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The Lantern, Chester S.C.- November 16, 1897

J T. Bigham

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Vol. 1, No. 12. SCHOOL HISTORIES.

Prof. Wallace Thinks Publishers and Book Agents Have Stirred

To the Editor of The State

It is a worthy and commendable sentiment that cherishes the hero ism of the soldiers of the Lost Cause but this sentiment is sadly perverted in any attempt to substitute sectionalism for patriotism in the minds of our children.

Why this outcry against "parti-san histories" in the schools? I'll 1'11 tell you: The time is drawing near for selecting school books for another term of years, and booksellers are working Southern sentiment for all it is worth to them. Circulars written by Gen. Gordon against "partisan" histories are being scattered broadcast by publishers and agents who have a school history they are trying to have adopted by State Boards of Education. A mass meeting was ecently held in Rich-mond, at the instance of Lee Camp of Confederate Veterans, to protest against "partisan" school histories. is soon to select school Virginia books for four years. Prominent in the, mass meeting was a man who has lately written a school history that he would like to have adopted A mass meeting has been called at Nashville by a lot of people who are not educators to protest against "partisan" histories in Southern There is no doubt a hidschools. den hand in that proposed meeting

Do these people who are making so much stir about "partisan" tories really desire non-partisan histories-non-partisan from every standpoint? On the contrary, they are agitating for histories that are intensely partisan—partisan to the South. There are just two classes of people agitating this matter: Those who have books to sell and those who are being used by them to he sell them.

Is there any real sense and reason in the cry for Southern histories for Southern schools? Must we have a Southern history because it is Southern? I know four school histories by Southern authors, and not one of them is a good text book. Of the two now most clamorously and per tinaciously before Southern State Boards of Education for endorsement and adoption, one is now in use in the public schools of this State; the other, recently issued, is written by the so-called "fighting parson." The first named is undoubtedly partisan, but not intersely so., Its chief fault is its extreme heaviness of style, which renders reading of it a labor to any one and the study of it a positive weariness of the flesh to school children I cannot so trespass on your space as to show this but let me quote here one or two representative ser tences:

"The domestic tranquility guar anteed by the constitution had no been enjoyed (by the South) for many a day, and an interminable continuance of strife and discord seemed to be in store for all. The idea had been slowly shaping itself in the Southern mind, that, not-withstanding the affection for the Union that the South had felt and manifested since the founding of the government, tranquil existence without the government was preferable to continued disturbance within."

The "fighting parson" is inter ly and bitterly partisan. He discusses the "causes of the war" a great length, rehashing argument that have been stale for 30 years, and are about as interesting to a His sentences are long, involved and those pigs got brass to thus tionoposcure. Imagine children 12 to 15 olice the call's "vittles!" Let'er years old making creditable or even roll.—Edgefield Advertiser.

intelligent recitations from extracts like the following "Yet even after this plain declara-

tion of the President to coerce sovereign States who had simply exer cised their 'inalienable right' (as the Declaration of Independence puts it) of choosing their own form of government and their own affiliations, the border States waited: the Confederate government sent commissioners to treat for peace and for the equitable settlement of all property rights and other points at issue and 'Union men' all through the South, and many good men at the North, 'hoped against hope' and devoutly prayed that better counsels might prevail, and that the calamities of war might be averted."

And again this:

"In Meade's army four genera officers-Reynolds, Vincent, Weed -were killed, and thirteen -Hancock, Sickles, Gibbon, War-Rutherford, Barlow, Barnes, Webb, Stanard and Graham-were wounded; in Lee's army five gen eral officers-Hood, Hampton, Heth, J. M. Jones, G. T. Anderson, Kemper. Scales and Jankins-were ounded."

Historians, like poets, are born, not made. Any plodder can gather farm, fought by the 5th regiment, a mass of facts and have them put which served as infantry between into print; but if he has not that indefinable talent or tact for putting awaiting the arrival of the horses his facts into attractive form, he will never enthuse nor even interest children, and the teacher who tries

John Fiske. He, by the way, has Cummin's Farm and Burgess's Mill, an excellent school history, but it is better suited for high schools than skirmishes, which, though some an excellent school insury, could better suited for high schools than skirmishes, which, though some-for the common or graded schools, times unpleasantly hot, did not af-I am not personally interested in any author or any history, but Eggle think a school history should be. It is attractive and entertaining; the style is simple and pleasing, and it is non-partisan.

Before closing I wish to say that tories ought to have an intelligent idea of the kind of history best suited for ,children, and they ought to have a practical and personal acquaintance with the histories that are now rivals for adoption in the public schools. Confederate Genefals and other veterans should not allow themselves and their organizations to be used to further the schemes of authors and publishers. elf on this The way to inform one subject is to get copies of the rival histories and examine them calmly and carefully, without prejudice and without regard to where the author lives; to examine with a view to encouraging a broad patriotism, not the Army of Northern Virginia, sectional feelings, and then select for the best interests of those most the extreme right of Lee's army vitally concerned — the children From Hatcher's Run, ten miles south mselves. If, upon such examination, the choice should fall upon a Southern author, I would be among the first to congratulate him. But it is mighty poor patriotism and less sense to choose a Southern schoo book simply because it is Southern

W. H. WALLACE. Newberry, Oct. 26, 1897.

Ben Ryan and John Gary.

A queer thing happens daily on Jesse Morgan's place, five miles from Edgefield. Two small pigs regularly suck one of his milch cows. They fight off the call and quietly proceed to take the calf's place. Our friend Jess has named the cow Our friend Jess has n that have been stale, for 30 years, Our friend Jess has named use cow and are about as interesting to a Carolina and the pigs Ben Ryan school boy as a last year's birdnest, and John Gary. Jess is a great ad-Out of 424 pages he gives 138 to mirer of the two governors and he he civil war. His style is totally wants to perpetuate their names and unfitted for a text book for children. Tame in enduring brass, and haven't the matter of the property of the propert

CHESTER, S. C., TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1897.

BUTLER'S BRIGADE IN '64. ft That Fighting Cavalry fro - Hampton's Dead Son.

om the Macon Telegraph

In the spring of 1864 the 4th, 5th and 6th regiments of South Carolina cavalry were transferred from duty on the seacoast of South Carolina to Virginia, and constituted what as thereafter known as "Butler's Brigade, though commanded subsequently by Gens. Law, Dunovan and Logan, and Col. Hugh K. Aiken. Being armed with Enfield rifles, its chief fighting was done on foot, and won for itself throughout the Army of Northern Virginia, as well as the Army of the Potomac, the soubriquet of "that fighting cavalry from South Carolina." No doubt the character and repartion of the brigade was due in great measure to the example and leadership of two such generals as M. C. Butler and Wade Hampton. During the spring summer and fall of 1864 this brigade was constantly engaged in active and arduous service, as a reference to the battles in which it was en gaged with them. Beginning with Drury's Biuff.

Station and Chester Richmond and Petersburg while and the other regiments of the brigade from South Carolina, followed children, and the teacher who tries by the battles of Charles City Court to instruct children from such book has a hard road to travel.

