton, both of whom are now dead. He was 33 years of age. Mr. Melton was prominent in the life of Columbia. He was Cashier and director of the National State Bank and was recently installed as deacon in the First Presbyterian church. He is survived by a widow and one son, John T. Melton, of Columbia. Samuel R. Melton, of El Paso, Texas, Mrs. Fannie M. Hood and Mrs. Margaret H. Hafner, of Chester. The interment will be made this afternoon in Elmwood cemetery in Columbia.

PRISONERS SENT TO CHESTER JAIL.

The inhabitants of the Chester county jail was materially increased last night when a number of prisoners sent up by the U. S. Court, in a case brought to Chester to serve their term. While Chester did not land the Western District, it is a well known fact that we have the best jail in the district, hence the incoming prisoners.

Those sentenced by the U. S. court and brought to Chester are as follows: B. C. Clyburn, four months and \$300 from Lancaster; Ed Ballard, four months and \$300 from Lancaster; Will Reed, three months and \$200 from Lancaster; Emma Dye, three months and \$50 from Lancaster; Andrew Cook, four months and \$300 from Lancaster; Elvin Cameron, three months and \$100 from Chester; Lawson McCoy and Fred Walker, of Chester, were tried for retailing without license but were acquitted.

LOOKS LIKE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

A Chamber of Commerce is being looked like a sure thing for Chester. Those who have been canvassing the city report that already \$2500 has been subscribed and there are quite a number of sure contributors who are yet to be seen. It is not the intention of the promoters to have elaborate offices. Most any kind of office is good enough for a Chamber of Commerce. It is the man behind the gun who does the work and that is what they expect to lay stress on. The proceeds from the receipts at Dreamland on last Sunday went to the Up-to-date club for expenditure on the play grounds instead of the Civic Improvement association as stated.

Mr. O. S. Kendrick, one of the older residents of Gaffney, died at his home in that city last Sunday morning from a stroke of paralysis.

The Orangeburg County dispensary stock has been sold to a firm in Augusta, Ga., for \$14,740. The stock invoiced \$11,000.

Lest You Forget



The Only Store in Chester carrying a full line of

CROSSETT SHOES



H. L. Schlosburg
WIX OLD STAND

Opera House, Three Days, Starting MONDAY, MARCH 20th

The Knickerbocker Stock Company
IN LATE BROADWAY PLAYS

Direct from a four-week stock engagement at Augusta
Monday Night: BOUGHT AND PAID FOR
The most wonderful play ever written

\$2.00 PLAYS AT POPULAR PRICES
PRICES: 10, 20, 30 AND 50 CENTS

One lady admitted free with each paid 50 cents ticket Monday night, if tickets are secured before six o'clock Saturday night. Seats Saturday Morning

THE CHESTER MILLINERY COMPANY



Cordially invite all the ladies to attend their **Millinery Opening, Wednesday and Thursday, March 22nd and 23rd.** This is the most elaborate display of Millinery that has been our privilege to place before you.

THE CHESTER MILLINERY COMPANY

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES IN

Gent's Furnishings

Bonar Straw Hats
Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothing
Geo. P. Ide Shirts
Howard & Foster Oxfords

A beautiful line of Neckwear.
Coming: Edwin Clapp Oxfords

A PLEASURE TO SERVE YOU
Rodman Brown Co.

WATER ANALYSIS
Sanitary water analysis No. 1529 of water received March 7th, 1916, from Chester Water Works, Chester, S. C.
Results in parts per million:
Color 0.00
Chlorine 0.00
Free Ammonia 0.01
Albuminoid Ammonia 0.01
Nitrogen in Nitrates 0.00
Total Solids 138.00
Bacterial Analysis
Bacterial indications of contamination negative.
Remarks: Analyses indicate water to be of good quality and free from contamination.
Respectfully submitted,
F. L. PARKER, M. D.
Shoot the first guy that knocks a Chamber of Commerce.
Coming—A Chamber of Commerce
The Mayor requests all knockers to leave town.

Jos. Wylie & Co.



JUST ARRIVED
Our Spring Clothes have arrived. All the latest Styles, New Weaves, New Fabrics, New Spring Neckwear, New Hats, New Shirts
Call and see the new things. We are headquarters in Chester on Men's Wear.

Jos. Wylie & Co.

WHITE GOODS SALE FOR FOUR DAYS

Our Spring White Goods Sale will begin **Wednesday, March 22nd** AND CONTINUE THROUGH SATURDAY, the 25th **MONEY SAVING.** This will be a great money-saving sale, coming as it does just at the time you need such goods. Our store will be aglow with crisp new Spring Goods. Note the special prices below

Muslin Underwear Specials

50c ladies' gowns	43c
75c ladies' gowns	67c
\$1.00 ladies' gowns	89c
\$1.25 ladies' gowns	\$1.00
\$1.50 ladies' gowns	\$1.29
\$2.25 ladies' gowns	\$1.79
50c ladies' skirts	43c
75c ladies' skirts	67c
\$1.00 ladies' skirts	89c
\$1.25 ladies' skirts	\$1.00
\$1.50 ladies' skirts	\$1.29
25c ladies' corset covers	23c
35c ladies' corset covers	29c
50c ladies' corset covers	43c
25c ladies' pants	23c
50c ladies' pants	43c
15c children's pants	13c
15c children's waists	12c
25c princess slips	23c
50c princess slips	43c

Ginghams

10c ginghams, only	8 1-2c
15c ginghams, only	12c
19c percales, only	8 1-2c

Sheets and Pillow Cases

58c sheets, 81 x 90, only	43c
75c sheets, 81 x 90, only	65c
\$1.00 sheets, 81 x 90, only	89c
15c pillow cases, only	12c
25c pillow cases, only	21c

\$1.00 38 inch messaline, all colors	89c
38 inch crepe de chine	45c
\$1.25 crepe de chine 40 inches wide	95c
\$2.25 crepe meteor, 49 inches wide	\$1.79
\$1.00 silk skirtings, 36 inches wide	89c
50c silk skirting, 32 inches wide	43c

Table Linen

35c table linen, only	22c
50c table linen, only	43c
75c table linen, only	65c
\$1.00 table linen, only	89c
\$1.25 table linen, only	98c
\$1.50 table linen, only	\$1.24