Facts are stranger than fiction, and history can be made more charming than a novel by a real historian. To my thinking, the best worker of United States history is John Fiske. He, by the way, has an excellent school history, but it is necessary to the straightforward of the better suited for high schools than skirmishes, which, though some and the straightforward of the straightforward o by the battles of Charles City Court ston's comes nearest to what I record is shown of a pretty vigorous

campaign. The constant service and fighting made dearful havos in the ranks of both men, and horses I do not remember the losses of the other people who write about school his- regiments, but my own (the 5th) lost over 400 officers and men in killed and wounded, besides about 50 captured, during the six months above mentioned. The chief fight-ing was done on foot with the rifle, but there was not wanting the bril liant dash and the headlong charge sabre and pistol, the shock meet. During this campaign Butler had been promoted to be major general to command Hampton's divi 5th, to the command of the brigade

In the fall of that year Wade Hampton, then lieutenant general, and commanding all the ca occupied with a part of the corp of Petersburg, his lines extended indefinitely to Stony Creek and be-yond, so as to protect the Southside Railroad and the Boydton plank road, and thus to keep open a country from which Gen. Lee dre a large part of his supplies. The Southside Railroad was one of the main arteries by which supplie were brought from Southern ginia and North Carolina, and repeated efforts had been the enemy to reach and destroy it. The first attempt of any stre was made by the cavalry of Gens Wilson and Kautz which, however was intercepted and literally cur to pieces by Hampton at Sappony Church. After this frequent/at tempts were made by the enemy to dislodge our cavalry on the Vaughan road, and to cross the Boydton plank road in order to get possession of the White Oak road, in the rear, upon

nk and force him to alter his lines breathe. Gen. Hampton simply said, the defence of Smond and

65.) One of these demonstrations was s driven from several successive es of battle to Cummin's farm, toss Hatcher's Run. The brave novant was killed by a bullet igh the brain while leading his ade in a brilliant charge on that The last and most formidable npt to break-our lines during nt year (1864) occurred on the

ce, as we afterwards learned from ners, consisted of parts of three ny corps, numbering upwards of and men. They advanced several roads, which necessitated retiring and concentration of ou lsy at the junction of the Boyd b k to the cover of a dense pine di cket on the Boydton plank road, were their entire infantry was ed, while they had placed sevbatteries of artillery in position the brow of a hill just beyond the ket, and out of view of the lefield. Our line of battle was ted at the crest of a small hill along a rail fence, only a along a rail fence, only a dred yards or so from the my's line of battle, and heavy continuous firing was ken ress of the battle Gen. Butler an order to the various regi n an order to the various regi-ntal commanders. While riding across the field I was met by a de-tail bearing the dead body of Lieut. tain to the dignity or importance of Col. Jeffords, the commanding offi-being mentioned as battles, and a cer of the fifth regiment, who had been killed on the line of battle. (1 was at this time serving as A. A. and I. general on Gen. Butler's staff, but by the death of Col. Jeffords was promoted the next day to the command of the regiment.) After delivering the order of Gen. Butler to Col. Rutledge, Major Ferguson and others I was making all haste I could to get out of a fire which was uncomfortably hot for one on horseback, several balls having passed through my clothing, honest count of the votes cast. when I saw a staff officer, who are peared to be riding to meet me, fall which the enemy seldom waited to from his horse. I galloped up to see meet. During this campaign Butler who he was and to render assistance, when Gen. Hampton and his staff rode up. We all dismounted and

> son, my son." It was his son Lieut. Preston Hampton, his aide The little group was in full vie of the enemy, and a volley was fired vounding four of the party, them being Capt. Wade one of them being Capt. Hampton, Jr., another son of our noble chief, who, having been upor the staff of Gen. Joseph E. John ston, and reported for duty with his father upon the removal of Gen. Johnston from the command at At-lanta. I assisted Capt. Hampton to nount his horse, and supported him to where Gen. Butler was overlook ing the field a short distance to the rear, and leaving him in Gen. Butler's care, I galloped a hundred yards by so further to the rear. where I found a surgeon taking care of the wounded. Returning with him at full speed, we met Gen. Hampton riding by the side of a spring wagon, which had been found in a farm yard on the field, and which was being pulled out, of the line of fire by some of the staff and couriers. Dr. B. W. Taylor, the chief surgeon of Hampton's cavalry hlef surgeon of Hampton's cavalry orrd, was sitting the nead of Pres-

Gen. Hampton stooping over the

prostrate form, gently raised his head and kissed him, saying: "My

"Too late, Doctor," and turning his tersburg or to evacuate them en-ley, (which Gen. Grant finally the field where Lieur. Bamberg of eded in accomplishing in April, Hart's battery, was engaged with two guns in an artillery duel with the batteries on the hill in the rear de in force on the morning of the pine thicket, and we directed tober 1, 1864, but the enemy their fire until after dark, giving particular instructions as the ber of seconds' fuse, and the elevation of each gun at each discharge. The accuracy of this fire was attested the next morning as we saw then several exploded caissons and over twenty dead horses. It was an ennobling and an inspiring sight to see this grand hero, with the kiss from the lips of his dead son still warm upon his own, while the other son was being borne from the field se-verely wounded, thus subordinating parental affection to duty to his country.

It remains only to say that owing to the obstinate resistance met with plank road and the White Oak at this point, the enemy found that piank road and the White Oak at this point, the enemy found that dip are Burgese's Mill, on Hotr's Run. About 4 p. m. Butler's the railroad, and also fearing an atsade charged, dismounted, across tack the next day by Gen. W. H.

F. Lee, on their left flank, and tack the next day by Gen. W. H. F. Lee, on their left flank, and Gen. Mahone on their right, they quietly and noiselessity remented

This was the last battle of any consequence fought by the cavalry that fall, as the roads soon became yond the well nigh impassible, and both of the armies went into winter quarters.

ZIMMERMAN DAVIS. small hill Colonel 5th South Carolina Cavalry, Butler's Brigade, A. N. V.

Conditions Political.

It is a source of intense gratification to see the change that has come over this state in the domain of poli-

The spirit of faction has giver place to a broader and better senti ment. The unity of our people is full of promise to the betterment of the commonwealth.

Parties in our country are be deplored. They give strength to an enlightened public opinion.

It is faction that we ought to exercise like some evil spirit. Differences of opinion on questions of state craft we will continue to have in South Carolina.

But when the state is divided on any matter that may arise or arisen, let our people divide as brothers, and after sober debates settle the question at the ballot box in as

Nor let it be forgotten that politics in itself can do little to advance the true interests of a state.

Politics is but a means to an end The general assembly cannot make people rich any more than it can nake them honest.

It can but pave the way to public ealth and to high public sentiment. What is needed-in our state is not only educational development through our schools and colleges, bu

spiritual force through our churches We need, especially, industria development to bring the wealth that is necessary to make independent, prosperous, happy homes.

We want our farms and our work shops and our mercantile interests to receive an impetus that will ena ble South Carolina to keep up with her sister states and, God willing even to forge ahead with her ba ner blazing with the emble

progress; To the grand consu Register intends to address itself. While seeking to pro ut the state, and good will throug trying to embody the best though and the highest sentiment of our people, it will look to the interests of the great mass of the people.

Story of a Satchel.

Superintendent Dendy, of the Yorkville Graded Schools, is telling, a good joke on himself. It is coupled with some rather remarkable circumstances. He would not have told it a week ago for a good deal. I n fact, he was in fear and trem-bling that itmight get out on him. But now absolved even from pos-sible suspicion, he has nothing further to conceal.

When Mr. Dendy left Georgia about nine weeks ago, to come to Yorkville, he had among his effects a small hand-satchel, marked with his name in big letters, and containing, among other things, a Bible and hymn book, which, it is proper here to mention, were purchased from the Baptist board of publication in At-

Shortly after he had gotten off one train to board another, he noted that he had forgotten his satchel, and as soon as possible thereafter, tried to recover it by telegraph, without success. But this is merely incidental.

Some three weeks ago there came a letter from a little town in Georgia, stating that there was a handsatchel in the express office there. marked "W. E. Dendy," and askit what should be done with it. Dendy at once instructed that the satchel be shipped to Yorkville, and when he opened it, instead of re-covering his lost books, he was amazed, not to say horrified, to find two great big bottles of red liquor original packages.

There followed, of course, some pretty lively thinking, during which was canvassed every possibility from a practical joke to a dark plot and ugly mistake, without the slightest solution of the mystery. He was still puzzling and keeping mum until last week, when there came to him by express another package. It was from the Baptist board of publication, Atlanta; but as the charges had not been paid, he was suspicious. By way of precaution, he wrote to Atlanta to learn something about the package, and by return mail, was informed that it contained a Bible and hymn book, marked as the property of "W. E. Dendy." The books had been found in the Union depot at Atlanta, and sent to the house by which they had been originally sold with a view to securing their restorition to their owner

It is all clear to Mr. Dendy now. He has a satisfactory theory of the whole business. Somebody picked up the satchel by mistake, opened it in Atlanta, threw out the contents in discust, and replaced them with mething else more to his liking. Afterwards, the fellow set the atchel down some where, went off and forgot it, and, by means of the label, the finder was enabled to restore itto the original owner.-Yorkville *Enquirer*.

Mr. Thompson's Cott

Mr. E. D. Thompson, of Point, has sent *The Enquirer* a sample stalk from his pet acre of cotton, together with the following letter of xplanation:

This is the stalk fro limb I sent you, a few days ago, was cut. At the time it was pulled up; there were on it 76 grown bolls, and had it not been pulled up, I am sure that it would have matured that many more. If you will ext the stalk closely, you will r many more. If you will exam the stalk closely, you will no that the boils of cotton grew in the limbs after the limbs had be formed. This is something pecu Usually, the bud forms on the of the limb, and the limb grow-past to form another bud while first is developing. All through cotton, however, I have noticed grown routs atong me more as lar intervals with half grown. lar intervals with half gr between. I have been a

THESDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1897

EDITORIAL NOTES

The Barternpeemi-weekly of Chester, a new paper published and edited by J. T. Bigham, is a valued addition to our list of exchanges. is neat and newsy, independent in politics, and deserves success.—Un-ion Times.

We have received the first issue of the Greenwood Index. It is a five column quarto, well printed. The indications are that it will be a very live paper. The editor, Mr. W. G. Chafee, enters upon his work with a reputation that will give the paper a good send-off to

When I signed the petition for the liquor license of the Princeton Inn, I in no sense committed I in no sense committed a wrong, and if the same proposition came up for my consideration again I would do the same thing.

(Signed) "GROVER CLEVELAND." Very likely; and if a glass of the

fluid were presented to you again you "would do the same thing.

Newt. Johnson, a twelve year old boy working at the factory, accidentally shot himself in the hand with a pistol Sunday night as he was returning home from church.—Lancaster Review.

That boy ought to be in an or-hanage, and the State should provide safe body guards for grown up men, who are afraid to go to church on Sunday, or anywhere else on any other day, without pistols in their pockets. Another very good way would be to provide castles at could hide from boogers.

A gentleman at Carlisle informed e the management at the Flat Rock quarry is very commendable. The manager is a religious man, and does not tolerate any cursing, drinking, manager is a religious man, and does not tolerate any cărsing, drinking, coarse vulgarity, nor rowdyism there, and all things are moving on nicely. Why not? It does not necessarily require wickedness, and the such to carry on "public work" as some seem to think.—Union New Fra.

This is gratifying to us not only because the man commended is Chester man, but also, and chiefly, it is an example of what because it is an example of what ought to be universal in public orks, and private business as well Many boys would be saved from con-Flat Rock management were gentamination if the practice of the eral. We have seen professedly Christian men stand and permit their employees to utter in their their employees to latter in their presence the most shocking profan-ity and disgusting vularity, without the semblance of reproof, if they did not rather indicate their approval.

NEXT-DOOR NEIGHBORS.

From Lancaster Ledger.

A message over the phone from Heath Springs to Mr. James M Cauthen, about 10 o'clock on last Tuesday night, announced the death of his brother, Mr. John Cauthen, which occurred at that place shortly before from a pistol shot wound inflicted by his own hands.

-Mr. J. C. Sowell and Policema Pardue, exchanged five or six shot at each other here on circus day. They were some distance from other and none of the balls took effect. The policeman and Mr. Sowell's difficulty we under-stand grew out of a violation of ing through the streets.

Mr. J. P. Plyler, of Dwight neighborhood, had a difficulty at his e last Tuesday afternoon with sons, Messrs. Hush and Pinck ney Plyler, aged respectively about 18 and 20 years, in which the father was seriously shot near the temple by his son Hush, after he had shot ney Piyler, aged respectively about if and 20 years, in which the father was seriously shot near the temple which was seriously shot near the temple the account of the property of the latter in the thigh. Several shots were exchanged but no others took effect. Dr. Elliot et ut the ball from the young man's thigh but was not be doomed from birth to a life intable to find the bell which took effect. On the the possibilities of a life of prosection of the property and effect in Mr. Plyler's head.

was dyck has been receiving Phink, should be the common under congutuations from the press ince Jafee Van Wyck has been received mayor fore Urener was desirable of all the people additionable of the C. & N. R. R. Welson of the G. & R. R. Welson of the G. & R. R. R. Welson of the G.

bly good considering the dry weather last summer. Sweet rotatees very

Several people from this com munity attended the State Fair, and report a pleasant time.

Miss Mamie Taylor, one of Winns boro's most popular young ladies, after spending the summer with her parents and friends in this community, returned to Winnsboro last Monday. Miss Mamie has many friends in this section who are always glad to have her in our midst.

Mr. J. Martin Grant, of the Halselville section, paid some friends in this section a flying visit last Satur-day. We are intuitively inclined to day. We are intuitively inclined to think Mr. Grant will visit, this section again in the near future. Suc-cess to him and all others with similar intentions.

Rev. Robt. Perry, of Chester, was in the community yesterday. spent last night at Hon. John G. Wolling's. Mr. Wolling had promised to marry a couple of colored people, but did not get back from the State Fair in time to perform the ceremony, and Mr. Perry was called on to officiate. He did so in a very impressive manner. There were several present to witness the marriage, for the institution of marriage will always carry with it more significance than the painted pageant of a theatrical performance.

Mr. Joseph Smyre, of Chester,

has almost completed a new house for Mr. M. D. C. Colvin.

Mr. Editor, perhaps some of your many readers in the remote sections of Chester county will wonder where Feasterville and Wolling are. If time permits, I will some time in the future give your readers a de-scription of this section of Fairfield county. The ! ardihood, enterprise and perseverance of its people, its splendid mail facilities, its telephone communications, and its diversity of soil, all of which render it a very desirable place

Many of our farmers are doubtles somewhat despondent on account of the low price of cotton and scarcity of money, which is a great impediment to the commercial activity of our country. Theorists may calculate as much as they please about supply and demand regulating the price of tarm products. Of course it is to some extent a factor, but it is not by any means the most potent factor. An over production of cotton, yes, an over production of breadstuff, simply because there is but a small volume of money with which to buy the products of labor. se the volume of money an put it in circulation, and the people will buy the goods from the retail merchant, the retail merchant wil patronize the wholesale merchant and he will buy more largely from the manufacturer, which will create an impetus in the commercial activity of our country I do not believe in a socialistic dis tribution of property; I do not be lieve in taking by process of law that which belongs to one man and appropriating for the benefit o others, but I do believe the laws of our national government should be so enacted and administered as to give every man an equal chance in

tinue to write the local news. The candidates for Congress will dose us to satiety with financial discussion -EDITOR.]

Death of a Child.

James, 11 months old child of E. A. Crawford died this morning about 6 o'clock and will be buried at the Cemetery about 4 o'clock this afternoon. He had some stomach affection com-plicated with other troubles.

A Worthy Son.

The many friends of Judge W. H. Brawley were greeting him on yesterday. He made a national reputation in the halls of congress and has acheived a splendid as a judge. Chester is proud of her distinguished son.

Death of Octogenarians.