White Goods Specials

12 1-2c pajama checks, 36 inch wide only	10c
40 inch white lawn the yard	9c
30 inch underwear crepe the yard	9c
32 inch underwear crepe, pink and blue, the yard	12c
15c white flaxon, the yard	12c
20c white flaxon, the yard	17c
25c white flaxon, the yard	21c
25c fancy voiles, 40 inch wide	21c
15c English long cloth, 36 inch wide	19c
20c English long cloth, 36 inch wide	17c
25c English long cloth, 36 inch wide	21c
12 1-2c Nainsook, 36 inch wide	11c
15c Nainsook, 36 inch wide	12c
20c Nainsook, 36 inch wide	17c
25c Nainsook, 36 inch wide	21c
15c Lonsdale cambie, 36 inch wide	12c

Bed Spreads

75c bed spreads	65c
\$1.00 bed spreads	89c
\$1.25 bed spreads	\$1.10
\$1.50 bed spreads	\$1.21
\$2.25 bed spreads	\$2.15
\$2.50 bed spreads	\$2.15
\$3.00 bed spreads	\$2.65
\$5.00 bed spreads	\$4.25

Ready-to-Wear Specials

\$1.00 to \$1.25 ladies' house and street dresses, only	89c
50c children's dresses, only	43c
\$1.00 children's dresses, only	89c

SPECIAL PRICES ON LADIES' WHITE WAIST SKIRTS, ALL WOOL SKIRTS, SILK DRESSES, STREET AND EVENING, COAT SUITS, CREPE AND SILK RIMONS.

Waist Special

1 lot of white voile waists, all new styles, values up to \$1.50, special	89c
1 lot wash lap silk waists, big value for	90c
32 50 crepe de chine waists, only	\$1.05

Towels

10c huck towels	8 1-2c
15c huck towels	12c
25c all-linen towels	21c
10c Turkish towel	8 1-2c
15c Turkish towel	12c
25c Turkish towel	21c
50c Turkish towel	43c

Batiste

15c batiste, 40 inch wide	12c
25c batiste, 48 inch wide	21c
50c batiste, 45 inch wide	43c
75c batiste, 45 inch wide	65c

Silk Department

1 piece 36 inch black tafetta, only	75c
1 piece 36 inch satin turbes, only	75c
1 piece 36 inch black tafetta, only	98c

House Furnishings

SPECIAL PRICES ON CURTAINS, SCURMS, RUGS, MATTINGS, AND LINOLEUMS.

Big Embroidery Specials

1 lot 18 inch Bounding, only	10c
1 lot embroidery edgings, value up to 25c, the yard only	10c
1 lot embroidery edging values up to 15c, the yard only	8c

White Skirt Goods

25c gabardine, waffle cloth and Repp, 36 inches wide	21c
10c white dimity checks	8 1-2c
15c white dimity checks	12c
20c white dimity checks	17c

Big Lace Specials

1 lot real linen Torchon lace and insertion to match, yd. only 3c	10c
1 lot Torchon insertion, the yard only	1c
1 lot lace braids, values up to 50c, the yard only	10c

3 BIG SPECIALS

14 yds. Poc Mills Bleach . \$1.00
 12 yds. Pajama Checks . \$1.00
 12 yds. English Long Cloth \$1.00

We will have lots of other bargains here for you, and you should make a special effort to attend this money-saving sale. Don't forget the days, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday. Come and get your share of these bargains. Special Bargains each day of the sale. No goods charged; strictly cash.

THE S. M. JONES COMPANY

LOCAL and PERSONAL

Mr. and Mrs. John Spratt and children have returned to their home in Clinton after visiting relatives in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Carpenter, who have been spending the winter in Brookville, Pa., with their daughter, Mrs. F. B. Coogler, returned to Chester yesterday.

Read the advertisements appearing in this issue of the News, which clearly demonstrates that Chester is one of the best markets in the State.

The residence of Mr. W. H. Williamson, at Gathriehurst, was destroyed by fire Sunday morning about eleven o'clock. Nearly all the furniture on the first floor was saved but that in the second story went up in the flames. Mr. Williamson had \$1,500 insurance on the house but none on the furnishings.

The C. & N. W. Railway will operate a special train from Gastonia to York account of Field Day, March 31st. There will be no special trains south of York.

BEAUTIFUL LINE of Lark crepe de chine and wash silk set at Wylie's.

The Hotel Gettes, formerly known as the Thomson hotel, at Blacksburg, was destroyed by fire Wednesday. Loss about \$8,000, partially covered by insurance.

Mr. A. F. Shell, of Great Falls, was among those who successfully passed the examination before the State Board of pharmaceutical examiners at Sumter Wednesday.

YOU WANT TO GET those wash silk and crepe de chine waists at Wylie's—Something different.

The eighteen-month-old child of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Montgomery, who live a few miles West of Blacksville, was burned to death on last Friday. The child was playing in the yard with a brown wire it became ignited setting fire to its clothing. A physician was quickly summoned but nothing could be done to save the child's life.

Mr. H. K. Hough underwent an operation at the Fryer Hospital this morning for appendicitis.

Mr. Giles Y. Nichols, father of C. L. T. Nichols of this city, died at South Boston, Va., Monday at the advanced age of eighty-six years. Col. Nichols left Monday evening to attend the funeral.

DOLL UP—Just as this paper goes to press, Schloburg, shipped a beautiful line of up-to-date style field fancy shirts, just from 5th Ave. See them and you will one Sunday.—You will know that Schloburg, at Wix old stand has nothing but up-to-date gent's fancy shirtings.

ATTEND OUR SHOWING of the latest in hats, Thursday and Friday, March 22-23rd, Regina Quality Store.

The Civic Improvement Association will meet at the home of Mrs. W. F. McCullough, on York street, the fourth Thursday in this month.

Mr. Stewart L. Caskey has been indisposed for several days.

MISS CHICK MANSFIELD will have her formal season's opening of stylish spring millinery Wednesday and Thursday, March 22nd and 23rd, and invites all of the ladies to attend.

WE WILL HAVE a showing of the latest in hats, Wednesday and Thursday, March 22-23rd, Regina Quality Store.