Mrs. Elizabeth Knox, relict of th late Wm. Knox of Richburg, died Friday hight, aged about 80 years, and was buried at Union Sunday funeral services being conducted Richburg M. E. Church, by Rev. E

Mr. J. A. Marion, of Richburg. died Saturday, aged about 80 years and was buried at Union Sunday funeral services at the church b the pastor, C. B. Betts.

Mrs. Rachel Strain died Monday morning, at the home of her datighter, Mrs. D. I. Douglas, at Blackstock. She was perhaps about 77.

Mr. R. S. Hope's gin house, near Lowryville, was burned early Sat urday night, together with abou four and a half bales of cotton, one thousand bushels of seed, gin and other things. The steam engine was badly damaged, perhaps ruined. No insurance. Fire must have been It will be remer that Mr. Hope lost by fire last sun ner his barn with its contents, including 8 or 9 mules.

The cotton bouse of Mr. Rober Hood, of Rocky Creek, was burne Sunday night, with about a bale and a half of cotton, 150 bushels cottonseed, his supply of wheat, wagon harness, and other articles. No in surance.

A cotton house on Mr. W. H. Hardin's place near Rodman was burned Sunday night. The place was rented by Mr. Burdell. A lot of forage and some cotton were in the house, we learn.

The name of Grover Cleveland's son is to be Richard Fulsom Cleve land, in honor of Mrs. Cleveland

PROFESSIONAL.

R. B. CALDWELL

Attorney and Counsellor at Law Walker B'ld'ng, CHESTER, S. C. Prompt and careful attention given to all materies. Will practice in this and adjoining ounties.

Teachers and Others

Having, official business with will please take notice that my o days are Mondays and Satundays W. D. KNOX.

THEO. L. SHIVER. POPULAR BARBER.

NEXT DOOR TO FAIRVIEW HOTEL I. W. CROCKETT. BARBER AND HAIRDRESSER.

Next-door to Stahn's Jewelry Sto

Estate Notice.

All persons having claims agains the estate of J. L. Ralph, deceased, are

notified to present the same properly proten to the undersigned, and per-sons owing said estate will promptly

Church Lot For Sale.

CHESTER, S. C. Nov. 9, 1897.
Will be sold on the 1st Monday or
ecember next before the Court House
por to the highest bidder. (If no

disposed of at private sale) that be tiful lot belonging to the A. R.

hurch, with all the buildings thereo

including the iron fence in front of the lot. Terms easy. Any one wishing

to purchase at private sale can confe

with Joseph Wylie at the Exchange

NOTICE!

What Is it? Why, it's a big rush to get to the KIMBAL HOUSE. Where is the Kimbal House? Down on Gadsden Street. What house is it? Why, at that noble—

Big A Restaurant

where meals and hot Lunches are served from morning until night. The bill of fare hangs between the

two dining rooms all the time. FRESH FISH and OYSTERS daily

Do You Chew?

Do You Smoke?

Do You Eat?

Have You a Girl?

Have You a Beau?

JOHNSON & CO.

Try Fischel's Tobacco

" Try Fischel's Cigars

- Fancy Candies

Decoy him into Fischel's.

Try Fischel's Fancy Groceries

A. G. BRICE, Exr. of J. L. Ralph

iging to the A. R. P

County of Chester.

S. M. Jones & Co.

Great Reduction! 30 Days Only!

Dress Goods, Clothing, Boots, Shoes,

Hats, Carpets, Matting, Blankets, Groceries, Etc. We Offer this \$50,000 Stock positively at a reduction of 15 to 25 per cent.

We Offer Special Reduction in Dress Goods.

We Offer Special Reduction in Dress Goods. 25 Patterns, newest weaves in Dress Goods, \$7.00, now \$5.00 25 Patterns, newest weaves in Dress Goods, \$5.00, now \$4.00 25 Patterns, newest weaves in Dress Goods, \$5.00, now \$3.50 26 Patterns, newest weaves in Dress Goods, \$4.00, how \$3.00 Come before this beautiful line is closed out. They are going fast and can't be duplicated. 20 pieces Ladies' Broad Cloth, in all shades, former price 75c, now 65 c. See our line of Silk Velvets, largest line in the City. 25 pieces, in all the shades, prices 50c, 75c and \$1.00. 5 pieces black, prices 75c; \$1.00 and \$1.50. Copieces Black of the Silk Velvets (Soods, \$6.00 these wide, in all shades, now going at \$6.00 the Silk Velvets in all the newest shades, ments and wed years, in two annual pay-ments and with interest from day of sale, to be secured by the note of the purchaser, and a mortgage of the premises, with the privilege to pay the whole in cash. A. G. BRICE, Executer of J. L. Raiph.

now going at ... 25 cts. 100 pieces bress Goods, 36 inches wide, in all the newest shades, now going at ... 20 cts. 200 by the shades with the shades will be closed ... 12 1-2 cts.

To take the control of the control o

FLANNEL AND BLANKET DEPARTMENT.

25 preces all-Wool Red Twill Flannel at 12 1-2 2(s., worth 20 cts. 25 pieces all-Wool Medicated Flannel at 15 (ts., worth 25 cts. 50 pieces all-Wool Medicated Flannel at 20 to 35 cts. 25 pieces White Plain and Twill at 12 1-2 to 50 cts. See our line of Blankets. Must be sold. 500 pairs from 75 cts. to \$10.

COMESTIC DEPARTMENT.

5 bales Checked-Homespun at 3 cts.
10 bales Checked-Homespun at 4 cts.
10 bales 44 Unbleached Sheetings at 4 cts., worth 5 cts.
10 bales 44 Unbleached Sheetings at 5 cts., worth 6 t-4 cts.
70u-will never have this opportunity again to buy Domestics at the e prices. These prices are lower than 4 cts. cotton. ve prices.

JEANS, DICKEY'S KERSEY AND CASSEMERES Largest line in the upcountry going at a sacrifice. We offer: 50 pieces at 10 cts., worth 15 cts. 50 pieces at 12 1-2 cts., worth 25 cts. 50 pieces at 75 cts., worth 25 cts. 25 pieces at 20 and 25 cts., worth 40 cts. See this line of Pants Cloth before buying. You will save big money, 100 pieces of Calico, Fast Colors, 3 cts. 100 pieces of Calico, Fast Colors, 5 cts., selling anywhere at 7 cts. 2 cases Indigo Blues at 5 cts., just received.

SHOES! SHOES! SHOES!

We are Headquarters in this line. See our line of MISSES' and WOMAN'S SHOES at 75 cts., worth \$1.00.

Our \$1.00 Shoes is the talk of the entire Country. It can't be duplicated no where. Our line of the Celebrated—

"LILLY BRACKET," SELZ SCHWAB and SACH'S SHOES.

and served on short-notice. Fancy Groceries and Confectioneries. We also keep ICE on hands all the win-ter. Your humble servants, all guaranteed as represented or money refunded. Each of these lines are well known—need no recommendation.

Our stock of BOOTS and RUBBERS are also complete.

CLOTHING, CLOTHING, CLOTHING! st reduction—must be sold at or below Cost. We will positively not carry any over. We therefore commence today and will SLAUGHTER PRICES.

Reads over. We therefore commence today and will St.AUGHTER PRICES.

If you want the best all-Wool suit in the State for \$4.00, we have it. If you want the best BLACK CHEVIOT SUIT at \$3.90, we have it. 50 BOY'S and YOUTH'S SUITS, at 51.50 to \$1.50.

See our line from \$1.25 to \$5.00—all to be sold at a reduction of 25 to 40 per cent. at and below cogst.

WE OFFER—50 Black and Blue Clay Worsted Suits, Sacks and Cutaways, at \$5.00 went \$8.00.

See our line of BUSINESS SUITS, \$5.00 to \$10.00, and you will be convinced we are making prices to discount 4 cts. cotton. Such Bargains would not be offered if cotton was selling \$7\$ cents. COME and buy Clothing and all other Goods on the basis of 5 cts. cotton.

UNDERWEAR DEPARTMENT!

Are you in need of anything in this line? See our 20 cts. net-vest, selling everywhere at 25 cts. See our 50 cts. line, 60 per cent. wool, guaranteed, selling elsewhere at 75 cents.

Our \$1.00 Vest is a beauty, former price \$1.50.

LADIES' WRAPS, CAPES, JACKETS, ETC.

100 Capes at \$1, worth \$1.50. 200 Capes and Jackets \$1.25, worth \$2. 150 Capes and Jackets \$1.50, worth \$2.00. 100 Capes and Jackets from \$2.50 to \$10.00.

We are having a big run on Wraps. Just received large assortment of Plush Capes, which will go at the reduction of 25 per cent.

CARPETS, OIL CLOTH, MATTING!

If you wish a Carpet we are the people to see. We will save you the solid cash. See our line of Rugs and Carpet Remnants. 1,000 pieces Carpet Remnants at 20 cts. a piece, i to 1½ length.

Our line of HAT3 and CAPS are also large and subject to your discount. We sell Hata at and below cost. They must go out of the house in order to

Groceries, Hardware, Saddles, Harness, Plows, &c. If you want \$1.25 worth of Groceries for \$1 come to S. M. JONES & Co. Do you wish a Saddlo, Buggy and Harness? If so, call on us, and we will

save you money.

We have the stuff. It must be converted into cash. Remember we do not carry over any stock. We do not believe it is business to carry goods from one year to another. Quick sales and on profit.

WAGONS! WAGONS!! BUGGIES!!

Do you wish the best Wagon on earth? If so, buy the celebrated STUDE-BAKER. It runs light as a carriage.
We have sold (3) three carloads this season. The people know a good thing when they see it. Don't buy cheap Wagons when you can buy the best make

they see it. Don't buy cheap magons may be a same price.

| have just received 100 Bushels of the genuine Little Red May Wheal We also have Rye, Barley and Home Raised Oats for S

Give us a call, and you will be convinced S. M. JONES & CO. the store to get the most and the best goods for the least money.

> Yours truly, S. M. JONES & CO.

METLON & HARDIN.

We carry in Stock Fresh Lines of everything usually found in a First Class Gro cery, and can suit all tastes, from the Plainest to the m Fastidious.

We Shall be Glad

For you to call and inquire as to what we can do for you in the way of qualities and

Melton & Hardin. CHESTER, S. C.

THE LANTERN.

TRRES OF SURCEIPTION :

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1897.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Advertisements inserted under this head at ten cents a line.

No advertisements inserted as read-

For Sale-A young Jersey cow cheap. Apply at this office.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. A. G. BRIĆE, Executor, gives notice to creditors, also offers farming lands for sale.

R. BRANDT offers invitations and

LOCAL NEWS.

The town of Kershaw has been almost wiped out by fire.

The contractors have finished lay ing the sewer pipe on Wylie street

The house of the late H. L. Elliott, of Winnsboro, was burned

It is reported that Newbold is hiding in Columbia, while trying to ne gotiate conditions of surrender,

Judge W. H. Brawley, of Wash-C-with his daughter, have been in the city. The incandescent lights didn't

work Saturday night, owing to some misadjustment in the dynamo. The Standard Oil Co. is erecting

large tank near the Southern depot, and will deliver to the trade

In the cotton market yesterday, 5.20 was about the best. Liverpool is reported this morning at least

Mr. B. E. Wright, of the Halsellville neighborhood, has recovered from his long spell of typhoid fever. He was in town last Saturday.

lke Coleman, who had a six months job on the chaingang and escaped last spring, was captured Edgmoor, Sunday by Mr. No-

The duplicates of the broken parts of the arc light engine arrived by express last night, and now we may look for the turning on of the lights

We have a second-crop pear from the lot of Mr. Mcllroy. It is well grown, and if not ripe, it appears to be ready for that stage of develop-

The Geenville News had a complimentary notice of Rev. H. C. Buchholz' preaching in that city, but the exchange snatcher got our copy of the paper.

Mr. R. Means Beatty, of Central, S. C., spent Saturday and Sunday in the city with friends. Mr. Beafty has recently accepted a position as Superintendent of a large mill at

Messis, H. H. and E. B. Beard came down from Yorkville on their wheels Saturday and spent Sunday with relatives. They were on the road about three hours.

Mr. J. R. Simrill has just put electric lights in the store room cently vacated by Joseph A. Wal-ker. Mr. Glass, of Lancaster, will en up a grocery store in this room in a few days.

We have a fine specimen of watermelon, second crop, from the truck farm of Mr. J. A. Hafner. The fellow that brought it tried to trade it for a subscription, but we knew it was not from his own patch and wouldn't trade.

Mr. C. W. Huggins, of Richburg, was accidentally shot last Friday by Mr. J. L. Stroup, his partner in business. The latter was unaware of the fact that the pistol was load-ed. Moral—Don't play with fire-arms.

Saturday morning W. A. Hardin and Tom Gregory got into a difficulty in town, but were separated. Afterward it was renewed, when Hardin shot at Gregory with a pistol, without damage, and bystanders again interfered. Hardin gave bond for appearance.

The Helping Hands Society will salads, coffee, etc. at popular prices, in the counci week, from five until ten o'clock. The proceeds will be used in the support of the two orphans under care. All are most cordially invited.

A child of George Clack, of the Baton Rouge section was bitten by a dog-supposed to be mad on last Being taken to Char lotte a madstone was applied to the yound and adhered twice. So, if the dog had rabies and there is virtue in the madstone, it is hoped that the poison was withdrawn.

Wade Young, white, who was in jail here charged with stealing a bicycle in Charlotte, broke out of jail and escaped Sunday. He used a moved on. piece of the stove to break the lock and opened the door, which let had a pleasant talk with him. A him into the hallway. Then it is few years ago he was a member of hardly have got out in any other direction without being seen.

The protracted meeting at the Rutherford street Baptist church large congregations have been present each night. The meetings will continue next week. Rev. H. C. Buchhale, is a proacher of great and attractiveness. Buchholz will preach tomorrow. morning and night, and for severa week.-Greenville night. nights next Mountaineer.

PERSONALS.

Buford Atkinson, Esq., is with us again, to stay, we trust.

Mrs. E. Brooks Sligh, left for Washington Saturday morning.

Dr. W. G. Stevens, came dow from Rock Hill Sunday.

Miss Mamie Betts, of Lewisville, vas in the city Monday.

Dr. and Mrs. D. Lyle, of Edge oor, spent Saturday in the city. Miss Virgie Hubble, of Virginia, is visiting Mrs. H. C. Buchholz.

Mrs. W. A. Barber returned from Columbia Saturday.

Mr. Walter Albright, of Atlanta visiting relatives in the city.

Mr. W. E. Atkinson spent Sun-

day with his parents at Lewisville Mrs. W. A. Davis returned Sat

irday night from Cleveland Springs. Mr. Johnson was nominated for representative at the York primary Saturday

Mr. Jno, M. Atkinson and wife ssed through the city to-day, on their way to Columbia.

Mrs. Pauline and Miss Rhoda Wood, of Rock Hill, are visiting Mr. J. L. Wood.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Rice spent

Sunday in the country, at Mr. T. T.

Miss Mamie Hull, of Rock Hill, visiting her aunt, Mrs. A. J. McCoy, n College street.

Joseph A. Walker is installing electric lights in his new store. Mr J. E. Pryor has the contract.

Mr. Chas. H. Webb, representing Barnhart Bros. & Spindler, print-

supplies, called yesterday Mr. Eugene Culvern, formerly of this place, but now of Asheville, N. C., is visiting Mr. T. J. Irwin.