Coming at an early date—a Chamber of Commerce. Get your season early.

Wednesday and Thursday, March 22nd, and 23rd, will be great days in Chester for the ladies. The spring millinery openings and showings will be on these days. Spangling of hats, the milliners say. "More original styles than for many seasons. They are wonderfully beautiful combinations of colors and exquisite arrangements of line."

THE LADIES of Chester and Chester County are invited to attend our spring opening, March 22nd, and 23rd. The Chamber of Commerce.

Misses Lois Smith of Winthrop College and Nancy Carasco, of Winnsboro, will arrive this afternoon to spend the week-end with Miss Kathleen Cornwall.

Messrs. C. C. McAlley, W. E. Wade and W. J. Reid are attending the U. S. Court in Rock Hill this week.

MILLINERY SHOWING—Latest styles and patterns, Wednesday and Thursday, March 22nd and 23rd, Miss Lettie Barber.

Mr. A. A. Bradford, of Columbia, Agent for Baker Improved Metal frame screens, was a Chester visitor yesterday.

DISPATCH OF PATENT HATS—Wednesday and Thursday, March 22nd and 23rd, Miss Lettie Barber.

Mr. J. A. Yarbrough, of Charlotte, spent yesterday in the city with friends and relatives.

Mrs. N. S. Matthews has returned to her home in Monroe, N. C., after visiting her mother, Mrs. P. A. Mills.

Dr. and Mrs. William Simpson and son, Henry of Abbeville have been spending a few days in the city with Mr. A. W. Klutz and family.

Miss Sadie McKee will entertain Saturday afternoon at five o'clock tea in honor of her guest, Miss Margaret Pritchard of Charlotte.

LOOK FOR OUR Big White Goods advertisement in Monday and Tuesday's papers. Our White Goods Sale will begin Wednesday. The S. M. Jones Co.

REMEMBER THE DATES March 22nd and 23rd Millinery showing, latest patterns. Miss Lettie Barber.

Mrs. W. M. Estes of Rockton is in the hospital at Chester, where she went last Saturday for an operation. On Sunday she was desperately ill, but on Monday there was a change for the better, and though she is still very sick, she is on the road to recovery.—Winnsboro News & Herald.

OUR BIG WHITE GOODS SALE, will begin Wednesday March 22, and continue through Saturday, at The S. M. Jones Co.

Miss Emma Thomson went to Rock Hill yesterday to spend a few days with relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert H. White, of Marietta, Ill. are the guests of Solicitor and Mrs. J. K. Henry.

Miss Mary Simf and guest, Miss Sudy Neely of Lancaster, will spend Sunday in Chester the guests of Miss Mary Bradford—Rock Hill Record.

JUST RECEIVED Fresh shipment crepe de chine shirt waists. Leckie & Cox.

Mrs. A. N. Sample will leave next week for Ponopono, Fla. to join Mr. Sample and sons.

Misses Maggie and Belle Simrell are spending a few days in Columbia with Mrs. James Land.

JUST RECEIVED Fresh shipment Crepe de chine shirt waists. Leckie & Cox.

Mrs. J. L. Davidson was hostess at a delightful meeting of the Violet Sunshine club on Thursday morning at her home on York street. A number of business matters were discussed and arranged for. At noon the hostess was assisted by Miss Lois Sample in serving a saint course.

JUST RECEIVED fresh shipment Crepe de chine shirt waists. Leckie & Cox.

Misses Edna and Clarice Tinsley, of Union, spent several days here this week with Mrs. S. W. Fryer and family.

REMEMBER OUR Big White Goods Sale will begin Wednesday March 22nd, and continue through Saturday, at The S. M. Jones Co.

Miss Margaret Pritchard, of Charlotte, will arrive this afternoon to visit Miss Sadie McKee on West End.

Mr. and Mrs. Sam W. Harry of Salisbury, N. C. have been spending a few days with friends in the city this week.

Mrs. W. M. Patrick and Belle daughter, of White Oak are spending a few days in the city the guest of relatives.

LET'S BUILD CHESTER.

Boys lets build a city of our Chester town.

Full of life and beauty, and of great renown.

Lets pull together and make a city great.

Make it the best town in this S. C. State.

Boys we can do it, if we only will.

So let you Jim and Henry with Uncle Bill

Start from now on, with one grand determination.

To make Chester the best in all creation.

Lets start on good roads, that the important need.

Good for my auto, male or noble steed.

To make the trip to Chester one of pleasure pay.

Ready for the travel any night or day.

We need it, and need it badly.

The folks will praise it gladly.

It will help to make our city.

To neglect it, what a pity.

Lets get together with one mind aim.

To make this city, the GRANDEST HYPER, that is the game.

Every opportunity is at our command.

To make Chester, the first in the land.

So lets forget the past, and start out anew.

And give the Chamber of Commerce, every chance to do.

A. J. H.

The insurance companies doing business in Charleston pay annually into the city treasury in license fees over \$18,000, according to the News & Courier.

TIME TO TREAT OATS.

It is the season to treat oats for smut and on many thousands of Illinois farms this will be done as an essential part of planting the crop this year. Smut, however, has this season been taught throughout the state that every farmer who is interested in improving his crop will think about it if he does not actually treat the seed he uses. It is cheering once in a while to point to a piece of work and say "This thing has been accomplished." The success of the campaign for oats smut eradication gives encouragement for many other kinds of work now under way.—Orange Judd Farmer.

SOWING ALFALFA.

Farmers Should Begin Now to Get Land in Condition.

Farmers in Oklahoma who expect to sow a field of alfalfa next fall should begin now to get that piece of land in the best of condition for the valuable crop, says Professor Dame of the Oklahoma experiment station. It is too common a practice not to plan the crop for the farm until the season is to be planted. This should not be the case, and especially is this true for alfalfa. Many failures in securing a good stand of alfalfa are due to the lack in the preparation of the seed bed.

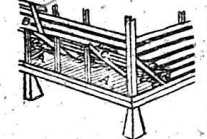
To begin with, select a well drained piece of land. Alfalfa should not have "wet feet." Plow the land now. Don't wait until next spring. Test this soil for acidity with litmus paper or send samples from different parts of the field to the soil department of the A. and M. college at Stillwater. If the soil is acid an application of ground limestone is necessary to correct the acidity or sourness. The limestone should be applied this winter so as to give it time to react with the soil before the alfalfa is sown. Alfalfa will not thrive on sour soil.