Mr. C. F. Wood, of Charlotte, N. C., spent Sunday in the city with his parents.

Mr. and Mrs. John G. Burris re-turned Saturday night from Charleston, whence they went on their

Mr. Wilson McConnell, of Bas comville, spent Saturday in the cit-with his brother, Dr. H. E. McCon

Revi Mr Bouglass, brother of Mrs. William Marion, of Richburg, left yesterday for his new field of labor in Missouri.

Our Country Friends.

On last Tuesday this reporter try. While we took a unferent buy two large plantations one disection, we found no difference in the line and plantations one the kind and pleasant reception that other in Fairfield county, near Monwas everywhere accorded us. chain gang, under the superintend-ence of Mr. R. L. Hayes, who nas manifested, by his fine work in different portions of the county, his fitness for the position. The chain gang law is certainly one of the best on the statute books. By its opera-tion the public roads are placed in a condition that can be traveled with some degree of pleasure.

Continuing our journey, we soon rived at Wellridge, where the arrived at store of S. J. Wylie & Co. is located. Stopping there for a short time, we

We met Capt. J. F. Barber, and supposed that he must have come the legislature, but, not having a lieve over the front piazza, as he could taste for public life, he declined to point. be a candidate for re-election. His many friends will be grieved to hear of his feeble health, with is due in a great measure to the privations he continues to be full of interest and experienced in the late war. He which covered itself with glory or so may battle fields.

Shortly after leaving him, came to the large and beautiful home of Mr. James Caldwell, where it was our pleasure to spend the night. He is a successful farmer, as he believes in and practices the theory of making his own supplies as far as practicable. He showed a beautiful home-raised horse, and some hogs of a fine variety His wife is a daughter of the late Rev. Mr. Brice, whose memory is so dear to the members of the Hopecongregation, to whom preached so acceptably for so many

The next morning we left for Rossville, where we arrived in due time. We talked a while with Mr. Gus Ragsdale, who runs a store there. The low price of cotton inclined him to take a gloomy view of the situation.

We made a short call on our friend, Mr. W. S. Westbrook. * By management he has made money by farming. Last year he held his cotton till June, and got 8 cents for it. If the necessity arises, he will do the same thing next year.

Though somewhat out of our way, re could not resist the temptation to stop and see our old friend, Mr. R. J. Dye. His appearance was so changed that we hardly knew him. the house. In times gone by he had considerable political influ in his neighborhood, and candidates for office pulled the wires to get him on their side.

We passed the home of Dr. J. A. Scott, whose grand-father practiced medicine in the town of Chester fifty years ago. His office was standing until a few years ago.

Our next stop was with Capt W. S. Hall, who was a member of the legislature in '82 and '83. While he was not gifted as a speaker, he was the first to hold and advocate some views that afterwards took a very practical shape. He was the first to introduce and advocate a bill in the legislature looking to the establishment of an industrial school for girls in the State. The tim bill, but in the fulness of time it was found embodiment in the establish ment of Winthrop College, which is such an honor and glory to the State. Capt. Hall certainly destate. Capt. Hall certainly deserves credit for being the first to advocate a State institution for girls.

Mr. D. S. Lumpkin is the postmaster at Rocky Mount. His wife

is very proud of her winter garden She has squashes, beans, cabbage and other vegetables.

We were pleased to meet Mr. G. W. Kirkpatrick, who owns the residence and plantation that once belonged to the Gaston family. He is done of the best and most successful farfiners in Chester country. He has pursued the policy of making his own corn, without once with the country of things' besides cotton. He rented services.

for about-fifteen years what was known as the DeGraffenreid place and succeeded in making in that

tícello.

Stopping in Bascomville, we had a pleasant that with some of the merchants of that place. They all. complained of the prostrated condition of business resulting from the low price of cotton.

We were pleased to meet our old friend, Major Mad. Ross, who is well and favorably known to the citizens of our town. After mer-chandising for several years, he purchased a plantation in the vicinity of Bascomville, where he has been successfully engaged in planting. is an ardent advocate of the prosperity of the country. lieve that his head is level on this

At Richburg we met Dr. DeKalb Wylie and family, and Mrs. William Robison, who is now on a visit to her brother. She is highly pleased with Washington, and talks interestingly of her life in that gay city.

It was also our pleasure to meet the widow of the late Dr. Samuel physician in that section for so many

As our stay at Richburg was brief, we did not have the time to call upon many friends. This pleasure will be enjoyed on some future occasion.

On our return to Chester we stopped a while with Mr. Amzi Triplett, who is acknowledged to be one of the best farmers in Chester county. By his knowledge of agri culture and attention to his work he has become the owner of a large and valuable plantation. His example should be an inspiration to others.

Premiums by Chester.

Mr. R. A. Lôve, owner of the Lee Hill stock farm, won the following prizes at the late State Fair:

Best standard bred filly, three years old, 1st premium; best hacle ney filly, three years old, 1st prem ium; best hackney filly, two years old, 2nd premium; saddle mare, 2nd premium; Devon bull, 3 years old, 1st premium; Devon Bull, 1 year old, 1st premium; Devon bull, under one year, 1st premium; Cow 2 years old, 1st premium; heifer, 1 year old, 1st premium; heifer, under 1 year old, 1st premium; Southdown Time has completely whitened his Buck, 2 years old, 1st premium; beard, and he is confined mostly to Southdown lambs, 1st premium; oythdown penewes, 1st premium; Berkshire sow, 2 years old, 1:1 remium.

Mr. Joe S. Hardin took the remium for the best standard bred ly, three years tid.

Mr. John A. Graham won premms on the following varieties of oultry: Buff Leghorns, Dorkneys, lack Breasted Red Bantams, Sil-er Duck wing Bantams, Domiver Duck wing Bantams, Jominique Leghorns, Black Minorcas, American Dominiques, White Tur-tey, Toulouse Geese, Pekin Ducks, White Wyandottes, Black

ivas. Also on collection. Gen. Barber and Mr. John O. Darby took a number of premiums, but we are unable at this writing to get a list of them.

Rossville Dots.

Mr. Will Caldwell represented Rossville at the Fair, the best he has attended, he says. Mr. A. B. Ragsdale's little daugh-er, who was quite sick last week is

ery much better.
Mr. W. S. Brown, whose house vas burned recently, is building a ottage on the old site.

cottage on the old site.

The Rocky Creek Bible Society held its annual meeting last Saturday, at Ebenezer Methodist church. Dr. Law was present and made an address on the great work the American Bible Society is doing in this and other countries. Revs. Yongue, Harrison and Hall followed with appropriate remarks. Rev. J. A. White made an interesting talk on the history of the society. Mr. White stated that he had been president for twenty years and felt like white stated that he had been pres-dent for twenty years and felt like a ought to give plage to another. Tev. Ino. G. Hall was elected to acceed Mr. White at next meeting, Dinner was served in the grove a front of the church after the ervices.

Wedding Invitations and Visiting Cards.

Pay Ladies and Centlemen in their respective, sizes in correct, styles, and use CRANE'S Extra Superfine Bristol Board.

WEDDING INVITATIONS, elegantly in the latest fad engraved to order on short notice. Prices quoted and samples furnished on application. In this line, we are the only pebble on the beach.

OUR GOODS presents refined packed in heat boxes, and rank but not least, our prices are the lowest obtainable.

R. BRANDT, The Jeweler. CHESTER, S. C.

salistren, and believes that the adop-tion of this policy is the keynote to

Worsted Suits

physician in that section for so many years, and whose services to the Worth \$10. Going at \$7.50

All Wool Suits, worth \$7.50, going at \$5.00, at

Jos. Wylie COMPANY'S.

Last Sabbath at the City Churches, church's treasury. No business can

METHODIST CHURCH

In the morning the pastor preach ed on the "Call of Moses." Tha every man is called of God to high and noble living, that a man could best serve his Maker in the service of his fellowmen, and that the call of God to a higher life in the case of every one, as in the case of Mose is inexorable-was the burden of the sermon.

At night, a serious congregation listened to a discourse on "Sin and its remedy." That sin is a process of departure from God, that it leads to the wrecking of the soul, that there is only one goad in the moral universe and that all men are traveling therein, either toward Heaven else toward Hell-were truths duly emphasized.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

Rev. D. N. McLauchlin took fo his text, 1 Cor. 16:2. Subject, Christian Giving. Giving is a Christian duty enjoined in the Bible. It is to be preached about as othe duties. Giving is a means of grace neglect it and you impare spiritual life. Text teaches us how to give, who are to give, and how much to

1. Give each Sabbath, money is needed all through the year as well as at the end. You can give more and do it easier, weekly. God's mercies are constant like the falling of the manna. Giving should be constant. It is a part of worship, Bring your gifts each Sabbath, lay them on God's alter, and consecrate

them with prayer.

2. Let all give. The complaint today is that a few doall the giving. Many say that they can give so little that they are ashamed to give at all. They ought to be more ashamed to give nothing. The littleg neglected constitute the leak in

accounts are not collected. No one should feel that he gives little when he does his best. Christ said that the poor woman who gave two fifths of one cent gave more than all the rest. God looks at the proportion between what we give Him and what we keep for ourselves

Give as blessed. Give and you will be blessed. God wants us to test Him (Matt. 3:10.) See the rule by which he blesses us (Luke 6:38.) He gives us a recipe for prosperity (Prov. 3:9-10.) No one grows rich by withholding or poor by giving (Prov. 11:24-25.) - Paradoxical but true.

A. R. P. CHURCH.

At the A. R. P. church the pastor preached upon the wish expressed by Job, "Oh, that I knew where might find Him."

God is not lost, man is lost from God. Sinful man is as a stranger in a strange land, a subject shut out from his sovereign, a child crying sovereign, a child crying out for its parents in the night tir

Unregenerate man cannot find God until he is convinced of the fact that he is lost and enquires after

Saints have difficulty somet finding God in a proper conception They temporarily lose sense of hi presence, favor, forgiveness and

resence, tavor, torgiveness and ssurance. They do not have God ear in prayer and affliction. Men try to find God in nature, in enevolence, in formal religious

God is to be found in the Word, in His Son, and seated upon the shrine of our own heart. He must be sought earnestly to be found.

BAPTIST CHURCH.

No service, the pastor being sent conducting a meeting in Gr ville.

VOR VILLES PROGRESS: the did with Yorkville. The plant has a capacity of 415 incandescent according to the 415 incandescent according to the

Yorkville is to have at last what she has so long lacked-electric she has so long lacked—electric lights. The City Council, at a special meeting held. Monday night made a trade by which an electric light plant is to be established here within ninety, days. The work is to be done by Messrs. Hebert & Lapeyre, of Chatanooga and Atlan-ta, Mr. Hebert, appeared before the council Monday night and made three distinct propositions, each de-pendent on the other. They were pendent on the other. They were that he be given a contract at a spe-that he be given a contract at a spe-diffed brief of fundation and hadron of the specific or safe-keeping ersenough to warant its publication, through the night. Sometimes in its a serious reflection upon the intellicified price for furnishing and laying 2,000 feet of four-inch water mains d 750 feet additional fire hose. Then he proposed to put up the electric light plant at the water works station, provided the town would furnish the fuel and give the service of their-boiler and engineer and grant a franchise for five years. In exchange for the boiler service, fuel and help of the water works engineer, the town is to get tree of furcost one hundred 16-candle power insandescent lights guaran-teed to be more efficient and satisfactory as to light furnished and quantity given than the present fifty odd so-called lights.

The town cierk was asked for in formation as to the cost of town mother's knee and grown to woman-'dights' for the past year, and he hood. With her disease had devel-Hights! for the past year, and he hood. With her disease had developed with the critical hour had come oped until the critical hour had come reported \$379. Warden Moore, oped until the critical hour had come who is familiar with the workings of and the surgeon's knife must be the water works plant, stated that the cost of the extra wood required under the terms of Mr. Hebert's proposition would hardly exceed in any case \$250 per annum, while the additional cost of the engineer's salary would be very small, so that the electric system of lighting as proposed could be adopted at an actual saving of about \$180 a year to frame and a solemn hush fell on the town, giving at least a service those around as she continued equivalent to that in present use.

It was stated that Dr. Cartwright superintendent of the fire depart-ment, had reported that 750 feed ad-ditional of hose was needed to give ample fire protection.

Warden Moore was in favor of the extention of the water mains as a permanent investment looking toward the cutting down of the triennial quadriennial expense of purchasing hose which rots and has to be replaced. He was particularly in favor of extending the main past the Seceder church until within hose distance of the Morrow flouring mills, as these mills had agreed to become water patrons of the town if they were given fire protection.

After considerable argument, par ticipated in principally by Wardens Moore and Propst, Warden Parish light proposition on the following basis: That an order be given to Hebert & Lapeyre for 1,500 feet of 4-inch water mains and three hydrants to be put down as directed by the council, and 550 feet of rubbergummed and waxed 2 1-2 inch fire hose same, quality as that now in use, and that they be payed for this revisation, pictures and amusements \$1,211 in five equal annual instal-ments. This motion was adopted by a 3 to 1 vote, Mr. Propst voting

Mr. Hebert, who had retired during the discusion, was recalled and accepted the proposition made by the

By this transaction the fire reels will have, counting what they al-ready have, 450 feet of hose each

r 1,350 in all, It it is estimated that the excess water works revenue, a part of which will come from the proposed line extention, together with the proposed saving over the present panlops.
cost of lights, will more than take
care of the indebtedness as it falls
blessings promised to the pure in

Under the terms of the franchise the price of lights to citizens is in no case to exceed \$1 per light of 19-

The plant that will be brought to me the money. Who cares if you cles, and its total value was \$310. COAL Always on Hand. Noteville is at present located, at Wythe City. Ala, a dead "boom" there. The latest limite of the lows in the strong of the low of the lows. The latest limite of the lows in the strong of the strong of the lows in the strong of the lows in the strong of the strong of the lows in the strong of the strong of the strong of the lows in the strong of the strong The plant that will be brought to

the council, and in less than three months we expect to have electric lights in Yorkville. -

Now I Lay Me Down To Sleep.

The very words recall the face of "mother." All over the land throughout Christian homes, we see at evening the white robed figures kneeling at the bed-side giving themthrough the night. Sometimes in merry mood the words fall quickly and lightly from the lips of child-hood; and one little girl being told. "That is not the way to pray," in-nocently replied, "Hum not praying; I am saying my prayer." Is not that the reason some of our prayers are unanswered, because they are really only lip "service?" A poor her bed, the children's prayer before trying to sleep. It was touch ing to those who heard her and knew she was praying from the heart. Perhaps there are thousands of tender incidents related in which this sweetest prayer ever taught by human lips has borne a part. There was one who had learned it at her used in the hope of prolonging life All things were ready; the was with God. As she lay a living sacrifice and the doctor having administered the opiate, she smiled and closing her eyes touchingly said:

"Now I lay me down to sleep, I pray the Lord my soul to keep, A slight tremor ran through her

"If I should die before I wake, I pray the Lord my soul to take, And this I ask for Jesus sake.

Then all was still and the prayer was grunted. Jesus had taken her soul to keep and her spirit was released with no earthly awakening. Those who loved her knew that her way of saying! "Into thine hands I commit my spirit," as Jesus said in his last agony. When we say our prayers let us pray.

PERCY ASHTON.