This land should then be worked as early in the spring as the weather will permit, and at intervals of about a week or ten days until the spring crop is to be planted. This is necessary to kill the weeds. However, it is almost impossible to kill all the weeds in this way in the spring, but if a cultivated crop is planted the tillage that such a crop should receive during the summer will put the soil in excellent condition, besides freeing it from weeds. Alfalfa should not be bothered with weeds.

Should the soil in the spring be so dry that it will be necessary to irrigate before sowing next fall. If barnyard manure is available apply it to the soil. This will be of value in securing a good stand of alfalfa next fall, as well as in increasing the yield of the cultivated crop the first season. If the proper attention is given to the preparation of the seed bed a better stand and consequently a heavier yield is secured. It will more than repay the farmer for the extra efforts in establishing the crop on his farm.

Scoping From Bottom of Crib.

The illustration shows a simple device by means of which you can quickly scoop corn from the bottom of the crib. The corn is scooped in through small doors near the roof and runs down gradually as it is removed from the space as is shown. It cannot run out on the ground, as the incline or allows only a small quantity down at a time. The opening is fitted with



doors (b), which are hung about five feet long. These are hooked up when corn is needed. This method works especially well with short corn and not only facilitates handling the grain, but enables good ventilation, discourages rats and mice and prevents accumulation of shattered corn and dirt at the bottom of the bins.—Farm and Home.

New Plants From China.

After a three year trip in the far east F. N. Meyer, plant explorer of the department of agriculture, has recently returned to Washington with interesting specimens of seeds, roots, cuttings, etc. These were collected in cold mountain regions and arid Turkestan, China. One of the interesting items secured by the specialist is the Jujube, which may be suitable for use in the southwest; a wild peach resistant to drought, cold and frost; Chinese persimmons, vegetable and timber hammers, Chinese vegetables and cukes.

The Jujube tree bears a heavy crop of a brownish fruit, delicious when fresh, when dried offers a confection similar in taste to the berries date. It is claimed it can withstand cold, drought and neglect, and seedlings have been successfully grown at the plant introduction garden at Ohio, Cal. Experiments are under way to determine the usefulness of the wild peach for stock feed, for which it is better than any American varieties. A vegetable newly now under experiment is a Chinese radish with a root as large as the radish of the country. The most recent reports that the chestnut blight was found in both China and Japan. The chestnut blight which was first seen in America in 1905 has now been found in China and Japan. The chestnut blight which was first seen in America in 1905 has now been found in China and Japan. The chestnut blight which was first seen in America in 1905 has now been found in China and Japan.

WINDOW BOXES IN SCHOOLS

Kind of Plants That Can Be Used for the Purpose.

PREPARATION OF CUTTINGS.

The Boxes Should Be Made Comparatively Deep and Contain Plenty of Soil—Plants Should Be Small and Compact In Habit of Growth or Those Which Can Be Trained on Strings.

[Prepared by United States department of Agriculture.]

Window boxes must be made comparatively deep and must contain a larger quantity of soil than is commonly necessary for the growth of plants in greenhouses in order that the adverse conditions of the rooms in which they are kept may in part be counteracted. Boxes suitable for window gardens should therefore be made at least six to eight inches in depth. should be rather broad and of a length to conform to the window opening. The soil should be rich garden loam or a compost consisting of rotted sods and stable manure thoroughly mixed together and screened through a screen with at least a half inch mesh.

Before filling the box a layer of broken pots or coarse gravel or clinkers should be placed over the bottom of the box to the depth of one inch. If the box is made air tight, the soil should be packed in the form of a cone, and any excess of moisture which comes from watering the plants will escape from the bottom. After filling the drainage material to the top of the box fill it to within one inch of the top with the soil above described. Window boxes which are to be used for propagating plants should be made not more than six to eight inches deep and should have the drainage material above mentioned, with also a layer of clean sand placed on top of the soil.

The cuttings should then be prepared as suggested and planted in rows about three inches apart with the ends of the cuttings about one inch deep in the soil. The cuttings should be thoroughly moistened and the soil about them should be packed in the soil. The cuttings should be thoroughly moistened and the soil about them should be packed in the soil. The cuttings should be thoroughly moistened and the soil about them should be packed in the soil.

Plants to be used in window boxes can be grown from seeds sown in four inch pots, prepared somewhat as follows: Place a layer of broken pots, gravel or clinkers in the bottom of the pot, and on top of this fill the pot to within about an inch of the surface with a compost similar to that used for filling window boxes. If the seeds to be sown are small and fine, like the begonia, sprinkle a thin layer of soil over the surface of the soil in the pot and sow the seeds in the sand. Moisten the earth by setting the pot for a minute in a receptacle which contains water of sufficient depth to bring it to within an inch of the surface of the soil in the pot. Lift the pot from the water as soon as the soil is moistened; place it in a warm, sunny situation and cover it with a piece of glass. As soon as the seeds begin to germinate remove the glass to a slight extent by placing under one edge a match or by slipping it partly off the surface of the pot. Attention must be given to the amount of air to be used to prevent the plants from becoming drawn and yet keep them from being injured by becoming too dry.

Large seeds, like seeds of the nasturtium, should be planted about an inch deep in the soil of the pots, prepared as above described, but no layer of sand need be used with plants of this character.

The character of plants to be used in a box will be determined by the preferences of the cultivator, but in general they should be small and compact in habit of growth or those which can be trained readily on strings. The following list will serve as a guide in their selection:

Plants Which Can Be Grown From Seed.—Ageratum, petunia, sweet alyssum, mignonette, Lobelia erinus, portulaca, Bellis perennis, Primula officinalis, clematis, nasturtium, yarrow, dianthus, stock.

Other Plants.—Clematis, fuchsia, carnation, geranium, abutilon, German ivy, tradescantia, vinca.

French System of Rural Credits. The French system of rural credits is described in a report made to the St. Paul Commercial club by a subcommittee of the organization's rural credits committee. The report states that the French system is one of a long list to be made to the club, from which a rural credits system suitable for the United States should be formulated and probably submitted to congress, with a petition that the system be established by law. The report of the French system sets forth that the French government had made provision for loans upon farm lands since 1852; that the total amount of such loans now has capital stock worth \$48,000,000 and outstanding loans of \$870,417,362.

Dreamland=Monday.

PATHE'S LATEST FEATURE IN NATURAL COLORS.

"The Shrine of Happiness"

FIVE-ACT DRAMA WITH

PAUL GILMORE, Jackie Saunders and Star Cast

The Most Beautiful Feature of the Age Special Prices 10 and 20c

SHOWN IN NEW YORK CITY RECENTLY AT \$1.00 PRICES

MOWED DOWN GERMANS IN ROWS AND PYRAMIDS.

French Report the Slaughter Before Vaux and Its Port the Greatest of the War.

Paris, March 13.—The German losses in the fighting around Fort de Vaux Friday and Saturday surpassed all previous records in this war, according to officers who have returned from Verdun. Time and time again and with extraordinary courage, the Germans in columns four deep rushed from their trenches, only to melt away under the fire of the French 75, 150 and 210 millimeter guns, which rained shells with deadly accuracy into the marching companies. When the smoke and dust cleared nothing was to be seen but heaps of bodies.

The spot on which the fort is situated is almost perpendicular in certain places. The German lines were forced to halt, but many Bavarian servants climbed up on one another's shoulders and struggled up the slope clinging to angles of rock and grasping tufts of grass. Again and again these human pyramids collapsed into shapeless gray masses. In the places where the incline was easier and the attacks, therefore, more concentrated, the dirt here below ran red with blood. At the lowest estimate the attackers lost two-thirds of their effectives.

The fighting was also desperate in the extreme when regiments from the Fifteenth and Eighteenth German Army Corps attacked the village of Vaux on Friday. Dawn was just breaking and a heavy white mist hung over the country, making everything invisible beyond a hundred yards. This enabled the Germans to get within rushing distance of the French front trenches, but, although outnumbered the defenders six to one, it took four distinct assaults before the first column of Germans won the shelter of a small group of houses beyond the church of Vaux. They then organized an assault upon the church and the French, being unable to bring up reinforcements on account of the German curtain of fire, withdrew their advanced elements, which were in danger of being surrounded.

Five times the North Prussian Regiment rushed to attack the church, but every time they left the shelter of the ruined houses they were beaten back by the fire from machine guns and the snipers from the French 55-millimeter mountain gun. In the meantime in their rear a curtain of fire was kept up by the French 75s and 210s, so that it was impossible for manticles and reinforcements to be brought up for their benefit, and the fight died down on Friday night for sheer exhaustion.

SPRING OPENING!

We cordially invite all of the ladies of Chester and surrounding community to attend our Spring display of Stylish Hats

WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY MARCH 22nd AND 23rd

A Cordial Welcome awaits you

Miss Chick Marshall

"THE BIG STORE"

PLANTING SEED

To our friends and customers who want good COTTON SEED, we take this method of informing you that we have on hand between 1,800 and 2,000 bushels of the celebrated

Georgia Redding Wannamaker's Wilt Resistant Toole, Mexican Big Boll and Cleveland Big Boll

Planting Seed that are as good as you can get anywhere. It does not cost you any more to plant a good staple cotton, so why not plant the best? Call and see us for prices.

The S. M. Jones Company

Ordinance

Be it ordained by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen of the city of Chester in Council assembled, and by the authority of the same: That Section seventy-four (Sec. 74) of the Code of Ordinances of the City of Chester be amended so as to read as follows: Sec. 74. That it shall be unlawful

for any persons within the City of Chester to gamble or stake or wager any money or other thing of value upon any game, contest or competition, of chance, skill or strength, or to bet on any such game or contest, and it shall be further unlawful for any persons, within the City of Chester, to play at any game with dice or cards in any wood, field or open place. Any violation of this ordinance shall be punishable by a

fine not exceeding one hundred dollars or by imprisonment not over thirty days. Done and ratified in Council this March 7th, 1916. Z. Y. DAVIDSON, Mayor. Attest: JAB. HAMILTON, City Clerk and Treasurer. FOR SALE—My stock of

MORRIS CANDIES

WATERMAN'S FOUNTAIN PENS

Cowan Drug Company

Corner Main and Wylie Streets

NO Hardware Groceries Dry Goods **BUT** Everything in Toilet Articles and Drug line.

Our Soda Fountain Service is the Best

Cowan Drug Company

"SATISFACTION MUST FOLLOW"

Schlosburg

UP-TO-DATE

HABERDASHER

The Newest Styles in
Shirts
Ties
Hats
Hosiery
Pants
Suits
Leather Goods

H. L. SCHLOSBERG'S WIX OLD STAND

Auto Transfer
Phone us for night or day service.

Chester Cafe
Phone 381

TAKE NOTICE.
All concerned will hereby take notice that the time for paying State and county taxes will expire March 15th. Time for payment of continuation road tax expires March 31st.
S. E. WYLIE.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR FINAL DISCHARGE.
We hereby give notice that on Saturday April 3, 1916, we will make our first and final Return as Executor and Administrator, respectively of the Estate of Essex McMillen, deceased, and will on same day at 1 o'clock N. Apply to Hon. A. W. Wose, Judge of Probate for Chester County S. C.; for letters dismisory.
JOHN T. McMULLEN, Executor and Administrator.
JOHN T. McMULLEN, Executor, test will and testament of Essex McMillen, deceased.
Chester, S. C. Feb. 29, 1916.

HOW TO FIGHT TUBERCULOSIS

There are between five and six pounds of lungs in the adult male body, and four or five pounds in the adult female body. To say it with extreme plainness, this is the meat of which the tubercle bacillus has fed and grown so great.

But what are the lungs, and what are they for. These questions are capable of plain answers, and in these answers are certain things which every person, learned or unlearned, should know. It is of course, impossible to say of any organ that it is "the most important" of all to bodily health. But the lung is one of the most important, just as breathing is the most immediately necessary and important act. You may forbear to use the stomach for days or weeks—persons have fasted from food for long periods, but you can not forbear to use the lungs for a moment—400 should fast from air one minute total poisoning would ensue. Fast from air three minutes and death would come.