What is the White Shield?

It is a shield against all immodest moved the acceptance of the electric language, such as impure words, lowing the transcontinental trend of light proposition on the following coarse jests and allusions. It is a shield against all immodest behavior, such as being too forward, laughing at things that are immodest. It is a shield against suggesting improper thoughts to others by any mode of dres

> which may put impure thoughts in the mind.

It is a shield against immoral con

I promise by the help of God:—

1. To uphold the law of purity a equalty binding upon men and

- vomen.

 2. To be modest in language
- behavior and dress.
 3. To avoid all conversation, reading, art and amusement which may put impure thoughts in my mind.
- 4. To guard the purity of others especially of my friends and com
- heart.

Cashief: "Don't think I can cash this draft, miss, I don't know you."

Miss: "Here don't be silly; give me the money. Who cares if you

Big Newspapers and Pure News-

the extravolently big neverpaper is an sincerely desired. We never see one of the big dailies of from twen-ty-four to fifty pages without a feel-ing of disgust. The area Files matter that these pages contain, is the purest drivel, unworthy of a moment's notice, and much of it is painful and the prospective Cona sort of moral sewage, defiling everything with which it comes in contact. That it should have readgence of the age. In the good time coming the papers will be edited with the most thorough and consci entious care; and every paragraph in them will represent sifted news or rational discussion. The religi-ous journals ought to lead the way in this movement. They should seek to see, not which can be the sufferer would repeat as she lay on biggest, but which can be the best.

Wants to Fleece Them.

A negro rented a farm from a man who had a store, but for every thing he needed during the year the ren ter paid cash.

At the close of the season he had money in sight. The rent was paid and Nashville railroad, promises to in full, and he solicited another aid the enterprise. a fine crop on hand and plenty of year's lease from his landlord.

"You can't rent from me no more," said the landlord. "I'm done with you for good."

"Didn't I pay you for all I got?" sked the negro, "and ain't I ready asked the negro, "and ain't I ready to yay you in advance for another year?"

"That's just where the troubl comes in replied the land lord. "You are too fond of paying cash. What I want in my business is a nigger that farms on a credit.—Atlanta Constitution.

Tote.

The recent controversy over the word "tote" failed to determine word "tote" failed to determine satisfactorily its origin. The general opinion is that it is a Southern colloquialism. This is wrong Those who loved her knew that her earlyly ministry being ended, she had gone to spend the night of death of the South. Even now the forests with Jesus and would awake a gloof the Pine Tree State fare dissected with "tote roads." These information the morning of the mountains, used by lumbermen for dragging, or "toting," timber to the main logging roads. The phrase "tote fair" has been employed in lumber camps ever since the Maine forests were cut over the first time, and it has wandered away to the Northwest, to Michigan, Minnesota Wisconsin and North Dakota, fol-Press.

> An editor of a Western newspa ing the loss of two scribers. Number one wrote asking how to raise his twins safely while No. 2 wanted to know how to rid his orchard of grasshoppers The answers went forward by mail, but by accident he put them in the wrong envelopes, so that the mar with the twins received this at wer: "Cover them carefully with straw and set fire to it, and the little pest, after jumping in the flames for a few minutes will be spedily settled." And the man with grasshoppers was told to "give castor oil and rub their gums with a bone,

> I can say for myself that I neve have been mean enough to get an-other woman's cook away from her."

> "Neither-have I, but I must co fess that once or twice I have tried to work our cook off on some of my neighbors."—Chicago Record.

The estimated increase in the value of the crop of wheat this year is from \$151, 647,461 to \$248,397,-461. The total amount of last year's crop was 427,684,346 bush-els, and its total value was \$310,-

He Must Wear Shoes When He Goes to Washington.

That these signs capaciated for duty as a result of collision with a bottle of carboliacid. In attempting to stop the fall of the bottle from the mantel at his home in Abbeville a few days ago, the acid was spilled on his right hand painful and the prospective Con Third District has no little trouble in moving about his two hundred pounds, more or less, of avoirdupois.

A Negro Colony.

A negro colony at Cedar Lake, near Decatur, Ala., founded by a wealthy English woman, Mrs. Lillian K. Ray, was started last Saturday. The object of the colony is to determine how far the Negro may be trusted to govern himself and municipality. The town is to have a regular corporation, the officers of which will be eled provisionally. Several hundred negroes were presland, on which crops of wheat, tobaco, etc., may be produced.

President Smith, of the Louisville aid the enterprise.

Gave Him Time.

Judge-Fifty dollars and costs. Prisoner-But it is impossible for me to raise that amount at once, your honor.

Judge—Then take your time six months.—Chicago News.

our timber rot and buy fencing. We throw away ashes and buy soap. We raise dogs and buy hogs. We grow weeds and buy vegetables and brooms. We build school houses and send our children to be educated away from home and so forth and so on until we are broke. Yes, these are hard times."

STATE NEWS.

Judge Simonton has issued a deree for the sale of the Greenwood, cree for the sale of the Greenwood, Anderson and Western railway on December 9th. The sale is to be made at Slevern and no bids will be accepted for less than \$15,000.

The trustees of the Citadel have decide what amusements shall be allowed among the cadets, barring football, and there they draw the line. No games are to be allowed, however, that would conflict in any way with the academic or military studies of the cadets.

We remember reading in some of the Lancaster papers that the saw mills of Lancaster and Kershaw were running night and day, and that much of their product was sent to Rock Hill, and yet the contractors there were clamoring for morewhich does not seem to justify the impression that Rock Hill is on the

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Burns up clean with little smoke. It has no equal. We have the Agency for this Celebrated Coal and we are in position to figur on large contracts.

WE WANT A GIRL

- In every neighborhood to get up a club of five new
- subscribers and receive

THE LANTERN FREE

FOR ONE YEAR.

A Boy Will Do.

- If he is smart, or any one else; for that matter.
- Let us hear from you, or just go to work and send in your list of five, with ten dollars.
- If you get up more than ten dollars' worth of new sub-
- scriptions, we will send additional copies of THE
- LANTERN for the excess, or pay you a cash commission, as you prefer.

IF YOU FAIL

- To get up ten dollars you will receive the paper at the
- same rate as above for the amount you do raise.

We Want ANOTHER GIRL

- Or a SMART BOY or some one else in every neigh-
- borhood to send us items of news regularly. To these
- we will send THE LANTERN, as long as they send the news regularly, AND NO LONGER.

BUT REMEMBER

We want news items and pleasing personal mention,

AND NOT EDITORIALS.

Says an agricultural exchange: These are hard times We let Good Coffee!

THERE ARE TWO THINGS TO LEARN IN BUYING GOODS:

- I. To get the MOST for the PRICE.
- 2. To get the BEST for the PRICE.

In Buying Our Coffees

YOU GET THE SAME QUANTITY AT THE SAME PRICE THAT YOU PAY FOR OTHER COFFEES. BUT! GOOD JUDGES PRO-NOUNCE THAT THE MEASURE OF QUAL-ITY IS MORE LIBERAL.

left to Superintendent Coward to MORAL: Investigate; Give us an Order.

Wm. LINDSAY & SON.

IN THE VALLEY.

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His Stock is New and Complete in every Line.



Pettyjnin's Breakfast Food, Licis, that Vilabes—nothing healthier—ā ets. New Baykwise Flour, ō ets. New Large Mackred, 10 ets. New Large Mackred, 10 ets. New Crop Maghe Syrup, no ets. gallon. Katra Choles Hams, 11 t.2. New Heiner's Boston Barkel Benn, 10, lex. New Heiner's Boston Barkel Benn, 10, lex. Katrast of "ets." New Heiner's Boston Barkel Benn, 10, lex.



The Public are cordially invited to inspect my large stock of New Goods.

Respectfully,

JOS. A. WALKER.

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