The lungs are two pouce-like bodies (they will rot sink in water) situated in the chest cavity, well protected before and behind and on the sides by the breastbone, spinal column and ribs, respectively, and beneath by a muscled bottom called the diaphragm. The lungs are formed by the divided ends of the windpipe. The windpipe extends down the neck, enters the chest cavity behind the breastbone, and when it has reached mid-chest (so to speak) divides into two branches, one going to the right and the other to the left. These two branches immediately begin to further sub-

divide into great numbers of small or branches—great numbers of small human twigs, the end of each being a tiny cutaneous sac. These branches turn up, down and out, so that the number of air sacs with their connecting tissue—the whole of which we call the lung—takes up considerable space, and is capable of expansion to twice the extent it is usually expanded in our common breathing.

Going back far enough the beginning of the process of which lung tissue in the end, is the nose and its tortuous passages for intercepting dust and other intruders, its mucosa for catching and killing them; its membrane richly supplied with tiny blood vessels to warm the air following the respiratory or breathing passages down we find the inner surfaces coated with tiny hairs which wave constantly to and fro in a gentle fanning movement and also intercept particles of matter which have no business in the lungs. The upper part of the breathing system is nature's wonderful air-filtering device, and few besides physicians and professional users of the voice realize what an amount of foreign matter these myriad glands intercept in the course of a day. But everyone should be helped to realize how absolutely necessary to the performance of these functions—these most important functions—is the general health of the body which enabled these strong though delicate instruments not only to perform their labor, but also to clean themselves after the performance of it. For it is obvious to the most casual thinker that the accumulated foreign matter intercepted in this way cannot be allowed to remain. But it tends to remain where the health is below par, and thus begin the clogging and congestion and infection which insure in diseases of various names according to the part infected.

Get a picture, then firmly in your mind of the wonderful nose, the windpipe and the multiplied air-sacs of the lungs. There are smaller details here and there which this paper omits—but this is the general plan. Any school physiology will supply the details.

The lungs may be likened to twin air stomachs. And this is not at all far-fetched for purpose of illustration, for "respiration" is the last act of digestion. It is the act of breathing that gives food its value.

The lungs may be likened—though with less exactitude—to a pair of air muscles, becoming strong with use, and flabby and susceptible to disease with insufficient use.

Wood's Productive Seed Corns.

Our Virginia-grown Seed Corns have an established reputation for superiority in productiveness and germinating qualities.

Wood's Descriptive Catalog tells about the best of prize-winning and profit-making varieties in both White and Yellow Corns.

Cotton Seed.

We offer the best and most improved varieties, grown in sections absolutely free from boll weevil. Our Catalog gives prices and information, and tells about the best of Southern Seeds.

100-DAY VELVET BEANS, Soia Beans, SUDAN GRASS, Dallis Grass and all Sorghums and Millets. Catalog mailed free on request.

T. W. WOOD & SONS, SEEDSMEN, - Richmond, Va.

HOW IS YOUR STOCK OF LETTER HEADS, NOTE HEADS, BILL HEADS ENVELOPES, STATEMENTS AND ANY KIND OF OFFICE STATIONERY.

We Can Supply Your Every Need Promptly.

The Semi-Weekly News

ROCK ROADS—ROCK VALUES.

Kansas City Banker Points Out Money Value of Good Roads.

Kansas and Missouri are very active in building good highways, "rock roads," as they are called in that country, where limestone is the hardest material. One of the good roads boosters is W. S. Webb, a Kansas City banker, and he puts year round highways in terms of banking.

"We bankers will lend \$10 to \$25 an acre more on a farm situated on a rock road," he says. "Bankers in this neighborhood are keen judges of farm value. Most of them have farms as places for rest and play. Few bankers are good farmers when it comes to making actual profits on crops, but that has not hindered them from health and in understanding of the problems confronting farmers, with whom we do much of our business.

The first thing the banker does when you approach him for a loan on farm property is to determine the selling value of the farm. He will lend you half the selling value, and he arrives at the selling value by ascertaining three things.

"First—The soil, its character, condition and producing capacity, for a fertile farm in good till will grow crops, no matter where located or what the nature of its improvements.

"Second—Its location, which means convenience to markets, schools, stores and other factors that increase value. Here is where the kind of road running past the farm plays a big part.

"Third—Buildings and improvements. These are the things that add actual money. The money estimates are added. The total represents the selling value of the farm and the banker will lend half that.

"Suppose the land is set down as worth \$40 an acre. If it is located on a rock road over which the owner can haul or crop any moving in the year the banker will add \$10 an acre for that item. Probably the buildings will not be worth more than \$10 an acre, so the hard road is worth as much as the buildings in actual money. The total selling value of that farm is \$60 an acre, and the banker will lend you \$30 an acre. On an acre of land worth \$100 an acre a hard road adds \$25."—Country Gentleman.

\$250,000,000 FOR HIGHWAYS.

This Huge Sum Was Spent In 1914 For Roads In United States.

Very nearly a quarter of a billion dollars were spent in highway construction in the United States during the year 1914, as shown by statistics issued by the office of public roads and rural engineering.

The total amount spent for the state and federal highways during the year was \$229,200,000, and the amount for trunk lines was \$29,800,000.

The highway program in the United States during the year 1914 was the largest in the history of the country. The total amount spent for the highway program in the United States during the year 1914 was \$229,200,000.

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CO-OPERATIVE EFFICIENCY.

Co-operative efficiency is the keystone of the successful commercial organization.

When the business men of a city give their time and money to promote the welfare of their city and community they expect results. Unfortunately most of the things which the commercial organizations are working for the general benefit of the community must be done of a general rather than a direct character. Therefore for the best interests and advancement of commercial organizations it is essential that the commercial departments that will produce definite, direct, pecuniary benefit to the community must be done of a general rather than a direct character.

For the past decade the tendency in this direction has been very noticeable. Chambers of commerce, unions, boards of trade and retail mercantile associations whose original purpose was to promote industry and enhance the value of real estate have created departments and bureaus which produce definite and tangible results. The organization of a credit bureau as a department of a chamber of commerce is an example of this.

IMPROVING WESTCHESTER.

New York's Beautiful County Has a Planning Commission.

A commission, the body of its kind ever constituted by law of the United States, has been organized for the development and beautifying of Westchester county, N. Y. It is headed by Governor Charles D. Clark.

The appointment of this commission was largely due to the activities of the Westchester county chamber of commerce, and the commissioners, who are made up of men who are deeply interested in the development of the county, will serve without salary. They were selected by a board of supervisors and a board of county landowners, architects, surveyors, engineers and other experts.

They will submit to the supervisors a survey of the county, with a map showing the proposed improvements, and they may recommend changes in the width or route of highways, the construction of new trunk lines, and the acquisition of public lands for parks and playgrounds. They may also recommend the construction of new trunk lines, and the acquisition of public lands for parks and playgrounds.

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Several of the towns said Mr. Adams, already have systems of street lighting, and are seeking to make their part of the county as pleasing to the eye as possible, and one of the first things the commission will do will be to take these efforts into account and to coordinate them. It is necessary that the rapidly growing communities in the county should be so planned that their streets and principal highways should be considered with reference to the appearance of the entire county. Westchester is a pioneer in this line.

There are in the county many reservoirs, and it is proposed that they should be improved by means of new roads and that picturesque and convenient paths be built about them. The great Kensico reservoir is one of the finest bodies of water in the country.

The new Bronx river parkway, of the cost of which New York city pays the greater part, and which will be completed in the next few years, will naturally become part of the general plan. It runs for fifteen miles on either side of the Bronx river.

The county also contains much forest land, and the commission will consider how its natural appearance may be retained, such as possible, and while there is yet time the provision of park spaces will be considered with reference to those already existing.

Such towns as Ingham Perry and White Plains have already done much in laying out municipal parks and in making their surroundings pleasing to the eye. The cooperation of every town in the county is part of the general scheme.

BEAUTIFUL

ORGANIZED TREE PLANTING BEAUTIFIES A SMALL TOWN

How the Marvin (S. D.) Commercial Club Inaugurated a Movement.

Marvin, S. D. is a small town of some 250 people located in a prosperous portion of the northeastern part of the state, about 200 miles directly west of Minneapolis. writes Horst J. Poppenham, secretary of the Marvin Commercial club, in the American City. The town is not organized for local reasons and is governed by the township organization, which has two members in the county and one in the town.

The town officials could not undertake to carry out such a proposition as planting a tree in public expense, but the Marvin Commercial club decided to do it. This is a fine organization which derives from club dues and the management of local affairs and other public interests about a small annual sum which is contributed by its members. Last winter some of the members presented the idea of planting trees on the streets of the town. The matter was thoughtfully considered and plans were made to carry out the project.

The first tree was planted on the street in the town and has since arrived the tree had been planted for 200 ft. and 200 ft. ever trees from six to eight feet tall. Exception was made for trees of smaller size for the streets, which were strongly in sympathy with our good intentions.

Planting 600 trees of that size is no small feat. Many of the trees ordered to plant twenty trees each, and others made larger offers, but, feeling assured that such a plan would not work out well, the club decided to dig the holes, which were about four feet in diameter and twenty four inches deep. They were secured voluntarily and the trees were had and experience in planting trees, each to give a day of his time. Other volunteer assistance was also secured.

What was the result? The local board was well pleased. Organized squads began the work and in 5 weeks of the second day all the trees were planted. The work was done by the workers poor lunch in the middle of the morning and the middle of the afternoon so that the hard work was well presented, and all enjoyed the diversion.

The summer was very favorable—a little too hot for crops, but just right for the trees. The trees are now growing and flourishing. Many of them now measure eleven feet in height. The town officials are very pleased with the result and the club has on the upper streets and the boxes in the lower parts of the town. The trees were properly planted with soil and water. There is every reason to anticipate a glorious growth in the coming summer.

Of course in every community there are a few who will not assist in any undertaking. Such people are known as "free riders" and they are a nuisance. There were a few of that kind in Marvin, and they almost succeeded in discouraging the inkerman workers, but the club members were so determined, even the knackers were delighted to see that their knacks availed nothing. We are now making plans to lay out a park and plant a tree on each shade tree. This is a still larger undertaking, but we believe we are big enough for the job.

CHILD WELFARE PRIZES.

Kansas Rewards For Towns That Are Best For Children.

To interest the residents of Kansas in child welfare work, the state has been offered to third class towns which are the best for child rearing. This contest will be held in 1916, and already more than 100 towns have entered.

The contest is being conducted by Professor W. A. McKeever, head of the child welfare department at the University of Kansas. He had charge of a similar contest last year, when W. B. Stauber, former governor, offered a prize of \$1,000 to the city of the second class which showed the most improvement in child welfare work and was found by competent judges to be the best town of that class in Kansas in which to rear children.

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WHITE GOODS SALE EXTENDED

On account of bad weather for the Opening of our Sale, thereby not allowing lots of our customers to attend the sale this week, we have decided to extend the Sale through MONDAY, TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY of next week. We are getting in by express many new and pretty things that we could not mention in our former ad.

Ladies Muslin Underwear

High neck, long sleeve gowns, well made, neatly trimmed . . . 45c.
Low neck, short sleeve gowns, in pretty styles, all well made and daintily trimmed . . . 45c.
1 lot high neck, long sleeve gowns, in extra size, extra good value, . . . 62c.
Three styles in extra good value, daintily trimmed gowns, . . . 63c
1 style, extra good value, . . . 63c
3 styles in pretty \$1.00 gowns, 89c.
1 lot extra size gowns with high neck and long sleeves . . . 93c.
1 lot ladies' undershirts, . . . 45c
1 lot ladies' undershirts, . . . 49c
1 lot ladies' undershirts, . . . 39c.
1 lot ladies' undershirts, . . . 39c.
Ladies' 25c corset covers . . . 22c.
Ladies' 50c corset covers . . . 44c.
Ladies' 25c pants, . . . 22c.
Ladies' 50c pants, . . . 44c.
1 lot envelope chemise, . . . 63c.

White Goods Specials

21 yards good grade 36 inch brown sheeting . . . \$1.00
18 yards best 10c grade, 36 inch brown sheeting, . . . \$1.00
14 yards good 10c grade, 36 inch bleach, . . . \$1.00
10 yards best 10c grade, 36 inch bleach, . . . \$1.00
12 yards best 10c grade 36 inch pajama check, . . . \$1.00
12 yards good 10c grade, 36 inch long cloth, . . . \$1.00
Good soft nainsook 20c grade, . . . 13 1-2c.
Best 25c nainsook, . . . 22c
1 best baby nainsook, 12 yds. \$1.25
1 best best grade nainsook, 12 yds. . . \$2.50
Good grade batiste, 27 inch, 13 1-2c.
Extra good batiste, 44 inch, . . . 22c
Best 50c batiste, 44 inch, . . . 38c.
Best grade 10c 40 inch white lawn, . . .
12 yards for . . . \$1 1/2
Best grade 15c white lawn, 8 yds, for . . . 38c.
3 pieces of 27 inch mercerized white poplin, special, . . . 13 1-2c.

A beautiful assortment of all kinds of pretty white waistings . . . 10c.
36 inch white mercerized poplin, extra good quality . . . 22c.
3 pieces of beautiful goods for white skirts, 36 inch . . . 25c.
1 piece plain white voile, . . . 15c
A pretty assortment of white waistings and dress goods, . . . 25c.

Suits, Dresses and Waists

We will have on hand for this week a big lot of Suits, Dresses, and Waists that will be very specially priced and it will certainly be to your interest to look them over before buying.

Household Furnishings

72 x 90 white sheets with seam 14c.
81 x 90 full size bleached seamless sheets, extra good quality, . . . \$7 1-2c.
81 x 90 full size "Utica" sheets. This is known the world over as the best \$1.00 sheet on the market, special . . . 98c.
Good quality pillow cases, sizes 36 x 42, special . . . 12 1-2c.
Extra good quality, full size pillow cases, 36 x 45, . . . 17 1-2c.
"Utica" pillow cases, . . . 22 1-2c.
Good quality bed spreads . . . 28c.
Good quality ripplette quilts, \$1.89
Several very fine "Marseilles" quilts that will be priced very low.
1 piece good heavy mercerized table damask, 72 inches wide, 44c.
1 piece pure linen table damask, 72 inches wide and cannot be duplicated today under \$1.25, special . . . 89c.
1 piece \$2.00 pure linen table damask . . . \$1.29
Very special prices on table napkins of all kinds

TOWELS

We have a big assortment of towels that are bought cheap and will sell them the same way.
20 dozen extra good heavy beach towels, big sizes, come with red borders and plain white 8 1-2c, or per dozen . . . \$1.00
Good heavy Turkish bath towels, extra sizes, . . . 12 1-2c.
Good union towel huck, . . . 13 1-2c
A great big bath towel with blue and pink border, . . . 21c.

TORCHONS

We were fortunate in securing 2 lots of genuine linen torchon hoes for this sale. The lots are small and won't last long. But while they last will sell them at . . . \$1.50.

A big lot embroidery edges worth up to 10c per yard . . . 4 1-2c.

1 lot wide embroidery edges.

EXTRA SPECIALS

In the way of Gingham, Percales, Etc.

30 pieces of that famous "Lakeside" linen finish chambray. The colors are absolutely fast. Come in neat stripes and checks with plain white and colored grounds, the greatest cloth in the world for boy's blouses, children's dresses and ladies' house dresses, special for this week only . . . \$ 4-3c.
50 pieces Utility and Rose gingham in all colors and patterns. The best 10c gingham on the market, . . . \$ 1-8c.

25 pieces very best grade 10c percales in a big variety of patterns, . . . \$ 1-2c.

25 pieces best grade "Manchester" percales, sell the world over for 12 1-2 and 15c. This week, . . . 10c.

25 pieces of beautiful quality shirting madras. Come in a pretty range of patterns suitable for men's shirts, shirt waists and dresses, special . . . 17 1-2c.

35 pieces of new muslins, checked voiles, abedaw stripe voiles. These give you a wide range of patterns to select from, at . . . 9c.

Specials

25 dozen ladies' good gauze vests, 36 1/2 yards, 27 inch bleach, . . . 5c.
Safety pins, all sizes, card . . . 3c.
10 dozen best 50c middie blouses for misses and ladies, special 45c.
10 dozen big size wash rags . . . 4c.
All children's dresses in ages 2 to 6 and 8 to 14 that sold for 50c, special . . . 44c.
Children's \$1.00 dresses, special at . . . 89c.
15 silk poplin dresses to go in . . . \$3 88

Dress Skirts

We have on hand 60 dress skirts that came from H & C. Ghrist Co. and the "Queen" people, come in plain and novelty styles. These skirts will all be reduced very much in price.

10c Curtain Scrim

5 pieces curtain scrim with colored borders, regular 10c quality, . . . \$ 3-4c.
3 pieces ecru curtain scrim with hemstitched edge, . . . 10c
1 piece galatee marquisette curtain scrim, special . . . 21c.
3 pieces dotted and striped Swiss, . . . 10c
Very special prices on 2 dozen pairs of ready-made curtains in plain white and with colored borders.

Laces

1 big lot val edges and insertions, not a one in the lot worth less than 5c, special . . . 3c.
1 big lot French val edges and insertions. This lot bought especially for this sale, . . . 6c.
1 big lot round thread laces, to go very cheap at . . . 4c.

Crepe de Chines

8 pieces of silk and cotton crepe-de-chines in a beautiful range of colors, comes 36 inches wide and makes a pretty, serviceable dress or waists. Colors: copen, navy, sage green, reseda, lavender, purple, black, grey, special . . . 28c.

5 pieces 44 inch pure silk poplin in sand, copen, black and grey, . . . 95c.

Although pure silk crepe de chinas are worth on today's market \$1.25, we still have them to offer at per yard . . . 58c.

Embroideries

5 pieces organdie flaxon embroidery, flouncing 45 inches wide, with dainty edges, regular \$1.99 value, Special for this sale at 38c.

3 pieces of baby flouncing, very fine material 27 inches wide, a regular 50c value, special . . . 21c.

To attend this sale will mean a real saving to you. We have many new things on the road, but don't mention them for fear we won't get them in time.

E. E. CLOUD

Second door below Peoples Bank

Phone 180